ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
JOHNSON COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE
#2 North Main Street
Cleburne, Texas 76033



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

<u>Table of Contents</u>				
	Introductory Section	<u>Page</u>		
	County Auditor's Letter of Transmittal	i-iv		
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement			
	Organizational Chart	vi		
	List of Principal Officials	vii		
	<u>Financial Section</u>			
	Independent Auditor's Report	1-4		
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-17		
	Basic Financial Statements:			
	Government Wide Financial Statements:			
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Position	20		
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	21		
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:			
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	22		
Exhibit 3R	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the			
	Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	23		
Exhibit 4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -			
	Governmental Funds	24		
Exhibit 4R	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	0.5		
	Balance - Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities Statement of Activities	25		
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:			
E. J. D. D. E.	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	00		
Exhibit 5	Statement of Net Position			
Exhibit 6	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Exhibit 7	Statement of Cash Flows			
Exhibit 8	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position			
Exhibit 9	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position			
		32-12		
	Required Supplementary Information			
Exhibit 10	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -			
	Budget and Actual - General Fund and Road & Bridge Fund			
Exhibit 11	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios			
Exhibit 12	Schedule of Employer Contributions	78		
Exhibit 13	Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios			
	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	82-83		
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules			
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Descriptions	86-90		
Exhibit 14	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	92-105		
Exhibit 15	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in			
	Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	106-119		
	Schedules of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department and			
	Legal Level of Budgetary Control:			
Exhibit 16	General Fund			
Exhibit 17	Road & Bridge Fund	128		
Exhibit 18	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -			
	Budget and Actual - General Debt Service Fund	129		

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Table of Contents - Continued

		<u>Page</u>
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules - Continued	
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Funds (Nonmajor)	
Exhibit 19	Law Library Fund	
Exhibit 19	Records Management and Preservation County Clerk Fund	
Exhibit 19	Records Management and Preservation District Clerk Fund	132
Exhibit 19	Records Management and Preservation Recording Fund	
Exhibit 19	Vital Statistics Preservation Fund	134
Exhibit 19	Election Services Contract Fund	135
Exhibit 19	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund	136
Exhibit 19	STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund	137
Exhibit 19	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund	138
Exhibit 19	Juvenile Case Manager Fund	139
Exhibit 19	Juvenile Probation Fees Fund	
Exhibit 19	Justice of the Peace Technology Fund	
Exhibit 19	County Specialty Court Fund	
Exhibit 19	Courthouse Security Fund	143
Exhibit 19	Justice Court Building Security Fund	144
Exhibit 19	Court Facility Fund	
Exhibit 19	Guardianship Fee Fund	
Exhibit 19	Language Access Fund	
Exhibit 19	Court Reporter Service Fund	
Exhibit 19	Judicial Education and Support Fund	
Exhibit 19	Record Archives - County Clerk Fund	
Exhibit 19	Record Archives - District Clerk Fund	
Exhibit 19	County/District Court Technology Fund	
Exhibit 19	Court Records Preservation Digital Fund	
Exhibit 19	District Court Records Technology Fund	
Exhibit 19	Indigent Health Care Fund	
Exhibit 19	Right of Way Fund	
Exhibit 19	Historical Commission Fund	
Exhibit 19	Veteran's Service Juror Donation's Fund	
Exhibit 19	Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund	
Exhibit 19	STOP SCU Operations Fund	
Exhibit 20	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Exhibit 21	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
LATIIDIC Z T	Statistical Section (Unaudited)	100-100
	Statistical Content Descriptions	173
	Financial Trends:	173
Table 1	Net Position by Components	17/ 17
Table 1	Changes in Net Position	
Table 2		
Table 3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
	Revenue Capacity:	
Table 5	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	182-183
Table 6	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	
Table 7	Principal Property Taxpayers	
Table 8	Property Tax Levies and Collections	
	:	

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Table of Contents - Continued

		Page
	Statistical Section (Unaudited) - Continued	
Table 9 Table 10 Table 11 Table 12	Debt Capacity: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	190 191
Table 13 Table 14	Demographic and Economic Information: Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	193 194
Table 15 Table 16 Table 17	Operating Information: Full-time County Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function Capital Asset Statistics by Function	196-199
	Federal and State Awards Section	
	Independent Auditor's Report - Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing StandardsIndependent Auditor's Report - Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance	205-206
	Required by the Uniform Guidance and Texas Grant Management Standards Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Schedule of Status of Prior Findings Corrective Action Plan	211 212
Exhibit 22	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Exhibit 23	Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	
	Notes on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	218-219









JOHNSON COUNTY COURTHOUSE
#2 N. MAIN
CLEBURNE, TEXAS 76033
Telephone (817) 556-6305 ~ Fax (817) 556-6075

Steven E. Watson County Auditor Jennifer R. Lyon First Assistant County Auditor

March 21, 2024

Citizens of Johnson County
The Honorable District Judges and
The Honorable Commissioners Court:

In compliance with the statutory duties of the County Auditor as prescribed by Section 114.025 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Johnson County, Texas (County), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, is submitted herewith. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. This report has been prepared using generally accepted accounting principles and guidelines promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have attempted to conform substantially to the high standards of public financial reporting as recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and Texas Grant Management Standards for federal and state awards, respectively. Information related to this single audit, and the independent auditors' reports of the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the single audit section of this report.

In developing the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. The County Auditor's Office continually assesses its ability to ensure that adequate internal accounting controls are in place to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. With this ongoing effort, and growth of the County, the internal audit function becomes a larger task each year, addressing the needs that change and growth dictate.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Johnson County is strategically located in North Central Texas and is considered a part of the Fort Worth metropolitan area. Johnson County is a member of the North Central Texas Council of Governments which is comprised of sixteen counties. The area has experienced steady growth, which is expected to continue for several years due to the influence of Dallas and Fort Worth, adjacent to our northern border, and improved transportation routes.

Johnson County is experiencing growth with obvious signs of significant future growth. The region has a varied manufacturing and industrial tax base that contributes to the relatively favorable unemployment rate.

With the creation of the Johnson County Economic Development Commission (JCEDC) in September 1989, the County continues to be a competitive area for creating a favorable business climate. The JCEDC has a goal of attracting new business to the area, resulting in new jobs and significant increases to the tax rolls.

Population growth is noticeable throughout all sections of the County. Even the smaller communities have experienced very impressive residential development. Five years ago, construction on new residential developments began, and new neighborhoods continue to be built today. Combined efforts of the cities and county government have proven to be effective in attracting industry as well. Several communities, including the Cities of Cleburne, Burleson, Godley and Venus continue to experience growth in residential building. Godley, Texas currently has several subdivisions underway, in which, many are valued significantly above the average for the County. The tollway is certainly considered as a contributing factor for this development. Additionally, it has added a measurable quality of life to citizens that must commute to Fort Worth, as the travel time is about half of what it was prior to the tollway.

The County provides a full range of services authorized by statute. These services include general governmental services such as recording and licensing, sustaining the County, County and Justice Court systems, maintaining public facilities, ensuring public safety, preserving public health and welfare, aiding conservation, and maintaining County roads and bridges.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Johnson County, because of its continued growth, is faced with many challenges in delivering services to its citizens while maintaining a conservative financial approach. The Commissioners Court has been committed to meeting increasing needs for services and facilities. The following initiatives reflect the County's commitment to ensuring that its citizens are able to live and work in an enviable environment.

For the Year

Construction for one significant project is ongoing; A new 911 telecommunications center is almost complete. The Sheriff's Administration building renovation was recently completed, and the County recently purchased nearly 20,000 square feet of additional workspace.

For the Future

The growth experienced by the County requires our elected officials to be forward-thinking to address issues before they become significant challenges. As in most Texas counties, the need to accommodate the law enforcement and administration of justice functions can be difficult. Johnson County will endeavor to stay ahead of the curve with the expected growth that is now a reality. One piece of this has kicked off the Master Thoroughfare Planning process.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

<u>Current Condition</u>. Johnson County continues to be well positioned financially, with above average fund balances. This financial strength has been maintained with no hardship, even with decisions to fund capital projects with available cash. The County's Fund Balance Policy, with the minimum balances established by the policy, is taken seriously. Fund balances will continue to exceed the popular rules of thumb. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund has been at a healthy level for consecutive years, and the County has always used prudence in the decisions to use cash to finance qualifying projects.

Long Range Financial Planning. Johnson County has a determination to manage funds in a conservative and judicious manner. One initiative adopted by the County includes a separate "Operating Reserve" line-item in the budget which ensures that unexpected situations do not create unmanageable conditions. With the knowledge that mineral royalty revenues and mineral values will fluctuate with the price of natural gas, the County has never and will not put itself in a position to depend upon such revenue.

<u>Significant Financial Policy</u>. It is the policy of Johnson County to maintain an above-average fund balance as evidenced by the Fund Balance Policy. To ensure fund balances remain at these levels the County will strive to balance the General Fund budget each year or use only a minimum amount of the fund balance to finance the budget. This conservative practice will ensure that the County has adequate funding in future years if it faces economic challenges.

<u>Administration</u>. The officials having responsibility for the financial administration of the County are the County Judge and four County Commissioners (the "Commissioners Court"), the County Treasurer (all of whom are elected for four-year terms), and the County Auditor who is appointed for a two-year term by the State District Judges having jurisdiction within the County. The governing body of the County is the Commissioners Court. It has only those powers expressly granted to it by the legislature and powers necessarily implied from such grant. Among other things, it approves the County budget, determines the County tax rate, approves contracts in the name of the County, determines whether a proposition to issue bonds should be submitted to the voters, conducts official business of the County at designated meeting times, and appoints certain individuals to manage various departments.

The County Judge is the presiding officer of the Commissioners Court. Each Commissioner represents one of the four precincts into which the County is divided and is elected by the voters of the precinct. The County Commissioners supervise construction and maintenance of the County road systems as well as perform other administrative duties.

The County Treasurer is the custodian of funds and has the sole authority to disburse funds for the County. This includes receipting and depositing all funds paid to the County. The Treasurer is also the designated County Investment Officer and confers with the County Auditor regarding investments of County funds. The Commissioners Court has adopted an investment policy in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

The County Auditor is responsible for substantially all County financial and accounting control functions. The responsibilities of the County Auditor include those of accounting, auditing, accounts payable and financial operations and reporting. Also, the County Auditor works with the Treasurer to determine the type, terms, and amounts of investments of County funds.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. The County's financial statements have been audited by KM&L, LLC., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Johnson County, Texas financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

<u>Awards</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Johnson County for its annual comprehensive financial report for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This was the thirty-second consecutive year that the County has earned this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The production of this report is attributable to the dedication and work of the County Auditor's Office staff and KM&L, LLC., our independent auditor. I would like to thank all Johnson County Elected Officials, Department Heads, and their staffs for their cooperation and leadership in conducting the financial affairs of the County. A special thanks is extended to my staff that dedicate themselves so fully throughout the year.

Respectfully submitted,

Steven E. Watson Johnson County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

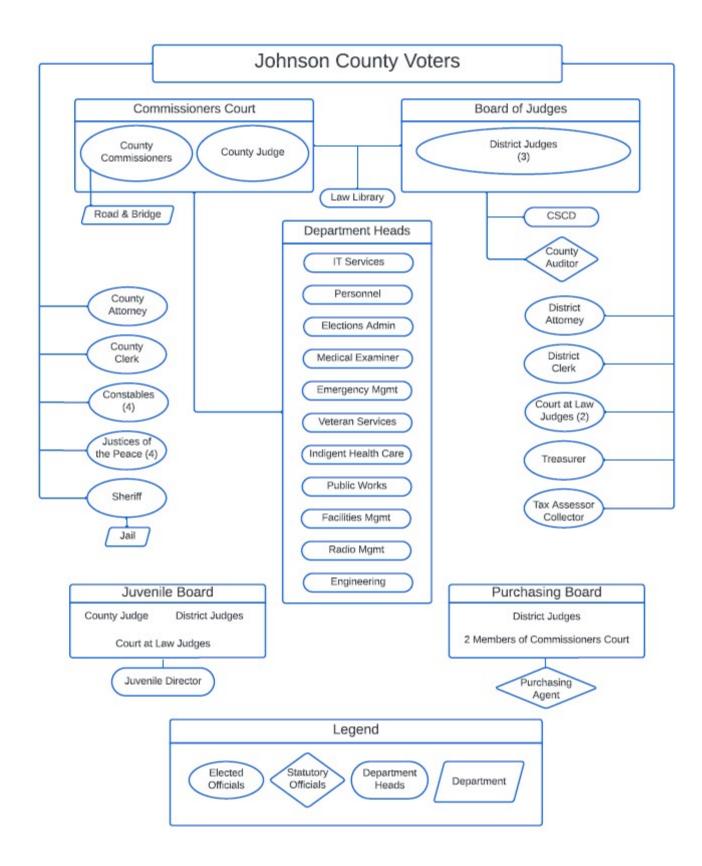
Johnson County Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

COMMISSIONERS COURT

COUNTY JUDGE Christopher Boedeker

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Precinct 1 Rick Bailey
Precinct 2 Kenny Howell
Precinct 3 Mike White
Precinct 4 Larry Woolley

JUDICIAL

DISTRICT JUDGE

18th Judicial DistrictSydney B. Hewlett249th Judicial DistrictTiffany Strother

413th Judicial District William C. Bosworth, Jr.

COUNTY COURT-AT-LAW I John Neill
COUNTY COURT-AT-LAW II Steve McClure

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Precinct 1 Ronald R. McBroom

Precinct 2 Jeff Monk
Precinct 3 Andrew Nolan
Precinct 4 Robert Shaw

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND LEGAL

DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Dale Hanna
COUNTY ATTORNEY
Bill Moore
SHERIFF
Adam King

CONSTABLES

Precinct 1 Matt Wylie
Precinct 2 Adam Crawford
Precinct 3 Steve Williams
Precinct 4 Troy Fuller
COMMUNITY SUPERVISION DIRECTOR*
CHIEF JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER*
Jeremy Burnell

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

COUNTY AUDITOR*

COUNTY TREASURER

TAX ASSESSOR - COLLECTOR
PURCHASING AGENT*

Steven Watson

Kathy Blackwell

Scott Porter

Ralph McBroom

COURT CLERKS

DISTRICT CLERK
COUNTY CLERK
April Long

^{*}Denotes appointed officials. All others are elected officials.









Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Johnson County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Johnson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended September 30, 2023, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075

El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 5 through 17 and pages 74 through 83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the schedule of expenditures of state awards as required by the Texas Grant Management Standards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of expenditures of state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas March 21, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of Johnson County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year for governmental activities by \$ 154,673,685 (net position). Of this amount, \$ 66,678,169 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors with the County's fund designation.
- The County's total net position increased for governmental activities by \$ 29,343,846.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 75,064,844. 66.61% of this amount, \$ 50,000,706 (unassigned fund balance), was available for use within the County's fund designations. Of the governmental funds amount, \$ 1,389,143 is nonspendable and \$ 23,674,995 has been restricted for specific uses.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$50,000,706 or 61.81% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the County include general government, administration of justice, financial administration, elections, law enforcement, highways and streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and conservation. The County has no *business-type activities*.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

 Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains sixty-one (61) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, the Road & Bridge Fund, the General Debt Service Fund and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund; all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fifty-seven (57) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 25 of this report.

• Proprietary Funds. The County uses internal service funds to report activities that provide services for the County's other programs and activities. The Healthcare Fund is the County's internal service fund. It's purpose is to provide for the accumulation of funds for insurance and employee benefits used in County operations. Since all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

• **Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's operations. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The County's basic fiduciary financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 30.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32 through 72 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74 through 83 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 92 through 119 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 154,673,685 as of September 30, 2023. This is an increase in net position of \$ 29,343,846 which is primarily due to a net increase in property taxes and operating and capital grants and contributions.

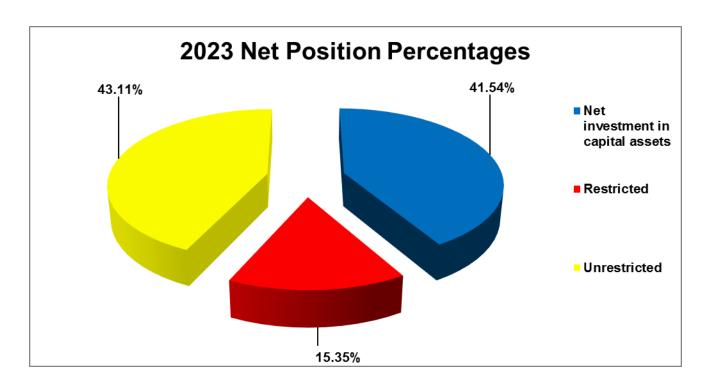
The largest portion of the County's net position is \$64,256,709 (41.54%) which reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land; construction in progress, buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; right to use leased assets subscription based IT assets; and infrastructure) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses capital assets to provide service to citizens and consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$9,818,322 due to capital additions exceeding depreciation and amortization expense and the maturity of long-term debt in the current fiscal year.

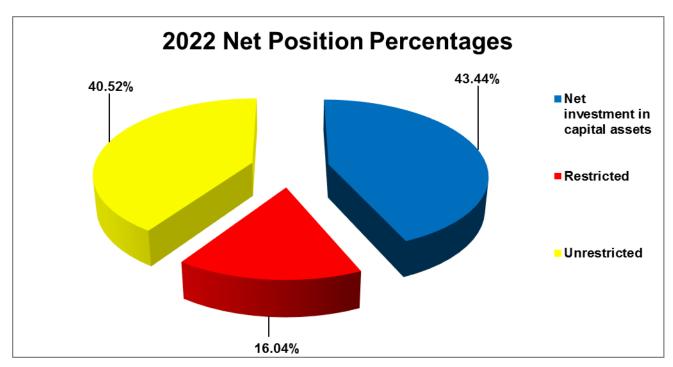
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

An additional portion of the County's net position is \$23,738,807 (15.35%) which represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$66,678,169 (43.11%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

JOHNSON COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmen		
Acceta	2023	2022	Net <u>Change</u>
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 121,703,792 <u>81,890,312</u>	\$ 123,188,086 	\$(1,484,394) 11,131,316
Total assets	203,594,104	193,947,182	9,646,922
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,312,590	10,635,260	1,677,330
Liabilities: Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	24,849,608 35,169,351	35,492,310 24,212,824	(10,642,702)
Total liabilities	60,018,959	59,705,134	313,825
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,214,050	19,547,469	(18,333,419)
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	64,256,709 23,738,807 66,678,169	54,442,387 20,104,612 50,782,840	9,814,322 3,634,195 15,895,329
Total net position	\$ <u>154,673,685</u>	\$ <u>125,329,839</u>	\$ <u>29,343,846</u>





-9-

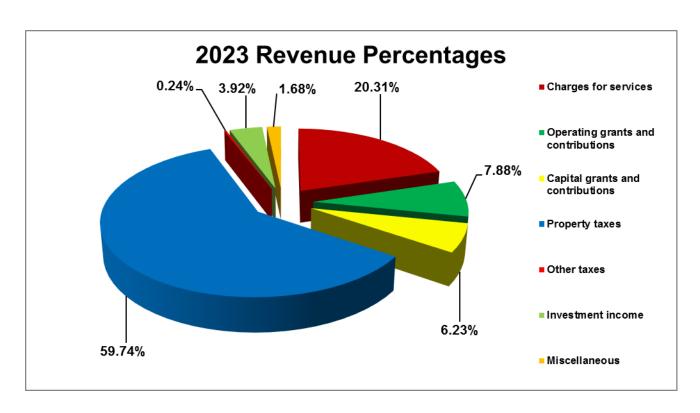
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

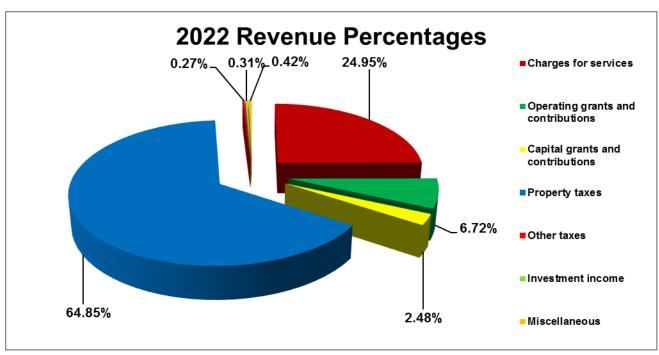
Analysis of the County's Operations. Governmental activities reported an increase in net position in the amount of \$29,343,846 due to increased property taxes and operating and capital grants and contributions. The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

JOHNSON COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

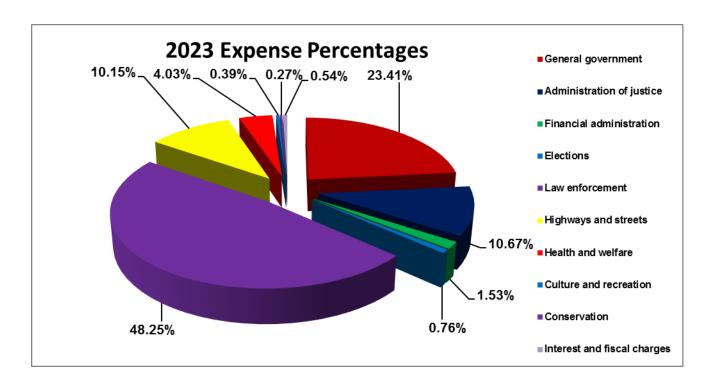
		Governmen		Net		
		2023 2022			<u>Change</u>	
Revenues:						-
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	26,180,375	\$	25,688,348	\$	492,027
Operating grants and contributions		10,161,363		6,915,063		3,246,300
Capital grants and contributions		8,030,066		2,551,378		5,478,688
General Revenues:						
Property taxes		76,994,098		66,758,736		10,235,362
Other taxes		312,743		276,378		36,365
Investment income		5,047,441		316,056		4,731,385
Miscellaneous	_	2,168,559	-	439,123	_	1,729,436
Total revenues	_	128,894,645	_	102,945,082	_	25,949,563
Expenses:						
General government		23,304,470		19,947,398		3,357,072
Administration of justice		10,623,732		8,829,558		1,794,174
Financial administration		1,524,166		1,186,407		337,759
Elections		756,577		654,004		102,573
Law enforcement		48,035,051		40,984,943		7,050,108
Highways and streets		10,101,391		9,335,140		766,251
Health and welfare		4,009,672		5,276,133	(1,266,461)
Culture and recreation		389,618		323,382		66,236
Conservation		273,176		249,067		24,109
Interest and fiscal charges	_	532,946	-	690,177	(_	<u>157,231</u>)
Total expenses	_	99,550,799	_	87,476,209	_	12,074,590
Change in net position		29,343,846		15,468,873		13,874,973
Net position - beginning	_	125,329,839	_	109,860,966	_	15,468,873
Net position - ending	\$_	<u>154,673,685</u>	\$_	125,329,839	\$_	29,343,846

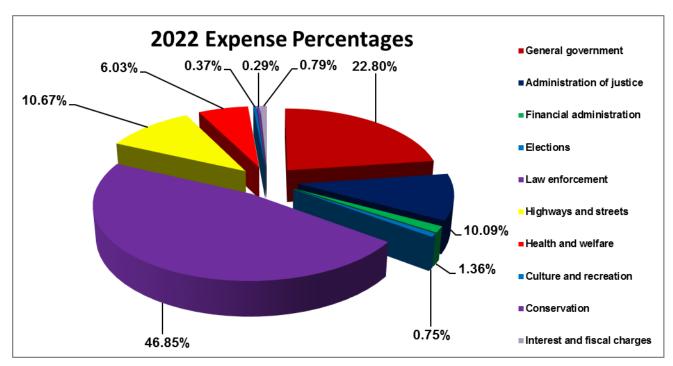
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 75,064,844. The unassigned fund balance of \$ 50,000,706 constitutes 66.61% of ending fund balance. The fund balance is categorized as 1) nonspendable of \$ 1,389,143, 2) restricted of \$ 23,674,995, and 3) unassigned of \$ 50,000,706.

Fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$ 3,033,553; the Road & Bridge Fund increased by \$ 1,969,313; the General Debt Service Fund decreased by \$ 104,482, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund had no change and Other Governmental Funds increased by \$ 1,190,341.

The increase in fund balance in the General Fund is a result of actual revenue exceeding actual expenditures by \$ 11,420,914 with a net of other financing sources and uses of (\$ 8,387,361). As for the Road & Bridge Fund (special revenue fund), the increase in fund balance was the result of revenue exceeding expenditures by \$ 1,813,915 with a net of other financing sources and uses of \$ 155,398. The significant decrease in fund balance for the General Debt Service (debt service fund) of \$ 104,482 was due to the costs related to refunding long-term debt to strengthen the County's financial position. The increase in fund balance for other governmental funds is primarily due to transfers into the funds from the General Fund for capital expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County budget is prepared by the County Judge's Office and presented to Commissioners Court for approval. The County operates within this budget for the fiscal year with expenditure amendments made as needed.

The difference between the General Fund original expenditure budget and the revised budget was an increase of \$1,006,012 primarily due to amendments allowing the County to pay for purchases of vehicles and equipment that were budgeted and ordered in the prior year, but did not arrive due to supply chain issues. This was unforeseeable during the budgeting process.

During the year, revenues exceeded budget while expenditures were less than the budget. Total revenue exceeded projections primarily due to American Recovery Plan Act funds. Lower than budgeted expenditures resulted in many areas, primarily in the areas of general government and administration of justice. The lower than expected expenditure amounts are somewhat attributable to the pandemic experienced during the first few months of the year.

Total General Fund revenue exceeded the amended budget by approximately 5.63% and total General Fund expenditures were under the amended budget by approximately 7.04%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Capital Assets

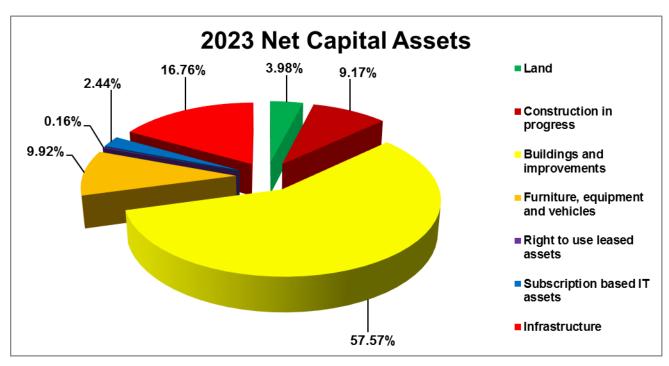
This investment in capital assets includes land; construction in progress; buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; right to use leased assets, subscription based IT assets, and infrastructure.

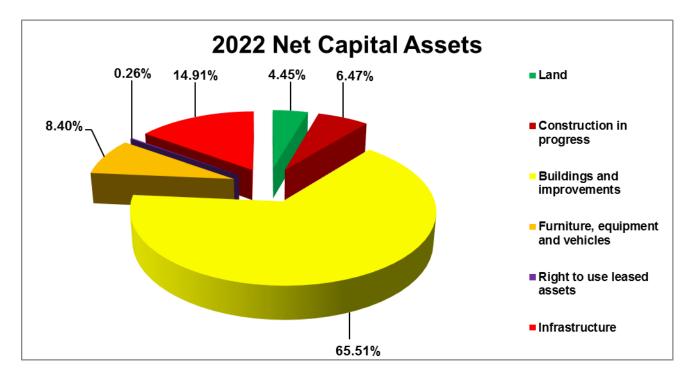
Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Acquisition of new vehicles, various road and bridge equipment, and technology equipment.
- Renovation of existing buildings placed in service during the current fiscal year.
- Resurfacing of roads.

JOHNSON COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization

		Governmental Activities			Net	
	_	2023	2022			Change
Land	\$	3,259,403	\$	3,147,691	\$	111,712
Construction in progress		7,510,145		4,578,238		2,931,907
Buildings and improvements		47,140,666		46,357,217		783,449
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		8,127,517		5,941,263		2,186,254
Right to use leased assets		132,540		183,558	(51,018)
Subscription based IT assets		1,997,928		-		1,997,928
Infrastructure	_	13,722,113	_	10,551,029	_	3,171,084
Total	\$_	81,890,312	\$_	70,758,996	\$_	<u>11,131,316</u>





Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 54 through 56 of this report.

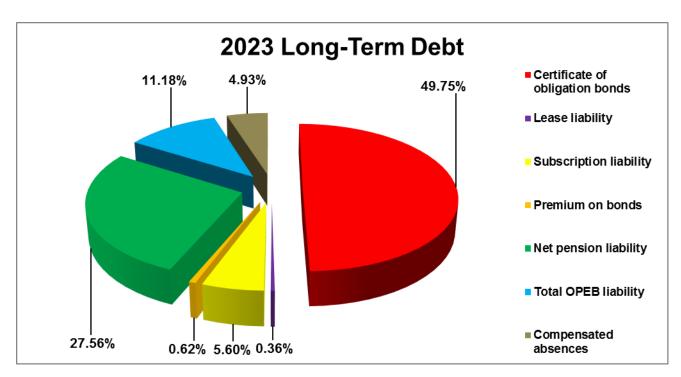
DEBT ADMINISTRATION

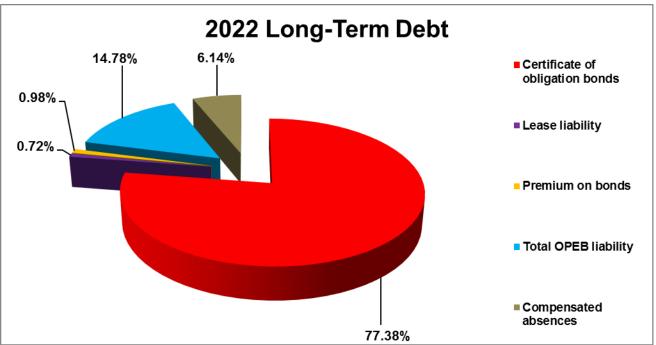
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total bonded and note debt of \$17,495,000, which, comprises bonded and debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County agreement. The bonds will be retired with revenues from property taxes.

JOHNSON COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT

		Governmental Activities			Net	
	_	2023		2022		Change
Certificates of obligation bonds	\$	17,495,000	\$	18,735,000	\$(1,240,000)
Lease liability		127,191		174,247	(47,056)
Subscription liability		1,970,146		-		1,970,146
Premiums on bonds		218,834		238,072	(19,238)
Net pension liability		9,691,098		-	•	9,691,098
Total OPEB liability		3,932,768		3,578,133		354,635
Compensated absences	_	1,734,314	_	1,487,372	_	246,942
Total	\$_	35,169,351	\$_	24,212,824	\$_	10,956,527

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

During the fiscal year, the County's total debt increased \$ 10,956,527 or 45.25%. The net increase was due primarily to the additions to the net pension liability.

All of the outstanding Bonds of the County payable from its limited taxes are insured and are, therefore, rated "AA+" by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"), and "AA" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government may issue to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current limitation for the County significantly exceeds the outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 57 through 58 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget is the means by which Commissioners Court sets the direction of the County, and allocates its resources.

In considering the budget for FY 2024, Commissioners Court considered the following factors:

- Property tax rate was \$ 0.415000, a \$ 0.005000 decrease from the previous year and was under the rollback rate by \$ 0.016325. It appears the County will continue to see increases in unassigned fund balances in the General Fund, primarily due to conservative revenue projections and consistently underspending the budget.
- Employees received an average of a 6% increase in compensation for cost of living. The increase in positions budgeted represents less than 5% of our total employment.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Johnson County Auditor, #2 N. Main Street, Cleburne, Texas, 76033, or call (817) 556-6305.





September 30, 2023

	G 	overnmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments Investments	\$	82,971,144 24,408,379
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenses Capital Assets:		1,077,532 11,514,261 343,333 546,958 842,185
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements (net) Furniture, equipment and vehicles (net) Right to use leased assets (net) Subscription based IT assets (net) Infrastructure (net)		3,259,403 7,510,145 47,140,666 8,127,517 132,540 1,997,928 13,722,113
Total assets		203,594,104
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources		12,312,590
Total deferred outflows of resources		12,312,590
LIABILITIES Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Noncurrent Liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year: Other noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Total liabilities		7,732,526 47,276 17,069,806 3,402,788 18,142,697 9,691,098 3,932,768 60,018,959
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources		1,214,050
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,214,050
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Public transportation Records management Other purposes Unrestricted		64,256,709 9,852,261 5,211,031 8,675,515 66,678,169
Total net position	\$	154,673,685

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and				(E	let Revenue expense) and Change In Net Position overnmental		
		Expenses		Services		Contributions	C	ontributions		Activities
Functions/Programs		_		_		_		_		_
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	23,304,470	\$	8,448,046	\$	1,832,414	\$	2,363,039	\$(10,660,971)
Administration of justice		10,623,732		2,981,535		2,244,506		62,716	(5,334,975)
Financial administration		1,524,166		-		-		-	(1,524,166)
Elections		756,577		126,437		37,255		-	(592,885)
Law enforcement		48,035,051		12,272,413		1,050,224		855,361	(33,857,053)
Highways and streets		10,101,391		2,255,642		111,156		4,327,665	(3,406,928)
Health and welfare		4,009,672		-		4,885,808		421,285	`	1,297,421
Culture and recreation		389,618		96,302		-		-	(293,316)
Conservation		273,176		-		-		-	Ì	273,176)
Interest and fiscal charges	_	532,946	_				_		Ĺ	<u>532,946</u>)
Total governmental activities	_	99,550,799	_	26,180,375	-	10,161,363	_	8,030,066	(_	55,178,995)
General Revenues:										
Property taxes										76,994,098
Other taxes										312,743
Investment income										5,047,441
Miscellaneous									_	<u>2,168,559</u>
Total general revenues									_	84,522,841
Change in net position										29,343,846
Net position - beginning									_	125,329,839
Net position - ending									\$_	154,673,685

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2023

	Major Funds American								Non-Major Funds			
	_	General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund		General Debt Service Fund		Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and temporary investments Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	30,370,476 22,918,282	\$	7,634,559 536,739	\$	7,476	\$	18,042,195	\$	16,316,438 953,358	\$	72,371,144 24,408,379
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments		906,356 948,766 54,171		127,543 130,532 10,682		20,156 - -		- -		23,477 38,334 278,480		1,077,532 1,117,632 343,333
Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenditures	_	306,470 - 773,546	_	442,503 63,347		- - 	_	366,090 - -	_	131,968 104,455 5,292		804,528 546,958 842,185
Total assets	\$_	56,278,067	\$_	8,945,905	\$	27,632	\$_	18,408,285	\$_	17,851,802	\$	101,511,691
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources Liabilities:	and	Fund Balanc	es									
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	4,624,200 132,668 44,160	\$	424,848 - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,513,023 - 16,895,262	\$	1,170,455 671,860 130,384	\$	7,732,526 804,528 17,069,806
Total liabilities	_	4,801,028	_	424,848		<u>-</u>	_	18,408,285	_	1,972,699		25,606,860
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	_	702,787	_	102,972		15,846	_		_	18,382		839,987
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	702,787	_	102,972		15,846	-		-	18,382		839,987
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	_	773,546 - 50,000,706	_	505,850 7,912,235		- 11,786 	_	- - -	_	109,747 15,750,974		1,389,143 23,674,995 50,000,706
Total fund balances	_	50,774,252	_	8,418,085		11,786	_		_	15,860,721		75,064,844
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ _	56,278,067	\$ _	8,945,905	\$	27,632	\$ ₌	18,408,285	\$ _	17,851,802	\$	101,511,691

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position September 30, 2023

Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit 3)

\$ 75,064,844

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:

Capital assets Accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ <u>(</u>	185,208,286 103,317,974)	81,890,312
Some of the County's assets are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. These assets consist of:			
Property taxes receivable Judicial receivables (net allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	839,987 10,396,629	11,236,616
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:			
Deferred charge on bond refundings Deferred outflows - pension	\$	1,516,215 10,541,314	

Deferred charge on bond refundings	\$ 1,516,215
Deferred outflows - pension	10,541,314
Deferred outflows - OPEB	255,061
Accrued interest on bonds	(47,276)
Bonds payable	(17,495,000)
Lease liability	(127,191)
Subscription liability	(1,970,146)
Premium on bonds payable	(218,834)
Compensated absences	(1,734,314)
Net pension liability	(9,691,098)
Net OPEB liability	(3,932,768)
Deferred inflows - pension	(160,847)
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(1,053,203) (24,118,087)

Internal service funds are used by the County. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal Service net position is:

10,600,000

Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position

\$ 154,673,685

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASStatement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Major	Non-Major Funds			
	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	General Debt Service Fund	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Fees Fines Licenses and permits	\$ 65,493,325 1,737,559 17,856,706 1,432,127 26,000	111,156 2,255,642 -	- - -	\$ - 12,280,712 - -	\$ 1,631,229 2,152,176 3,011,828 376,360	\$ 77,079,463 16,281,603 23,124,176 1,808,487 26,000
Investment income Miscellaneous	4,021,779 1,747,857	412,712 250,923	4,943 	-	608,007 248,868	5,047,441 2,247,648
Total revenues	92,315,353	11,605,885	1,384,400	12,280,712	8,028,468	125,614,818
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government Administration of justice Financial administration	19,764,479 8,881,393 1,493,180	- - -	- - -	1,115,612 196,148	754,955 1,740,678	21,635,046 10,818,219 1,493,180
Elections Law enforcement Highways and streets	729,599 43,389,684	- - 8,452,723	- - -	670,617 -	34,992 2,300,177	764,591 46,360,478 8,452,723
Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation	1,381,778 389,149 276,143	- -	- - -	1,916,622 - -	554,209 - -	3,852,609 389,149 276,143
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal	3,998,576 566,018	1,339,247	1,240,000	5,696,998 18,209	4,321,176 6,982	15,355,997 1,831,209
Interest and fiscal charges	24,440		398,882	231		423,553
Total expenditures	80,894,439	9,791,970	1,638,882	9,614,437	9,713,169	111,652,897
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	11,420,914	1,813,915	(254,482)	2,666,275	(1,684,701)	13,961,921
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Issuance of right to use leased assets Issuance of subscription based IT	63,107 8,714	149,398 -	-	12,369	-	212,505 21,083
arrangements Transfers in Transfers out	2,432,201 614,632 (<u>11,506,015</u>)	6,000	150,000	11,194 - (<u>2,689,838</u>)	49,821 5,696,592 (2,871,371)	2,493,216 6,467,224 (<u>17,067,224</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,387,361)	155,398	<u>150,000</u>	(2,666,275)	2,875,042	(7,873,196)
Net change in fund balances	3,033,553	1,969,313	(104,482)	-	1,190,341	6,088,725
Fund balances - beginning	47,740,699	6,448,772	116,268		14,670,380	68,976,119
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u>50,774,252</u> \$	\$ <u>8,418,085</u>	\$ <u>11,786</u>	\$	\$ <u>15,860,721</u>	\$ <u>75,064,844</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4R

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

\$ 6,088,725

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.

Capital outlay \$ 15,355,997
Capital contributions 2,207,701
Depreciation/amortization expense (6408 102

Depreciation/amortization expense (<u>6,408,102</u>) 11,155,596

Governmental funds report the entire sales price (proceeds) from the sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current resources. In contrast, in the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in the fund balance by the book value of capital assets sold.

(24.280)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect on premiums and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.

Issuance of right to use leased asset	\$(21,083)
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangement	Ì	2,493,216)
Principal payments on bonds payable		1,240,000
Principal payments on lease liability		68,139
Principal payments on subscription liability		523,070
Change in accrued interest		4,663
Change in compensated absences	(246,942)
Amortization of bond premium		19,238
Amortization of deferred charge on bond refundings	(133,294)

The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Net pension asset increased \$(18,110,079)

Deferred outflows increased 1,867,466

Deferred inflows decreased 18,104,006

The net change in total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Total OPEB liability increased \$(354,635)

Deferred outflows decreased (56,842)

Deferred inflows decreased (229,413 (182,064)

Because some property taxes receivable, and judicial receivables will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds.

883,901

1,039,425)

1.861.393

Internal service funds are used by the County. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported With the governmental activities.

10,600,000

Change in net position of governmental activities (see Exhibit 2)

29,343,846

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund September 30, 2023

400570	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$ 10,600,000
Total assets	10,600,000
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	-
Total liabilities	
NET POSITION Unrestricted	10,600,000
Total net position	\$10,600,000

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Internal Service Fund
Transfers in	\$ <u>10,600,000</u>
Change in net position	10,600,000
Net position - beginning	_
Net position - ending	\$ 10,600,000

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Internal Service <u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds	10,600,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	10,600,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	_
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_
Net change in cash and temporary investments	10,600,000
Cash and temporary investments - beginning	
Cash and temporary investments - ending	\$10,600,000

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2023

ACCETO	Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$ 15,202,842 150,131
Total assets	15,352,973
LIABILITIES Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Held for others Unearned revenue	659,002 7,404,383 382,689
Total liabilities	<u>8,446,074</u>
NET POSITION Individuals, organizations and other governments	6,906,899
Total net position	\$ <u>6,906,899</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
Additions Collections for adult probation Tax collections for other governments Held for others Earnings of investments	\$ 6,665,239 108,752,751 58,048,224 52,326
Total additions	<u>173,518,540</u>
Deductions: Payments for adult probation Payments to individuals Payments to other governments	6,632,818 57,957,505 108,420,114
Total deductions	<u>173,010,437</u>
Net change in net position	508,103
Net position - beginning	6,398,796
Net position - ending	\$ <u>6,906,899</u>

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

<u>Note</u>

1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	32
2	Deposits and Investments	45
3	Receivables and Uncollectible Accounts	50
4	Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue	52
5	Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers	53
6	Capital Assets	54
7	Disaggregation of Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable	56
8	Long-Term Debt	57
9	Leases	58
10	Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements	59
11	Texas County and District Retirement System Pension Plan	60
12	Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)	67
13	Grants, Entitlements and Shared Revenues	71
14	Bail Bond Collateral	71
15	Litigation	71
16	Risk Coverage	71
17	Tax Abatements	72
10	Evaluation of Subsequent Events	72

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Johnson County, Texas (the "County") related to the funds in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units</u> and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The more significant accounting policies of the County are described below.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the County's reporting entity. Financial statements for component units can be obtained from the office of the County Auditor.

Included in the reporting entity:

Johnson County, Texas (Primary Government)

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by the Commissioners Court, composed of four elected County Commissioners and an elected County Judge. Each of these officials serves a term of four years. The primary activities of the County include: the construction and maintenance of county roads, provision of public safety through a sheriff's department, support of area fire protection and ambulance service, administration of justice, correctional facilities, health and welfare services, culture and recreation, and other social and administrative services.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, no other organizations have been combined for either blended or discrete presentation in the County's financial statements. The following organizations are not considered "related organizations."

Excluded from the reporting entity:

Adult Probation

This entity is considered a separate agency of the State of Texas. While the County provides office space, utilities, telephone and certain supplies, the operations of this unit are primarily provided for by the State. A separate board develops the operating budget, which is also approved and controlled by the State of Texas. Required County expenditures are disclosed as a department within the County function of Administration of Justice. Due to custodial responsibility, the accounts of this entity are reported as a Custodial Fund of the County.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Reporting Entity - Continued

Johnson County Appraisal District

This is a separate entity providing property appraisal services to all taxing units within the County. This entity has its own governing board, elected by the various taxing units, which it serves; however, the taxing units do not designate management or significantly influence operations. The entity's cost of operations is divided on a prorated basis among the various taxing units within the County. The County's share of this cost is disclosed within the General Fund under the general government function.

Other entities within the County, which provide similar services but are not included in the reporting entity because they do not meet the criteria, are: municipalities, school districts, drainage districts, hospital districts, water districts and various non-profit organizations.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County has no proprietary funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from taxes, intergovernmental, prisoner housing services, fees, fines, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment income is recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

The *Road & Bridge Fund* accounts for the property taxes and fees from auto registration, certificates of title, gross weight and axle fees, and approved expenditures for public transportation projects.

The General Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the accumulation of resources from property tax collections for the repayment of general obligation bonded debt, interest and related costs of the County.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund accounts for the federal grant funds received by the County to 1) respond to or mitigate the public health emergency with respect to the COVID-19 emergency or its negative impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel and hospitality; 2) provide government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue due to the public health emergency; 3) make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure; 4) state and local governments can transfer the funds to a private nonprofit organization, a public benefit corporation involved in the transportation of passengers or cargo or a special-purpose unit of State or local government; 5) respond to workers performing essential work during the COVID-19 public health emergency by providing premium pay to eligible workers of the County that perform such essential work, or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible workers who perform essential work.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary funds:

The internal service fund is used to account for the County's employee benefits for employees and their dependents, including medical and dental. The principal source of revenue is contributions paid by individual funds.

The custodial funds account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County's custodial funds include Sheriff Seizures, Special Crimes Operations Seizures, Unclaimed Property, District Clerk Jury, Sheriff Escrow, Constables, Sheriff Inmate, County Clerk, District Clerk, District & County Attorney Deposits, Juvenile Probation Restitution, Johnson & Somervell County Supervision, Tax Collector and Adult Probation.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" was issued in May 2019. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements - Continued

GASB Statement No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022" was issued in April 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62" was issued in June 2022. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" was issued in June 2022. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Budgetary Data

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The legal level of budgetary control is at the category or line item level (salaries and wages and employee benefits, and operating expenditures) within departments of each fund. Any expenditure, which alters the total budgeted amounts of a fund must be approved by Commissioners Court, and the budget amended. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain special revenue funds (Road & Bridge Fund, Law Library Fund, Records Management and Preservation County Clerk Fund, Records Management & Preservation District Clerk Fund, Records Management & Preservation Recording Fund, Vital Statistics Preservation Fund, Election Services Contract Fund, District Attorney Forfeiture Fund, STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund, Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund, Juvenile Case Manager Fund, Juvenile Probation Fees Fund, Justice of the Peace Technology Fund, County Specialty Court Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Justice Court Building Security Fund, Court Facility Fund, Guardianship Fee Fund, Language Access Fund, Court Reporter Service Fund, Judicial Education and Support Fund, Record Archives - County Clerk Fund, Record Archives - District Clerk Fund, County/District Court Technology Fund, Court Records Preservation Digital Fund, District Court Records Technology Fund, Indigent Health Care Fund, Right of Way Fund, Historical Commission Fund, Veteran's Service Juror Donations Fund, Pre-Trial Supervision Fund, STOP SCU Operations Fund), and the General Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Budgetary Data - Continued

Prior to May 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practical, the County Judge, assisted by the County Auditor, prepares a proposed operating budget for the subsequent fiscal year beginning the following October 1st. The proposed operating budget establishes estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation. Proposed expenditures may not exceed estimated revenues, other resources, and available fund balances.

Subsequent to May 15 and after proper publication of notice, a public hearing is conducted by the Commissioners Court to obtain taxpayer comments. If an increase to the effective tax rate of more than 3% is proposed as a result of the proposed budget, additional notices and public hearings are required.

After the public hearing(s) the Commissioners Court makes appropriate budget changes and adopts the budget through the passage of an order at a regularly scheduled meeting. A separate order is adopted to levy the taxes necessary to finance the budgeted expenditures.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditure purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages, and employee benefits; operating expenses/expenditures; and capital outlay).

At the discretion of Commissioners Court, transfers of line item budgets within a fund may be made. Amendments to provide for items not included in the original budget may be made by the Commissioners Court upon finding and declaration of the existence of an emergency sufficient to require action. County management has no prerogative to amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners Court. Appropriations not exercised in the current year lapse at the end of the year. Numerous supplemental budget amendments in the general and special revenue funds were deemed necessary due to the timing of planned expenditures and construction projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of September 30, 2023, the County had no encumbrances outstanding.

Cash and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and temporary investments are considered cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and temporary investments under each fund's caption. Funds are allowed to exceed the amount of their equity in the pooled cash account. Funds with overdrawn accounts are disclosed as an interfund payable in the liability section of the balance sheet.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1st of each year with statements prepared and mailed at that date or soon thereafter. The tax levy is based upon appraised property values as of each previous January 1st for all taxable property within the County. Payments are due and payable when taxes are levied and may be timely paid through January 31st. On February 1st, taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest charges. After June 30th, any uncollected taxes are subject to tax suit and additional charges to offset related legal costs. The lien date for property taxes is July 1st.

The appraisal of property within the county is the responsibility of the Johnson County Appraisal District. The Texas Legislature established the Appraisal District and the related Appraisal Review Board in 1979 through the adoption of a comprehensive Property Tax Code. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property is reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Under the Code, the Commissioners Court will continue to set annual tax rates on the property. The Code also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Appraisal District, collection functions may be placed with the Appraisal District. The County bills and collects its property taxes and those of certain other taxing entities. Collections of those taxes pending distribution are accounted for in a custodial fund.

The County is permitted by Article VIII, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$ 0.80 per \$ 100 assessed valuation for general governmental services including payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt and maintenance of roads and bridges. Article 6790 of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$ 0.15 per \$ 100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect \$ 0.30 per \$ 100 valuation for road, bridge and flood control purposes.

The County's 2022 tax levy, supporting the 2023 fiscal period budget, totaled \$ 0.415000 per \$ 100 valuation and was comprised as follows:

General Fund	\$ 0.352185	
Indigent Health Care Fund	0.008815	
Road & Bridge Fund	0.046545	
General Debt Service Fund	0.007455	i
Combined tax rate	\$0.415000	

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The County had no advances between funds. All activity between funds was for short-term cash flow requirements. See Note 5 for additional discussion of interfund receivables and payables.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The County utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory and prepaid items. Under this method, inventory and prepaid items are considered an expenditure/expense when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Inventories in the governmental funds are comprised of road materials, bulk fuel, parts, and chemicals.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in government-wide and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest cost to be capitalized on assets with tax-exempt borrowing is equal to the cost of the borrowing less interest earned on the related tax-exempt borrowing. During the year ended September 30, 2023, no capitalized interest was included in the cost of capital assets under construction.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$ 5,000 or more and over two years of useful life. Depreciation/amortization has been calculated on each class of depreciable/amortizable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-50 Years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5-20 Years
Right to use leased assets	5 Years
Subscription based IT assets	2-7 Years
Infrastructure	20-35 Years

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed paid absences due to sickness and vacation time. Sick leave benefits are earned by all full time employees at a rate of 96 hours annually. The leave policy allows employees to accumulate up to ninety days of sick leave benefit. Sick leave benefits are recognized in the period in which time off is actually taken. Vacation benefits accrue monthly at rates depending upon an employee's length of service. Employees may accumulate a maximum of 18 months of vacation credits based on the earning rate and length of service. Employees who reach the maximum accumulated rate will not accrue additional time until they use sufficient vacation to bring their accumulated rate below the maximum level.

The liability for compensated absences disclosed in the financial statements represents accumulated vacation and compensatory time at September 30, 2023, computed at pay rates in effect at that time was \$1,734,314.

Compensated absence liabilities for governmental activities have been paid from the general fund and various special revenue funds.

Leases

Lessee: The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use leased asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest
 rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental
 borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price
 that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>

The County adopted GASB 96 - Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). The County recognizes a liability and corresponding right to use the information technology software in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more and a contract term of twelve months or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the County initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement dates, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscriptions include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments.

The County monitors changes to circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The general fund is used to liquidate any future liabilities.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Johnson County Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the Plan's total OPEB liability. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets as this is a pay-as-you-go plan. The general fund is used to liquidate any future liabilities.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as interest and fiscal charge expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The County's Commissioners Court meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The County's unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the County's Commissioners Court. Fund Balance of the County may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the County's Commissioners Court. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the County's Commissioners Court. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the County's Commissioners Court has delegated authority to the County Judge or the County Auditor. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended are as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Equity - Continued

Fund Balance Classifications:

The *nonspendable* fund balance includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories, prepaid expenditures and long-term receivables.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, and contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation.

The enabling legislation authorizes the County to access, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The County's fee revenue generated through enabling legislations include auto registration fees, birth/death certificate fees, adult bond supervision fees, child abuse protection fees, court technology fees, election service fees, family protection fees, financial security fees, juvenile case management fees, law library fees, records archive fees, and records management and preservation fees reported under Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, and auto registration fees, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees reported under the Road & Bridge Fund.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Commissioners Court actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources. At September 30, 2023, there are no commitments of fund balance.

The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by Commissioners Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Commissioners Court actions. At September 30, 2023, there are no assignments of fund balance.

The *unassigned* fund balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Equity - Continued

The following schedule presents details of fund balance components at September 30, 2023:

		Major Funds		Non-Major Funds	
		Road &	Other	Total	
	General	Bridge	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ -	\$ 442,503	\$ -	\$ 104,455	\$ 546,958
Prepaid expenditures	773,546	63,347	-	5,292	842,185
Restricted:					
Capital projects	-	-	-	661,353	661,353
Contributor purposes	-	-	-	65,115	65,115
Court improvements and operations	-	-	-	1,010,866	1,010,866
Debt service	-	-	11,786	-	11,786
Election services	-	-	-	830,793	830,793
Health services	-	-	-	3,431,975	3,431,975
Inmate services	-	-	-	1,033,404	1,033,404
Juvenile services	-	-	-	199,346	199,346
Library services	-	-	-	163,077	163,077
Public safety personnel training	-	-	-	23,533	23,533
Public transportation projects	-	7,912,235	-	1,331,204	9,243,439
Records management	-	-	-	5,211,031	5,211,031
Special crimes operations	-	-	-	996,916	996,916
County/District attorney services	-	-	-	190,663	190,663
Sheriff services	-	-	-	6,288	6,288
Other	-	-	-	595,410	595,410
Unassigned	50,000,706				50,000,706
Total fund balance	\$ <u>50,774,252</u>	\$ <u>8,418,085</u>	\$ <u>11,786</u>	\$ <u>15,860,721</u>	\$ <u>75,064,844</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

		overnmental Activities
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	64,256,709
Restricted:		
Public transportation		9,852,261
Records management		5,211,031
Other:		
Contributor purposes		65,115
Court improvements and operations		1,010,866
Election services		830,793
Health services		3,450,357
Inmate services		1,137,859
Juvenile services		199,346
Library services		163,077
Public safety personnel training		23,533
Special crime operations		1,002,208
County/District attorney services		190,663
Sheriff services		6,288
Other		595,410
Unrestricted	_	66,678,169
Total net position	\$_	<u>154,673,685</u>

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and temporary investments, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose, a temporary investment is one that when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are classified as either short-term investments or investments. Short-term investments have a maturity of one year or less and investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures. Cash and temporary investments as reported on the financial statements at September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Ocale and Tamananan law astronome		Governmental Funds		Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds			Total
Cash and Temporary Investments: Cash (petty cash accounts) Financial Institution Deposits:	\$	16,657	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,657
Demand deposits Local Government Investment Pools:		44,249,757		10,600,000		15,202,842		70,052,599
Texas CLASS		4,381,429		-		-		4,381,429
Texas CLASS Government		4,160,062		-		-		4,160,062
Texpool		16,331,636		-		-		16,331,636
Texpool Prime		3,231,603		_		_		3,231,603
Total Cash and Temporary Investments	_	72,371,144	_	10,600,000	_	15,202,842	_	98,173,986
Investments: Broker Dealer:								
Government Securities		484,298		-		-		484,298
U.S. Agency Securities		13,560,863		-		-		13,560,863
Certificates of deposit	_	10,363,218	_		_		_	10,363,218
Total Investments	_	24,408,379	_		_		_	24,408,379
Total Cash and Temporary Investments and Investments	\$_	96,779,523	\$_	10,600,000	\$_	15,202,842	\$_	122,582,365

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them. The County requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 103 percent of uninsured balances.

At year-end, in addition to petty cash accounts of \$ 16,657, the carrying amount of the County's financial institution deposits, was \$ 80,415,817, while the financial institution balances totaled \$ 80,826,476. Of these balances, \$ 3,114,637 represents amounts controlled by County courts and held by various financial institutions jointly under the name of the County and the court's beneficiaries and carrying the identification number of the beneficiaries. These accounts are entirely covered by federal deposit insurance. Of the remaining balances, \$ 10,863,218 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage and \$ 66,848,621 was covered by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy"). The investment policy primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

The County's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by Commissioners Court. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the County will deposit funds is addressed. The County's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The County's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the County's investment policy.

The County's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Commissioners Court. The report details the investment positions of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas state law.

The County is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds: regulated by SEC, with a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, includes in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable \$ 1.00 net asset value per each share, and limited in quantity to the requirements, set forth in Chapter 2256, Government Code Section 2256.014;
- 4. Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities;
- 5. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent;
- 6. Certificates of deposit if issued by a state or national bank and is: guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, secured in any manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the County;
- 7. Eligible investment pools if the Commissioners Court by resolution authorizes investment in the particular pool. An investment pool shall invest funds it receives from entities in authorized investments permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act. The County by contract may delegate to an investment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of investments purchased with its local funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

The County is invested in certificates of deposit at various financial institutions to provide its liquidity needs. This investment is insured, registered, or the County's agent holds the securities in the County's name; therefore, the County is not exposed to custodial credit risk with these deposits.

Texas CLASS and Texas CLASS Government were created as a local government investment pool pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. Per State Code, entities may pool any of their funds, or funds under their control, to preserve principal, maintain the liquidity of the funds and maximize yield. The Texas CLASS and Texas CLASS Government agreements are agreements of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment, and withdrawal of local government funds. Texas CLASS and Texas CLASS Government seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas CLASS and Texas Class Government are rated AAAm and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

TexPool and TexPool Prime are local government investment pools that were established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. TexPool and TexPool Prime are 2(a)7 like funds, meaning that they are structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. TexPool and TexPool Prime are rated AAAm and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

At September 30, 2023 Texas CLASS, Texas CLASS Government, TexPool and TexPool Prime has a weighted average maturity of 49 days, 23 days, 26 days and 39 days, respectively. Although the pools have a weighted average maturity, the County considers holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

As of September 30, 2023, the County had the following investments:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity (Days)
Texas CLASS	\$ 4,381,429	49
Texas CLASS Government	4,160,062	23
TexPool	16,331,636	26
TexPool Prime	3,231,603	39
Government Securities	484,298	334
U.S. Agency Securities	13,560,863	302
Certificates of Deposit	10,363,218	524
Total	\$ <u>52,513,109</u>	201

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

Credit Risk - As of September 30, 2023, the LGIP's (which represent approximately 53.52% of the investment portfolio) are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's, the U.S. Agency securities and government securities (which represent 26.75% of the investment portfolio) were covered by private insurance and the certificates of deposit (which represents 19.73% of the investment portfolio) were covered by Federal Depository Insurance coverage, respectively, therefore, the County does not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of three years or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities may be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the County's cash flow requirements.

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Fair Value Measures - Continued

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the County's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Government Securities U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 484,298 <u>13,560,863</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 484,298
Total assets at fair value	\$ <u>14,045,161</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>14,045,161</u>

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES AND UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of September 30, 2023, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund	General Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receivables:	ф 0.500.7	CO #	204.000	ф 440 F4F	ф 04.440	ф 2.000.402
Property taxes Accounts	\$ 2,569,7 948,7		324,088 130,532	\$ 113,515	\$ 81,112 38,334	\$ 3,088,483 1,117,632
Due from other governments	54,1		10,682	-	278,480	343,333
Due nom other governments		<u>/ </u>	10,002		270,400	
Gross receivables	3,572,7	05	465,302	113,515	397,926	4,549,448
Less Allowance for Uncollectible:						
Property taxes	1,663,4	12	196,545	93,359	57,635	2,010,951
, ,						
Total net receivables	\$ <u>1,909,2</u>	<u>93</u> \$_	268,757	\$ <u>20,156</u>	\$ <u>340,291</u>	\$ <u>2,538,497</u>
Descivelles						Fiduciary Fund
Receivables:						
Accounts:						\$ 150,131
Adult probationers						\$ <u>150,131</u>
Net total receivables						\$ <u>150,131</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES AND UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS - Continued

Receivables From Other Governments

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the County receives entitlements from the State through the legislative actions and taxes collected by the State on behalf of the County (other taxes). All federal grants shown below are either direct or passed through state or local agencies and are reported on the financial statements as due from other governments.

Amounts due from federal and state as of September 30, 2023 are summarized below:

	Federal Grants					Total
Major Governmental Funds:						
General fund	\$	6,298	\$	47,873	\$	54,171
Road and Bridge fund		-		10,682		10,682
Non-major governmental funds		5,274	_	273,206	_	278,480
Total	\$	11,572	\$_	331,761	\$_	343,333

Judicial Receivables

Judicial receivables are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Since these receivables do not represent current available resources, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The allowance for uncollectible receivables related to the County's various court assessments is determined based on historical experience and evaluation of collectability in relation to the aging of customer accounts. The following is a summary of the receivable and allowance for uncollectible as of September 30, 2023:

	Judicial <u>Receivable</u>		Illowance for Incollectible Accounts	Net Receivable		
Justice of the peace County courts District courts	\$ 464,23 1,620,48 	2	139,272 405,121 8,856,301	\$ _	324,967 1,215,361 8,856,301	
Total	\$ <u>19,797,32</u>	<u>3</u> \$_	9,400,694	\$_	10,396,629	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of September 30, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

				Major	Fur	nds			1	Non-Major Funds		
		General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund		General Debt Service Fund		American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$	702,787	\$	102,972	\$	15,846	\$	-	\$	18,382	\$	839,987
Unearned Revenue: Federal grants		- 29 500		-		-		16,895,262		111,533		17,006,795
State grants Interlocal agreements Rental deposits	_	38,500 5,020 640	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	18,851 - <u>-</u>	_	57,351 5,020 <u>640</u>
	\$	746,947	\$_	102,972	\$_	15,846	\$_	16,895,262	\$_	148,766	\$_	17,909,793

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension expense for contributions made from the measurement date to the current year-end of September 30, 2023 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUE - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

As of September 30, 2023, the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Unearned Revenue
Bond refunding cost (net of accumulated amortization) Pension Related:	\$ 1,516,215	\$ -	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual investment	470,306 t	103,551	-
earnings	3,443,717	_	-
Changes in assumptions	2,027,617	57,296	-
Subsequent contributions	4,599,674	-	-
OPEB Related:			
Changes in assumptions	223,558	484,768	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	31,503	568,435	-
Unearned Revenue:	·	•	
Federal grants	-	_	17,006,795
State allocations	-	-	57,351
Interlocal agreements	-	-	5,020
Rental deposits			640
Totals	\$ <u>12,312,590</u>	\$ <u>1,214,050</u>	\$ <u>17,069,806</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	0	9-30-23	
General Fund American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	306,470 700 365,390 131,968	
Total		\$	804,528	

Interfund receivables and payables represent short-term borrowings primarily for cash flow purposes. These include short-term borrowings for reimbursement grants and some revenue or expenditures/expense adjustments between funds at or near year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2023 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	_	09-30-23
General Fund	General Debt Service Fund	\$	150,000
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds		756,015
General Fund	Internal Service Funds		10,600,000
American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	Road & Bridge Fund		6,000
American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	Other Governmental Funds		2,683,838
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		614,632
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds		2,256,739
Total		\$_	17,067,224

The Commissioners Court approved these transfers, as transfers of operational funds to cover planned expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Transactions		Balance 10-01-22		Additions		Detiromento		ljustments & Transfers	Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Depreciated/ Amortized:		10-01-22	_	Additions	_	Retirements		Transiers	09-30-23
Land	\$	3,147,691	\$	111,712	\$	-	\$	- \$	3,259,403
Construction in progress	_	4,578,238	_	8,334,004	,		_	<u>5,402,097</u>)	7,510,145
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	_	7,725,929	_	8,445,71 <u>6</u>		-	<u>(</u>	5,402,097)	10,769,548
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/ Amortized:									
Buildings and improvements		87,686,148		818,447		-		2,939,511	91,444,106
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		34,217,091		3,506,610		1,562,522		420,586	36,581,765
Right to use assets - equipment		245,913		21,083		-		-	266,996
Subscription based IT assets		-		2,518,216		-		-	2,518,216
Infrastructure	_	40,053,288	_	2,253,626		721,259	_	2,042,000	43,627,655
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net		162,202,440		9,117,982		2,283,781		5,402,097	174,438,738

(continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Capital Transactions - Continued

		Balance 10-01-22		Additions		Retirements	A	djustments & Transfers		Balance 09-30-23
Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization For:										
Buildings and improvements	\$	41,328,931	\$	2,974,509	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,303,440
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		28,275,828		1,716,662		1,538,242		-		28,454,248
Right to use assets - equipment		62,355		72,101		-		-		134,456
Subscription based IT assets		-		520,288		-		-		520,288
Infrastructure	_	29,502,259	_	1,124,542	-	721,259	_		_	29,905,542
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	_	99,169,373	_	6,408,102	_	2,259,501	_	-	_	103,317,974
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	_	63,033,067	_	2,709,880	_	24,280	_	5,402,097	_	71,120,764
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	70,758,996	\$_	11,155,596	\$ ₌	24,280	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	81,890,312

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the County received equipment and roads from various sources totaling \$ 2,207,701.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functional categories of the County as follows:

O a company and all A attivités and	09-30-23
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 1,911,349
Administration of justice	44,018
Financial administration	58,489
Law enforcement	2,441,954
Highways and streets	1,760,314
Health and welfare	177,851
Culture and recreation	14,127
Total depreciation expense	\$ <u>6,408,102</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Construction Commitments

Construction in progress for various projects at September 30, 2023 is as follows.

	Contract Value	Expended To Date	Commitment
Sheriff's Office Renovation	\$ 2,979,356	\$ 2,820,494	\$ 158,862
911 Call Center	4,574,576	1,504,129	3,070,447
Building Maintenance Workshop	13,600	4,934	8,666
Evidence Processing Building	6,400	5,800	600
Guinn Chillers	479,576	-	479,576
Law Enforcement Software	412,200	266,483	145,717
Guinn Generators	1,852,197	1,772,197	80,000
C4 Jail Smoke Purge System	206,701	<u>88,769</u>	<u>117,932</u>
Total	\$ <u>10,524,606</u>	\$ <u>6,462,806</u>	\$ <u>4,061,800</u>

NOTE 7 - DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYABLE

Accounts and accrued liabilities payable as of September 30, 2023, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		Major Funds								
	_	General Fund	_	Road & Bridge Fund	_	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable: Vendors Accrued compensation Due to other governments Due to others	\$	1,422,336 2,961,018 2,253 238,593	\$	169,585 255,263 - -	\$	1,480,562 32,461 -	\$	1,035,835 77,901 - 56,719	\$	4,108,318 3,326,643 2,253 295,312
Totals	\$_	4,624,200	\$_	424,848	\$_	1,513,023	\$_	1,170,455	\$	7,732,526
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Pay	/able:									Funds
Vendors Bonds payable Accrued compensation Due to others									\$ _	17,274 219,511 182,352 239,865
Total									\$_	659,002

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonded Debt

Bonds payable at September 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

			Bonds		
	Interest Rate %	Issued	Maturity	Callable	Outstanding 09-30-23
Certificates of Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2015	1.704 - 4.627	2015	2025		\$ 2,205,000
Certificates of Obligation Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 2021	1.800 - 3.000	2021	2035	2032	15,290,000
Total					\$ <u>17,495,000</u>

General obligation and certificates of obligation bond transactions for the year ended September 30, 2023 were as follows:

Bonds outstanding, October 1, 2022	\$ 18,735,000
Maturities	(1,240,000)
Bonds outstanding, September 30, 2023	\$ <u>17,495,000</u>

The bond ordinances require that a tax be levied sufficient to pay current interest and create a sinking fund of not less than the amount to pay current principal and interest. For the year ended September 30, 2023, the amount of ad valorem taxes collected for interest and sinking were \$ 1,379,457, while the debt service requirements for principal and interest was \$ 1,638,882. The bond resolutions provide no express remedies in the event of default and make no provision for acceleration of maturity of the bonds.

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt

The following is a summary of general obligation and certificate of obligation bond requirements by year as of September 30, 2023:

Year Ending September 30,	_ Principal	Interest	Total <u>Requirement</u>
2024	\$ 1,285,000	\$ 358,676	\$ 1,643,676
2025	1,325,000	316,016	1,641,016
2026	1,360,000	280,290	1,640,290
2027	1,390,000	252,790	1,642,790
2028	1,415,000	224,740	1,639,740
2029-2033	7,510,000	688,620	8,198,620
2034-2035	3,210,000	65,715	3,275,715
Total	\$ <u>17,495,000</u>	\$ <u>2,186,847</u>	\$ <u>19,681,847</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

On December 7, 2021, the County issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 in the amount of \$15,865,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will provide funds to refund a portion of the Certificates of Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2015 in the amount of \$14,065,000. Both cash and the SLGS have been irrevocably pledged to the payment of the outstanding bonds. Principal and interest from the cash and SLGS have been deemed sufficient to retire the principal and interest of the outstanding balance of the Certificates of Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2015. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 are calculated to provide cash flow savings of \$1,380,830 and an economic gain (net present value of savings) of \$1,185,539.

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Balance	Issues or	Payments or	Balance	Due Within
	10-01-22	<u>Additions</u>	Expenditures	09-30-23	One Year
Governmental Type Activities:					
Certificates of obligation bonds	\$ 18,735,000	\$ -	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 17,495,000	\$ 1,285,000
Lease liability	174,247	21,083	68,139	127,191	70,156
Subscription liability	-	2,493,216	523,070	1,970,146	470,568
Net pension liability	-	31,540,737	21,849,639	9,691,098	-
Total OPEB liability	3,578,133	551,214	196,579	3,932,768	-
Compensated absences	1,487,372	2,005,493	1,758,551	1,734,314	1,557,826
Premium on bonds	238,072		19,238	218,834	<u>19,238</u>
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>24,212,824</u>	\$ <u>36,611,743</u>	\$ <u>25,655,216</u>	\$ <u>35,169,351</u>	\$ <u>3,402,788</u>

NOTE 9 - LEASES

In November 2021, the County entered a five year lease agreement for the lease of a copier. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make quarterly payments of \$ 509. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchase the copier at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 9,428 using 3.00% discount rate.

In January 2022, the County entered a five year lease agreement for the lease of a copier. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make quarterly payments of \$ 1,515. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchase the copier at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 28,040 using 3.00% discount rate.

In October 2021, the County entered a three year lease agreement for the lease of a phone system. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make monthly payments of \$ 4,115. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchase the phone system at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 152,730 using 3.00% discount rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - LEASES - Continued

In January 2022, the County entered a five year lease agreement for the lease of public safety equipment. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make annual payments of \$ 8,989. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchase the public safety equipment at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 55,715 using 3.00% discount rate.

In October 2022, the County entered a two year lease agreement for the lease of a administration of justice building. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make monthly payments of \$ 600. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchase the administration of justice building at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 12,369 using 2.024% discount rate during the current fiscal year.

In March 2023, the County entered a five year lease agreement for the lease of public safety equipment. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make monthly payments of \$ 155. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchase the public safety equipment at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 8,714 using 2.682% discount rate during the current fiscal year.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ended September 30	<u></u> F	Principal	<u>lr</u>	nterest	<u>Re</u>	Total quirement
2024	\$	70,156	\$	3,572	\$	73,728
2025		17,362		1,585		18,947
2026		17,880		1,067		18,947
2027		12,296		578		12,874
2028		9,497		267		9,764
Totals	\$	127,191	\$	7,069	\$	134,260

NOTE 10 - SUBSCRIPTION BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The County has entered into subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for the right to use the other party's information technology software which have been accounted for in accordance with GASB 96. The County is required to make annual payments on each arrangement at the County's incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate stated or implied in the subscription term which ranges from 2.332% to 3.410%. The value of the right to use subscription asset as of September 30, 2023 is \$ 2,518,216 with accumulated amortization of \$ 520,288.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - SUBSCRIPTION BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS - Continued

The future principal and interest SBITA payments for governmental activities as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ended September 30	<u></u> F	Principal	 nterest	_Re	Total equirement
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2030	\$	470,568 415,899 338,776 312,343 311,008 121,552	\$ 57,213 45,673 32,561 22,500 12,599 3,447	\$	527,781 461,572 371,337 334,843 323,607 124,999
Totals	\$	1,970,146	\$ 173,993	 \$	2,144,139

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 850 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS.

The plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioner's Court of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the County were as follows:

	<u>Plan Year 2023</u>	<u>Plan Year 2022</u>
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate	12.45%	12.45%
Matching ratio (County to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/8, 0/20	60/8, 0/20

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	419
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	625
Active employees	836
	1 880

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Employees of the County were required to contribute 7.00% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The County's required contribution rates were 10.52% and 12.45% in calendar years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2023 were \$ 6,266,209.

Net Pension Liability - The County's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2022 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation analysis for the County.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation analysis for the County. This information may also be found in the Johnson County December 31, 2022 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Long-term investment return	7.50%

The assumed long-term investment return of 7.50% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 7.50% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.50% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.70% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	3.00%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan		
	TR USD Index	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities	3	
	Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index -	+ 33%	
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity	<i>'</i> &	
	Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		
	of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.20%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2023 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.30%, per Cliffwater's 2023 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future value, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Increase (Decrease)					
Total Plan					<u> </u>
	Pension	Fiduciary		Ν	let Pension
	Liability		Net Position	Lia	bility / (Asset)
_	(a)	_	(b)	_	(a)-(b)
Ф	150 146 190	Φ	160 565 161	ው /	0 /10 001)
Ф	132, 140, 160	Ф	100,505,101	Φ(8,418,981)
	5,829,990		-		5,829,990
	11,756,529		-		11,756,529
	-		-		-
	361,493		-		361,493
	-		-		-
(345,557)	(345,557))	-
	-		5,808,389	(5,808,389)
	-		3,265,769	(3,265,769)
	-	(9,615,677)	1	9,615,677
(6,346,987)	(6,346,987)	1	-
	-	(90,077)		90,077
_	_	_	469,529	(_	<u>469,529</u>)
\$	163 401 648	\$	153 710 550	\$	9,691,098
		Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 152,146,180 5,829,990 11,756,529 - 361,493 - (345,557)	Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 152,146,180 \$ 5,829,990 11,756,529 - 361,493 - (345,557) (- (6,346,987) (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (-	Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b) \$ 152,146,180 \$ 160,565,161 5,829,990 - 11,756,529 361,493 - (345,557) (345,557) - 5,808,389 - 5,808,389 - 3,265,769 - (9,615,677) (6,346,987) (6,346,987) - (90,077) 469,529	Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Net Position (a) (b) \$ 152,146,180 \$ 160,565,161 \$(5,829,990 - 11,756,529 -

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the county, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate (6.60%) (7.60%)	1% Increase In Discount Rate (8.60%)
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 185,545,014	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ <u>31,834,464</u> \$ <u>9,691,098</u>	\$(<u>8,775,975</u>)
Pension Expense: Service cost		Year Ended 12-31-22 \$ 5,829,990
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾ Administrative expenses		11,756,529 90,077
Member contributions		(3,265,769)
Expected investment return net of investment of Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of res	•	(12,305,952)
Recognition of economic/demographic gains		316,154
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	S	1,998,971
Recognition of investment gains or losses Other ⁽²⁾		454,329 (<u>469,529</u>)
Ottlei		<u>(409,329</u>)
Pension expense		\$ <u>4,404,800</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of esources	lı	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	470,306	\$	103,551
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		3,443,717		-
Changes in assumptions		2,027,617		57,296
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (3)		<u>4,599,674</u>	_	
Totals	\$ <u>1</u>	<u>0,541,314</u>	\$_	160,847

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	
2024	\$ 613,873
2025	87,771
2026	694,824
2027	4,384,325
2028	-
Thereafter (4)	-

⁽³⁾ Any eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description - The County's defined benefit OPEB plan, Johnson County Retiree Health Care Plan (JCRHCP), provides medical benefits to plan members of the County. JCRHCP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. Local Government Code Section 157.101 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to Commissioners Court. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided - Plan participants are full-time regular employees who, at the time they leave County employment, are:

- 1. Eligible for retirement benefits under Texas County and District Retirement guidelines, and
- 2. Have a total of 20 years of service with Johnson County, of which at least 10 years are continuous service, and
- 3. Are covered under the County group health insurance program at the time of the separation, and
- 4. Are not Medicare eligible, or

Elected officials who, at the time they leave Johnson County employment, are:

- 1. Eligible for retirement benefits under Texas County and District Retirement guidelines, and
- 2. Have a total of 16 years of service with the County, of which at least 10 years are continuous service, and
- 3. Are covered under the County group health insurance program at the time of their separation, and
- 4. Are not Medicare eligible.

Members retiring under TCDRS disability retirement provisions must satisfy social security disability requirements that are therefore Medicare eligible. Disabled retirees are not eligible for the County's health insurance. Retiree healthcare ceases when a covered retiree becomes eligible for Medicare coverage.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Coverage for dependents who are not Medicare eligible and who are participants in the County's group health insurance plan at the time of the employee's separation may also be continued. Premiums will be paid for by the retiree and are to be made to the County Treasurer no later than the 10th day of each month. In the event of the retiree's death, covered dependents may continue coverage until they become Medicare eligible provided they make required premium payments on a timely basis. The County will pay for the retiree's vision coverage for 3 years or until the age 65. Any dependent coverage the retiree may have will be at the retiree's cost.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of September 30, 2023:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>515</u>
	525

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to Commissioners Court the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The County may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The County's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by Commissioners Court during the County budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The County does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The County pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees for each rate tier structure (retiree only, retiree + spouse, retiree + child, retiree + children, retiree + family).

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended September 30, 2023, the total benefit payments made to the plan was \$ 196,579. The total benefit payments made include explicit benefit payments made by the County of \$ 132,794 and an implicit benefit payment of \$ 63,785. The implicit subsidy is calculated using a factor which equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected total medical premiums. Since the plan utilizes blended premiums, the benefit payments must include an adjustment for the implicit subsidy. This adjustment reflects the underlying costs of the benefits provided to retirees.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$ 3,932,768 was measured as of September 30, 2023 utilizing the actuarial valuation performed as of September 30, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age
Discount rate 4.77%
Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.50%
Health care trend rates Level 4.50%

Participation rates 90% for retirees eligible for the County subsidy; 10% for retirees not eligible for the County subsidy

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The gender distinct RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables are used with rates for males multiplied by 130% and rates for females multiplied by 110%. For healthy retirees, the valuation employs fully generational mortality projections based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2021.

The gender distinct RP-2014 Disabled Retiree mortality Tables are used with rates for males multiplied by 130% and rates for females multiplied by 115%. For disabled retirees, the valuation employs fully generational mortality projections based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2021.

The gender distinct RP2014 Employee Mortality Tables are used with rates for males and females multiplied by 90%. For active members, the valuation employs fully generational mortality projections based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2022 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2016, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on S&P municipal bond 20 year grade rate index as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 4.77%. The discount rate was 2.19% as of the prior measurement date.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Service cost	\$ 367,687
Interest on total OPEB liability	183,527
Benefit payments	(196,579)
Net change in total OPEB liability	354,635
Total OPEB liability, September 30, 2022	<u>3,578,133</u>
Total OPEB liability, September 30, 2023	\$ <u>3,932,768</u>

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.19% as of September 30, 2021 to 4.77% as of September 30, 2022.

The benefit payments during the measurement period were determined as follows:

Explicit benefit payments (County's portion of premiums) Implicit benefit payments	\$ 132,794 63,785
Total benefit payments	\$ 196,579

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The implicit benefit payments took the total premiums of \$ 196,579 multiplied by a factor of 0.324. The factor equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected explicit costs.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 4.77%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.77%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.77%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease In			1% Increase In		
		iscount Rate Discount Rat (3.77%) (4.77%)			Discount Rate(5.77%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,202,474	\$	3,932,768	\$	3,680,989	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 4.50%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In Trend Rate (3.50%)		Trend Rate (4.50%)		. , .	Increase In rend Rate (5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,570,752	\$	3,932,768	\$	4,350,628
OPEB Expense:						Year Ended 09-30-23
Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual exper Changes in assumptions or other inputs	ience	,				\$ 367,687 183,527 (112,432) (60,139)
OPEB expense						\$ <u>378,643</u>

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 	31,503 223,558	\$_	568,435 484,768
Totals	\$	255,061	\$_	1,053,203

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The County did not have any contributions subsequent to the measurement date due to the measurement date and the date of this report both ending as of September 30, 2023.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,		
2024	\$(172,571)
2025	(172,571)
2026	į (171,421)
2027	Ì	167,797)
2028	į (113,179)
Thereafter	Ì	603)

NOTE 13 - GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS AND SHARED REVENUES

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the County applied for and received federal and state grants related to various activities. The operations of these grants are reported in the general fund, various special revenue funds, and capital projects fund. For the most part, these grants are reimbursement type grants, therefore, revenues equal expenditures. Grant revenues are classified as intergovernmental revenues. The federal financial assistance programs are covered by the requirements of the Single Audit Act and the Uniform Guidance.

The state financial assistance programs are covered by the Texas Grant Management Standards. A single audit was performed on the federal and state financial assistance programs as the federal and state financial assistance programs met the \$ 750,000 threshold.

NOTE 14 - BAIL BOND COLLATERAL

The County holds, as collateral, time deposits and other cash equivalents and real property pledged toward bail bonds. The County does not have access to the assets unless the bond is violated; therefore, these assets are not reported in the financial statements of the County as of September 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2023, bail bonds outstanding totaled \$ 20,205,096 and collateral pledged against these bonds amounted to \$ 1,675,702, respectively.

NOTE 15 - LITIGATION

The County is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Such lawsuits include various civil claims that are currently between the stages of discovery and pleadings. The outcome of these lawsuits and other claims are not presently determinable and the resolutions of these matters are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County. The County does not have any contingent estimated liability as of September 30, 2023.

NOTE 16 - RISK COVERAGE

The County is a participant in the Texas Association of Counties insurance pool for coverage of liability, property, and worker's compensation. The County pays annual premiums to the pool for the coverage stated. Property and liability insurance provide varying and appropriate coverage, with most claims subject to a \$ 5,000 deductible.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 17 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with taxpayers under the State Property Tax Abatement Act, Tax Code Chapter 312. Under the act, the County may enter into a local agreement with a taxpayer that exempts all or part of the increase in the value of the real property and/or tangible personal property from taxation for a period not to exceed 10 years. Tax abatements are an economic development tool available to the County to attract new industries and to engage in the retention and development of existing businesses through property tax exemptions or reductions.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the County abated property taxes totaling \$ 811,748 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- A 75 percent property tax abatement to an oil and gas company for the expansion and development of property to include buildings, structures, fixed machinery and equipment, site improvements plus office space and related fixed improvements necessary to the operation and administration of the facility to accommodate an industrial gas plant and all associated transmission equipment and lines. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounted to \$ 277,748.
- A 75 percent property tax abatement to a manufacturer of tools for the construction of a new facility for increased manufacturing capacity and increased employment. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounts to \$ 115,163.
- A 75 percent property tax abatement to a retail company for the construction of a regional distribution center and increased employment. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounts to \$ 112,131.
- A 75 percent property tax abatement for the construction of a new facility for food processing and packaging and increased employment. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounted to \$85,674.

NOTE 18 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through March 21, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund and Road & Bridge Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General Fund							
	_	Budgeted Original		l Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		Original	_	I IIIai		Amounts		(ivegative)
Taxes	\$	67,303,219	\$	67,303,219	\$	65,493,325	\$(1,809,894)
Intergovernmental		1,473,045	•	1,528,045		1,737,559	. (209,514
Fees		16,877,725		16,822,725		17,856,706		1,033,981
Fines		794,100		794,100		1,432,127		638,027
Licenses and permits		26,000		26,000		26,000		-
Investment income		404,000		404,000		4,021,779		3,617,779
Miscellaneous	_	515,090	_	515,090	_	1,747,857	_	1,232,767
Total revenues	_	87,393,179	_	87,393,179	_	92,315,353	_	4,922,174
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		23,251,696		23,032,867		19,764,479		3,268,388
Administration of justice		10,389,758		10,393,337		8,881,393		1,511,944
Financial administration		1,546,848		1,546,848		1,493,180		53,668
Elections		971,943		972,963		729,599		243,364
Law enforcement		47,163,865		47,253,036		43,389,684		3,863,352
Highways and streets		-		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Health and welfare		1,418,506		1,483,137		1,381,778		101,359
Culture and recreation		418,072		418,072		389,149		28,923
Conservation		291,266		291,535		276,143		15,392
Capital outlay		558,786		1,624,957		3,998,576	(2,373,619)
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		566,018	(566,018)
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		_	24,440	(_	24,440)
Total expenditures	_	86,010,740		87,016,752	_	80,894,439	_	6,122,313
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	1,382,439	_	376,427	_	11,420,914	_	11,044,487
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,000		10,000		63,107		53,107
Issuance of right to use leased assets		10,000		10,000		8,714		8,714
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements		_		_		2,432,201		2,432,201
Transfers in		615,501		618,501		614,632	(3,869)
Transfers out	(1,557,984)	(11,953,661)	(11,506,015	'	447,646
				,	<u> </u>	·		
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u></u>	932,483)	<u> </u>	11,325,160)	<u>(</u>	8,387,361)	_	2,937,799
Net change in fund balance		449,956	(10,948,733)		3,033,553		13,982,286
Fund balance - beginning	_	47,740,699	_	47,740,699	_	47,740,699	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - ending	\$	48,190,655	\$	36,791,966	\$_	50,774,252	\$_	13,982,286

		Road & B	ridge	e Fund	
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	8,794,304 68,000 2,064,000	\$ 8,794,304 68,000 2,064,000	\$	8,575,452 111,156 2,255,642	\$(218,852) 43,156 191,642
_	40,200 121,600	40,200 121,600	_	412,712 250,923	372,512 129,323
_	11,088,104	11,088,104	-	11,605,885	517,781
	- - - -	- - -		- - -	- - -
	13,344,085 - -	- 13,215,050 - -		8,452,723 - -	4,762,327 - -
	1,336,492	- 1,577,564		1,339,247	- 238,317
_	<u>-</u>		_	- 	
_	14,680,577	14,792,614	_	9,791,970	5,000,644
(_	3,592,473)	(3,704,510) _	1,813,915	5,518,425
	-	-		149,398	149,398 -
	- - -	- -	_	6,000	6,000
_			_	155,398	155,398
(3,592,473)	(3,704,510)	1,969,313	5,673,823
_	6,448,772	6,448,772	_	6,448,772	
\$_	2,856,299	\$	\$_	8,418,085	\$5,673,823

Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios For the Last Ten Measurement Years Ended December 31,

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes	\$	5,829,990 11,756,529	\$	4,594,581 10,987,082	\$	3,983,381 10,246,724	\$	3,590,557 9,554,779
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains)		-	(114,592)		8,110,474		-
or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	<u>(</u>	361,493 6,692,544)	(207,101) 6,061,159)		796,747 5,315,194)	(313,482 5,303,269)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		11,255,468		9,198,811		17,822,132		8,155,549
Total Pension Liability - beginning		152,146,180		142,947,369		125,125,237		116,969,688
Total Pension Liability - ending (a)	\$	163,401,648	\$	152,146,180	\$_	142,947,369	\$	125,125,237
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ ((5,808,389 3,265,769 9,615,677) 6,692,544) 90,077) 469,529	(3,979,341 2,424,284 28,894,667 6,061,159) 86,867) 45,997	\$ ((3,596,528 2,191,101 12,264,209 5,315,194) 96,125) 21,157	\$ ((3,175,837 2,041,377 16,767,350 5,303,269) 90,459) 13,906
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(6,854,611)		29,196,263		12,661,676		16,604,742
Fiduciary Net Position - beginning		160,565,161		131,368,898		118,707,222		102,102,480
Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$	153,710,550	\$	160,565,161	\$_	131,368,898	\$	118,707,222
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$	9,691,098	\$(8,418,981)	\$_	11,578,471	\$	6,418,015
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		94.07%		105.53%		91.90%		94.87%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	46,653,839	\$	34,632,632	\$	31,301,448	\$	29,162,524
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		20.77%	(24.31%)	36.99%		22.01%

Note - This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 68, they should not be shown. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	3,466,432 8,924,763 -	\$	3.602.644 8,331,782 - 409,272	\$	3,686,376 7,591,733 - -	\$ (3,356,710 7,131,530 605,396) 1,024,387	\$	3,228,313 6,593,390 -
	393,570	(183,883)		291,215	(1,277,227)		63,386
(_	4,965,130)	(_	4,450,589)	(_	4,014,436)	(_	3,799,131)	(_	3,231,425)
	7,819,635		7,709,226		7,554,888		5,830,873		6,653,664
	109,150,053		101,440,827		93,885,939		88,055,066		81,401,402
\$	116,969,688	\$	109,150,053	\$	101,440,827	\$	93,885,939	\$	88,055,066
\$ ((2,886,381 1,867,348 1,946,155) 4,965,130) 82,009) 4,182	\$ ((2,704,447 1,873,863 13,284,062 4,450,589) 69,388) 1,058	\$ ((2,617,668 1,805,291 6,229,109 4,014,436) 67,695) 409,118	`	2,511,927 1,703,829 616,199) 3,799,131) 60,576) 199,540	\$ ((2,470,381 1,688,738 5,292,764 3,231,425) 62,523) 138,000)
(2,235,383)		13,343,453		6,979,055	(60,610)		6,019,935
_	104,337,863	_	90,994,410	_	84,015,355	_	84,075,965	_	78,056,030
\$	102,102,480	\$	104,337,863	\$	90,994,410	\$	84,015,355	\$	84,075,965
\$	14,867,208	\$	4,812,190	\$	10,446,417	\$	9,870,584	\$	3,979,101
	87.29%		95.59%		89.70%		89.49%		95.48%
\$	26,676,399	\$	26,104,730	\$	25,789,868	\$	24,340,413	\$	24,124,827
	55.73%		18.43%		40.51%		40.55%		16.49%

Texas County And District Retirement System Schedule Of Employer Contributions For the Ten Years Ended September 30,

	Actuarially Determined Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 2,407,91	3 \$ 2,407,913	\$ -	\$ 23,781,437	10.1%
2015	2,492,62	4 2,492,624	-	24,205,219	10.3%
2016	2,707,61	2,707,614	-	26,561,630	10.2%
2017	2,687,04	1 2,687,041	-	26,059,464	10.3%
2018	2,801,25	1 2,801,251	-	26,149,000	10.7%
2019	3,139,99	6 3,139,996	-	28,876,370	10.9%
2020	3,397,11	3,397,114	-	29,926,967	11.4%
2021	3,478,17	2 3,552,854	(74,682)	30,921,273	11.5%
2022	5,481,25	5,520,861	(39,606)	45,269,691	12.2%
2023	5,553,16	7 6,266,209	(713,042)	50,330,993	12.5%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.



Johnson County Retiree Health Care Plan Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Fiscal Year Ending September 30,

Total ODED Liebility		2023		2022	_	2021		2020
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	\$	367,687 183,527	\$	331,882 101,088	\$	331,882 98,711	\$	407,464 116,430
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		-	(376,519) 664,048)		48,981 70,005	(541,872) 96,586
Benefit payments	<u>(</u>	196,579)	(196,579)	(194,407)	(_	163,135)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		354,635	(804,176)		355,172	(84,527)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		<u>3,578,133</u>	_	4,382,309	_	4,027,137	_	<u>4,111,664</u>
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	<u>3,932,768</u>	\$_	3,578,133	\$_	4,382,309	\$_	<u>4,027,137</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ <u>3</u>	<u>5,235,254</u>	\$ <u>3</u>	<u>35,235,254</u>	\$_	<u>28,665,295</u>	\$ <u>2</u>	7,456,551
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	_	<u>11.16</u> %	, =	<u>10.15</u> %	, D =	<u>15.29</u> %) =	<u>14.67</u> %

Notes to Schedule:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

For the year ending September 30, 2023, the health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience and to reflect the repeal of the excise tax on high-cost employer health plans.

Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rates each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

Fiscal Year Ending	Discount Rate
2000	4 ====/
2023	4.77%
2022	4.77%
2021	2.19%
2020	2.41%
2019	2.76%
2018	3.83%
2017	3.50%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 74, they should not be shown. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

	2019	2018					
\$	311,838 138,249 7,941)	\$	319,478 118,225				
<u>(</u>	284,814 138,030	(78,374) 109,424)				
	588,930		249,905				
_	3,522,734		3,272,829				
\$_	<u>4,111,664</u>	\$_	3,522,734				
\$ <u>_2</u>	<u>26,417,574</u>	\$_2	<u>22,612,390</u>				
_	<u>15.56</u> %) =	<u>15.58</u> %				

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The fund budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The major funds, General Fund and Road & Bridge Fund, budget and actual comparisons are presented as Required Supplementary Information at the fund level.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditures purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages and employee benefits; operating expenditures; and capital outlay). Budget amendments to transfer budgeted amounts from one line item to another may be made at the discretion of the Commissioners Court.

NOTE 2 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY/(ASSETS) AND RELATED RATIOS

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 8.6 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2022 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career

including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses,

including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are

assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent

retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males

and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate

scale after 2010.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILTY/(ASSETS) AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions* 2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumption were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions* 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Law Library Fund - This fund accounts for the cost of operating and maintaining a law library for public use. Revenues are derived from law library fees assessed against each civil case filed in District and County courts.

Records Management and Preservation Fund - The "Records Management and Preservation" fee collected by the County and District Clerks, pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011, is for the records management and preservation services performed after the filing and recording of a document in the records of the office of the clerk. The fee is used to provide funds for specific records preservation and automation projects.

Records Management & Preservation - County Clerk Fund - A percentage of civil fees collected by the court clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 135.154, are for records management and preservation services, including automation, performed by the County Clerk.

Records Management & Preservation - District Clerk Fund - A percentage of civil fees collected by the court clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 135.154, are for records management and preservation services, including automation, performed by the District Clerk.

Records Management & Preservation - Recording Fund - Pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011(b)(2) & 118.0216, fees for filing or recording services for non-court related documents are used for specific records managements and preservation, including for automation purposes. This fund may also be used for employee salaries or, with prior commissioners' court approval, to supplement deputies' salaries. Salaries must be proportional to the amount of time each employee spends on management & preservation purposes.

Vital Statistics Preservation Fund - The "Vital Statistics" fee collected by the County Clerk pursuant to Health & Safety Code 191.0045 is for the preservation of vital statistical records. This includes preserving records, training regarding vital statistics and ensuring safety and security of vital statistics records.

Elections Services Contract Fund - This fund accounts for surplus funds from Election Service Contracts under the Texas Election Code 31.003. Funds are used only to defray expenses of the County election officer's office in connection with election-related duties or functions.

STOP SCU Federal Forfeitures Fund - This fund accounts for the funds received from forfeitures in a federal case.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for funds forfeited by the court to the District Attorney. Disbursement is at the discretion of the District Attorney.

Sheriff Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for funds forfeited by the court to the Sheriff. Disbursement is at the discretion of the Sheriff.

STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for the funds received from forfeitures.

Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund - This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues from the Texas Juvenile Justice Department to fund mandatory juvenile justice alternative education programs as required under Chapter 37, Texas Education Code.

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

Truancy Prevention and Diversion Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds which are used by Juvenile Case Managers for management of juvenile truancy case activity.

Juvenile Probation Fees Fund - This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of fees collected by the Juvenile Probation Department.

Unclaimed Juvenile Restitution Fund - This fund accounts for funds resulting from unclaimed juvenile restitution payments. Family Code, Section 54.0482 authorized such funds to be used for the same purposes for which the County may expend juvenile state aide.

Justice of the Peace Technology Fund - This fund accounts for the mandate that each Johnson County justice court assess a technology fee on each conviction, as defined by Art. 102.0173 Code of Criminal Procedure, for a fine-only misdemeanor committed on or after January 1, 2002. The use of this fee is restricted to the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court.

County Specialty Court Fund - This fund is used to record fees collected under Local Government Code 134 to fund only specialty court programs under Subtitle K, Title 2 of the Government Code.

Courthouse Security Fund - This fund accounts for funds used to monitor and increase courthouse security.

Justice Court Building Security Fund - The State Legislature amended the Court of Criminal Procedures Art. 102.017 by adding \$ 1 to the existing Courthouse Security Fund. The Justice of the Peace collect the funds and deposit them in a Justice Court building security fund for providing security services for a Justice Court located in a building that is not in the County Courthouse.

Court Facility Fund - A percentage of civil fees collected by the court clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 135.152, to fund the construction, renovation, or improvement of facilities that house the courts or pay the principal of, interest on, and costs of issuance of bonds issued for the construction, renovation, or improvement of the facilities

Guardianship Fee Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds that provide guardians for indigent incapacitated persons who do not have family members suitable and willing to serve as guardians.

Language Access Fund - A percentage of civil fees collected by the court clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 135.155, to provide language access services for individuals appearing before the court or receiving court services.

Court Reporter Service Fund - This fund accounts for court reporter service fees collected on each civil case filed in courts with an official court reporter. Funds are used only to defray the cost of court reporter related services.

Judicial Education & Support Fund - A percentage of civil fees collected by the court clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 135.159, to pay the continuing judicial education and travel expenses of the judge and staff of the probate court; or the county's contribution to fund the compensation required by Government Code 25.0022 for the presiding judge of a statutory probate court.

Record Archives - County Clerk Fund - The "Records Archive" fee collected by the County Clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011 (f), is for the preservation and restoration services performed by the County Clerk in connection with maintaining a County Clerk's records archive.

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

Record Archives - District Clerk Fund - The "Records Archive" fee collected by the District Clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011 (f), is for the preservation and restoration services performed by the District Clerk in connection with maintaining a District Clerk's records archive.

County/District Court Technology Fund - This fund accounts for fees collected and utilized for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements, or the cost of continuing education and training of county/district court judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements.

Court Records Preservation Digital Fund - This fund accounts for funds received to provide systems to be used for court records preservation.

District Court Records Technology Fund - This fund accounts for fees collected and utilized solely for the preservation and restoration of District Court archives.

Pecan Valley Centers Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of Pecan Valley Centers.

Indigent Health Care Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of providing medical care to indigent County residents. Property taxes are allocated each year for this purpose.

Opioid Remediation Fund - This fund is used to account for revenue received from the State's Opioid Abatement settlement funds. Funds are to be utilized to address opioid-related harms in the community.

Right of Way Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds used to acquire and maintain right-of-ways for various road projects throughout the County. These expenditures are a mixture of both capital and operating costs.

Historical Commission Fund - This fund accounts for resources used to preserve the history and heritage of Johnson County.

Veterans Service Juror Donations Fund - To deposit juror reimbursement donations, pursuant to Government Code 61.003, directed to benefit veterans services, into a special revenue fund to be utilized by the veterans county service office. Funds received can be utilized for any legitimate and lawful expenses of the veterans service office, within commissions court approved budgeted line items.

Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund - This fund accounts for fees earned and expenditures authorized for participants' successful completion of the pre-trial bond program ordered by the court under the supervision of the Community Service and Corrections Department.

STOP SCU Operations Fund - This fund accounts for the funds provided through interlocal agreements and utilized for the drug task force.

Sheriff Inmate Commissary Fund - This fund is used to account for jail inmates' purchase of food, toiletry items, and other supplies. Expenditures are for the purchase of stock and profits generated may be used by the Sheriff to purchase items for the benefit of the inmate population.

Sheriff LEOSE Fund - This fund accounts for fees provided for law enforcement officers' educational expenditures under the Law Enforcement Officers Standards & Education program.

County Attorney Collection Fund - This fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of fees earned for the collection of bad checks issued in the County. Disbursement is at the discretion of the County Attorney.

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

County Attorney LEOSE Fund - This fund accounts for fees provided for law enforcement officers' educational expenditures under the Law Enforcement Officers Standards & Education program.

District Attorney 18th **Judicial Fund** - This fund accounts for funds received from the state for salary supplements and welfare fraud expense reimbursements in the District Attorney's Office.

District Attorney Collection Fund - This fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of fees earned for the collection of bad checks issued in the County. Disbursement is at the discretion of the District Attorney.

Combined Constables LEOSE Fund - This fund accounts for fees provided for law enforcement officers' educational expenditures under the Law Enforcement Officers Standards & Education program.

MVIE - Tax A/C Penalty & Interest - This fund accounts for interest earned from the Tax Assessor/Collector Special Inventory Account to provide more efficient service to dealers. Disbursement is at the discretion of the Tax Assessor/Collector.

Cities Readiness Initiative Fund - This fund accounts for grant proceeds that allow the County to assist the Office of Public Health in the implementation of activities associated with the FY 04 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Public Health Preparedness and Response for Bioterrorism Cooperative Agreement. This project is designed to upgrade state and local public health jurisdictions' preparedness for a response to bioterrorism, other outbreaks of infectious disease, and other public health threats and emergencies.

LATCF (Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Fund) - This fund is used to account for the federal grant funds received by Johnson County that shall be used on programs, services and/or capital expenditures that are traditionally undertaken by a government and considered to fulfill a "governmental purpose."

Juvenile Probation Fund - This fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Juvenile Justice Department to supplement expenditures of the County in administering a Juvenile Probation Department. The County operates under an approved budget with the TJJD and submits reports quarterly with an annual contract report submitted as of each fiscal year ended August 31.

Bullet Resistant Shield Grant - This fund is used to account for the state grant funds from the Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division that shall be used to provide bullet resistant shields for the Sheriff's office and the four Constables' office.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Construction Projects Fund - This fund is used to record costs incurred in constructing or improving a capital asset that meet the capital construction criteria and are not funded by either grants or borrowed funds.

Software Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the acquisition and implementation of new software systems.

Burleson Sub Courthouse Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for expenditures incurred in the renovation of the Burleson Sub Courthouse.

Sheriff's Office Renovation Fund - This fund is used to account for expenditures incurred in the renovation of the Sheriff's office.

911 Call Center Fund - This fund is used to record expenditures for the construction of a 911 Call Center and the costs incurred to equip the call center. Funding is provided thru the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA).

Building Maintenance Workshop Fund - This fund is used to record expenditures for the construction of a maintenance workshop for Johnson County as well as a workshop for the Community Supervision and Corrections Department.

Evidence Processing Building - This fund is used to account for expenditures for the construction of an Evidence Processing Building. This facility will be used by law enforcement to secure evidence and to process automobiles for evidence.

Law Enforcement Software Fund - This fund is used to record expenditures for the configuration and implementation of a Law Enforcement/Public Safety software platform.



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023					Cassial
	_	Law Library Fund	Records Management and Preservation Fund	Ma & F	Special Records anagement reservation ounty Clerk Fund
Assets:	\$	168,959	\$	- \$	560,358
Cash and temporary investments Investments	Φ	100,939	Φ	- Þ	360,336
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		-		-	-
Taxes		_		_	_
Accounts		-		_	-
Due from other governments		-		-	-
Due from other funds		-		-	-
Inventories		-		-	-
Prepaid expenditures				<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	168,959	\$	<u>-</u> \$	560,358
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:					
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	5,882	\$	- \$	-
Due to other funds		-		-	-
Unearned revenue		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities		5,882		_	_
rotal liabilities		0,002			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred inflows of resources				<u>-</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources				<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable		-		-	-
Restricted		163,077		<u> </u>	560,358
Total fund balance		163,077		<u>-</u>	560,358
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balance	\$	168,959	\$	<u>-</u> \$	560,358

Reve	nue Funds										
& I	Records lanagement Preservation bistrict Clerk Fund	Records Management & Preservation Recording Fund		Vital Statistics Preservation Fund		Election Services Contract Fund		_	STOP SCU Federal Forfeitures Fund	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund	
\$	136,041 -	\$	2,917,315	\$	42,353	\$	830,793 -	\$	4,813	\$	128,797 -
	-		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- 342 -
	- - 	_	- - -	_	- - -		- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -
\$	136,041	\$	2,917,315	\$_	42,353	\$	830,793	\$_	4,813	\$_	129,139
\$	-	\$	6,237 -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -
		_	6,237	-	-	_	-	-		_	-
				-				-	-	_	-
				_				_		_	<u> </u>
	136,041	_	2,911,07 <u>8</u>	_	42,353		830,793	_	4,813	_	- 129,139
	136,041		2,911,078	_	42,353		830,793	_	4,813	_	129,139
\$	136,041	\$	2,917,315	\$_	42,353	\$	830,793	\$_	4,813	\$_	129,139

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued
September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023						Special
	F	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund		STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund		Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$	6,288	\$	806,432	¢	62,744
Investments	φ	0,200	φ	000,432	Φ	02,744
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Taxes		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		62,694
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$	6,288	\$	806,432	\$	125,438
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,328
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		
Total liabilities						19,328
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		6,288		806,432	_	106,110
Total fund balance		6,288		806,432		106,110
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$	6,288	\$	806,432	\$	125,438

Revenue Funds	

F	Truancy Prevention and Diversion Fund		Juvenile Probation Fees Fund	_	Unclaimed Juvenile Restitution Fund		Justice of the Peace Technology Fund		County Specialty Court Fund		Courthouse Security Fund	
\$	23,504	\$	68,189	\$	1,378	\$	303,701	\$	46,169	\$	228,925	
	- -		- 1,552 -		- - -		- -		- - -		- - -	
	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -		- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -	
\$	23,504	\$_	69,741	\$_	1,378	\$	303,701	\$_	46,169	\$ ₌	228,925	
\$	9 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,481 -	\$		\$	15,575 -	
_	9	-	<u> </u>	-		_	1,481	-		-		
_		_		_	-			_		_		
_		_		_				-		-	<u> </u>	
_	- 23,495	_	- 69,741	_	- 1,378	_	302,220	_	- 46,169	_	213,350	
_	23,495	_	69,741	-	1,378		302,220	-	46,169	-	213,350	
\$	23,504	\$_	69,741	\$_	1,378	\$	303,701	\$_	46,169	\$_	228,925	

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued
September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023						Special
		Justice Court Building Security Fund		Court Facility Fund		Guardianship Fee Fund
Assets:	Φ.	00 240	Φ	405 500	Φ	40.000
Cash and temporary investments Investments	\$	99,310	\$	105,530	\$	42,020
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		-		-		-
Taxes		_		-		_
Accounts		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures					_	_
Total assets	\$	99,310	\$	105,530	\$_	42,020
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Unearned revenue				<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources		_		-		_
					_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		99,310		105,530	_	42,020
Total fund balance		99,310		105,530	_	42,020
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$	99,310	\$	105,530	\$_	42,020

Re	ver	1116	F	un	ds

	Language Access Fund		Court Reporter Service Fund		Judicial Education & Support Fund		Record Archives - County Clerk Fund		Record Archives - District Clerk Fund		County/ District Court Technology Fund
\$	33,418	\$	138,939	\$	4,761	\$	869,275	\$	82,991 -	\$	13,212
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	33,418	\$_	138,939	\$ ₌	4,761	\$_	869,275	\$	82,991	\$_	13,212
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
_		_	-	_		_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
_		_		-		_	-	•	-	-	
_		_		-		_				_	
_		_		_			-	-		_	-
_	- 33,418	_	- 138,939	_	- 4,761	_	- 869,275		- 82,991	_	- 13,212
_	33,418	_	138,939	_	4,761	_	869,275	-	82,991	_	13,212
\$	33,418	\$_	138,939	\$_	4,761	\$_	869,275	\$	82,991	\$_	13,212

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued
September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023						Special
		Court Records eservation Digital Fund		District Court Records echnology Fund		Pecan Valley Centers Fund
Assets:	φ	447 504	ф	226 565	ው	10 755
Cash and temporary investments Investments	\$	417,501	\$	236,565	\$	18,755
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		-		-		-
Taxes		_		-		-
Accounts		-		-		491
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$	417,501	\$	236,565	\$	19,246
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	-	\$	45,131	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities				45,131		<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources		-				<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		417,501		191,434		19,246
Total fund balance		417,501		191,434	_	19,246
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$	417,501	\$	236,565	\$	19,246

Rev	venue Funds								Veterans		
	Indigent Health Care Fund	Opioid Remediation Fund		Right of Way Fund		Historical Commission Fund			Service Juror Donations Fund	Pre-trial Bond Supervision Fund	
\$	3,397,372 131,851	\$	129,648 -	\$	508,933 821,507	\$	65,175 -	\$	11,861 -	\$	462,425 -
	23,477 188 -		- - -		- 764 -		- - -		- 76 -		- 20,816 -
	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -
\$	3,552,888	\$ ₌	129,648	\$ ₌	1,331,204	\$_	65,175	\$_	11,937	\$_	483,241
\$	232,179	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60	\$	-	\$	12,280
_	232,179	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	60	-	<u>-</u>	_	12,280
_	18,382	_		_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_	-
	18,382	-		-		_		-		-	<u> </u>
_	3,302,32 <u>7</u>	_	- 129,648	_	- 1,331,204	_	- 65,11 <u>5</u>	_	- 11,937	_	470,96 <u>1</u>
_	3,302,327	-	129,648	-	1,331,204	_	65,115	-	11,937	_	470,961
\$	3,552,888	\$_	129,648	\$_	1,331,204	\$_	65,175	\$_	11,937	\$_	483,241

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023						Special
	_	STOP SCU Operations Fund		Sheriff Inmate Commissary Fund		Sheriff LEOSE Fund
Assets:	ф	400,000	Φ	4 000 700	Φ	04.000
Cash and temporary investments Investments	\$	189,989	\$	1,082,788	\$	21,069
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		-		-		-
Taxes		_		_		_
Accounts		618		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Inventories		-		104,455		-
Prepaid expenditures	_	5,292	_	-	_	-
Total assets	\$_	195,899	\$	1,187,243	\$_	21,069
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	4,936	\$	49,384	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Unearned revenue	_	-	_	-	_	-
Total liabilities	_	4,936	_	49,384	_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	_				_	
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		5,292		104,455		-
Restricted	_	185,671		1,033,404	_	21,069
Total fund balance	_	190,963	_	1,137,859	_	21,069
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$_	195,899	\$	1,187,243	\$_	21,069

Re	venue Funds										MVIE
	County Attorney Collection Fund	County Attorney LEOSE Fund		_	District Attorney 18 th Judicial Fund		District Attorney Collection Fund	_	Combined Constables LEOSE Fund	Tax A/C Penalty & Interest Fund	
\$	48,854 -	\$	1,617 -	\$	781 -	\$	11,889	\$	19,698 -	\$	92,292 -
			- - -		- 1,830 -						- 11,533 -
	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -		- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -
\$	48,854	\$_	1,617	\$_	2,611	\$	11,889	\$ ₌	19,698	\$_	103,825
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,830	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	<u>-</u>	_	- 	_	<u>-</u>		-	_	18,851	_	
	-	_	-	_	1,830		-	_	18,851	_	
_		_		_		_		_		-	
_		_		-			-	-		-	<u>-</u>
	- 48,854	_	- 1,617	_	- 781	_	- 11,889	_	- 847	_	- 103,825
_	48,854	_	1,617	_	781	_	11,889	_	847	-	103,825
\$	48,854	\$_	1,617	\$_	2,611	\$	11,889	\$_	19,698	\$_	103,825

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued
September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023						Special Revenue
	_	Cities Readiness Initiative Fund		Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Fund		Juvenile Probation Fund
Assets:	c	20.404	φ	111 522	φ	10E C10
Cash and temporary investments Investments	\$	28,401	\$	111,533	\$	125,618
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		-		-		-
Taxes		-		_		_
Accounts		-		-		124
Due from other governments		5,274		-		210,512
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		-		-	_	-
Total assets	\$	33,675	\$	111,533	\$	336,254
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	3,675	\$	-	\$	59,784
Due to other funds		30,000		-		276,470
Unearned revenue	_		_	111,533	_	-
Total liabilities	_	33,675	_	111,533	_	336,254
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources			_		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources			_			
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	
Total fund balance						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$	33,675	\$	111,533	\$_	336,254

Funds				Capital Project Funds									
Bullet Resistant Shield Grant Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds			Construction Projects Fund		Software Projects Fund		Burleson Sub Courthouse Construction Fund		Sheriff's Office Renovation Fund		
\$	-	\$	14,708,979 953,358	\$	-	\$	149,755 -	\$	-	\$	38,375 -		
	- - -		23,477 38,334 278,480		- - -		- - -		- -				
	- - <u>-</u>		- 104,455 5,292	_	- - -		- - -	_	- - -	_	131,968 - -		
\$	<u> </u>	\$	16,112,375	\$_		\$	149,755	\$_		\$_	170,343		
\$	- - -	\$	457,771 306,470 130,384	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	170,343 - -		
		_	894,625	-	-			-		_	170,343		
		_	18,382	_	<u>-</u>		_	_	<u>-</u>	_	-		
		_	18,382	-				-	<u>-</u>	_			
	- -	_	109,747 15,089,621	_	<u>-</u>	_	- 149,755	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		
			15,199,368	-			149,755	-	<u>-</u>	-			
\$		\$	16,112,375	\$_		\$	149,755	\$_		\$	170,343		

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued
September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023						Capital
		911 Call Center Fund	Ma	Building aintenance Vorkshop Fund		Evidence Processing Building Fund
Assets:	c	004 049	¢	220 005	¢	2
Cash and temporary investments Investments	\$	921,948	\$	230,895	\$	3
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		-		-		-
Taxes		_		_		_
Accounts		_		_		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Prepaid expenditures			-		_	
Total assets	\$	921,948	\$	230,895	\$	3
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	542,341	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		365,390		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-	_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		907,731		-	_	_
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of resources					_	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		14,217		230,895	_	3
Total fund balance		14,217		230,895	_	3
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$	921,948	\$	230,895	\$	3

Pro	oject Funds				
_	Law Enforcement Software Fund	Total Capital Project Funds			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	266,483	\$	1,607,459 -	\$	16,316,438 953,358
	- - - - -		- - - 131,968 - -		23,477 38,334 278,480 131,968 104,455 5,292
\$_	266,483	\$	1,739,427	\$_	17,851,802
\$	- - -	\$	712,684 365,390	\$	1,170,455 671,860 130,384
_		_	1,078,074	-	1,972,699
_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	-	18,382
_		_	<u>-</u>	-	18,382
_	<u>266,483</u>	_	661,353	_	109,747 15,750,974

661,353

<u>266,483</u> \$ <u>1,739,427</u> \$

266,483

15,860,721

17,851,802

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						<u>Special</u>
	Lil	.aw orary und	Ma	Records nagement and servation Fund	Maı & Pr	Records nagement eservation unty Clerk Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Intergovernmental	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Fees		110,528		-		42,258
Fines Investment income		3,847		-		- 19,212
Miscellaneous		-				-
Total revenues		114,375		<u>-</u>		61,470
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government Administration of justice		98,564		-		6,218
Elections		-		-		-
Law enforcement		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-
Capital outlay Debt Service:		-		-		-
Principal				<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures		98,564		-		6,218
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		15,811				55,252
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements		-		-		-
Transfers in Transfers out		-	1	2,256,739)		-
Hansiers out		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Z,230,739</u>)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)			(2,256,739)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		15,811	(2,256,739)		55,252
Fund balance - beginning		147,266		2,256,739		505,106
Fund balance - ending	\$	163,077	\$		\$	560,358

Revenue Funds						
Records Management & Preservation District Clerk Fund	Records Management & Preservation Recording Fund	Vital Statistics Preservation Fund	Election Services Contract Fund	STOP SCU Federal Forfeitures Fund	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 37,255	\$ -	\$ -	
80,823	375,290	10,799	-	-	- 2,779	
2,378	111,826 	894 	22,494 126,437	118	3,100	
83,201	487,116	11,693	186,186	118	5,879	
6,517	184,762	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	- 34,992	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	5,792	-	-	-	-	
6,517	190,554		34,992			
76,684	296,562	11,693	151,194	118	5,879	
-	2,256,739	-	-	-	-	
<u> </u>	2,250,759					
	2,256,739					
76,684	2,553,301	11,693	151,194	118	5,879	
59,357	357,777	30,660	679,599	4,695	123,260	
\$ <u>136,041</u>	\$\$	\$\$	\$830,793	\$4,813	\$129,139	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Special
	_	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund	STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	•	-	-	325,781
Fees		- 0.000	- 270 740	-
Fines Investment income		2,838 90	370,743 16,118	- 1,569
Miscellaneous		90	7,461	1,309
Micconariocac			7,101	
Total revenues	_	2,928	394,322	327,350
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		-	-	-
Administration of justice		-	-	310,826
Elections Law enforcement		-	322	-
Health and welfare		-	322	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	_	-	_	-
Total expenditures	_	<u>-</u>	322	310,826
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	_	2,928	394,000	16,524
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements		-	-	-
Transfers in		-	-	-
Transfers out	_		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	_	_	_
Net change in fund balance		2,928	394,000	16,524
Fund balance - beginning	_	3,360	412,432	89,586
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,288	\$806,432	\$106,110

I	R	۵۱	ıΔr	าเเ	Δ	Fι	ın	ds
		E١	/ 🖯	ш	H	ГU	11	U.S

Truancy Prevention and Diversion Fund		Juvenile Probation Fees Fund		Unclaimed Juvenile Restitution Fund		Justice of the Peace Technology Fund		County Specialty Court Fund	Courthouse Security Fund		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	17,397		14,669		-		13,362	16,883		126,044	
	887 -		6,100		34		7,714 -	 786 -		5,772 -	
	18,284		20,769		34		21,076	 17,669		131,816	
	- 59,459		- -		- -		- 35,610	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		38,106	
	-		30,887		-		-	-		114,277	
							-	 			
	59,459		30,887				35,610	 	_	152,383	
(41,175)	(10,118)		34	(14,534)	 17,669	(20,567)	
	53,000		- - -		- - -		- - -	28,500 -		- - -	
	53,000						<u>-</u>	 28,500		-	
	11,825	(10,118)		34	(14,534)	46,169	(20,567)	
	11,670		79,859		1,344		316,754	 -		233,917	
\$	23,495	\$	69,741	\$	1,378	\$	302,220	\$ 46,169	\$	213,350	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Special
	_	Justice Court Building Security Fund	Court Facility Fund	Guardianship Fee Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	Ψ	-	-	-
Fees		163	61,527	20,705
Fines Investment income		2,431	- 1,751	- 1,066
Miscellaneous		-		
Total revenues	_	2,594	63,278	21,771
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		-	-	- 17 507
Administration of justice Elections		-	-	17,527
Law enforcement		-	-	-
Health and welfare		-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-
Debt Service: Principal				
ТППСІРАІ	_			
Total expenditures	_			17,527
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,594	63,278	4,244
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements		-	-	-
Transfers in		-	-	-
Transfers out	_		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-		-
Net change in fund balance		2,594	63,278	4,244
Fund balance - beginning	_	96,716	42,252	37,776
Fund balance - ending	\$	99,310	\$ <u>105,530</u>	\$ <u>42,020</u>

Į	<u>≺</u>	e	۷	e	าเ	<u>je</u>	<u> </u>	u	n	d	S

Nev	Language Access Fund	Court Reporter Service Fund	Judicial Education & Support Fund	Record Archives - County Clerk Fund	Record Archives - District Clerk Fund	County/ District Court Technology Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	20,156	79,440	2,600	375,140	- 785	4,063
_	550 	2,326	81 	34,422 9,327	2,025	269
	20,706	81,766	2,681	418,889	2,810	4,332
	-	-	-	428,985	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-
	- - -	-	- - -	-	- - -	- - -
_	<u>-</u>					<u>-</u>
_	<u>-</u>			428,985		
_	20,706	81,766	2,681	(10,096)	2,810	4,332
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
_	<u>-</u>					
	20,706	81,766	2,681	(10,096)	2,810	4,332
	12,712	57,173	2,080	879,371	80,181	8,880
\$	33,418	\$138,939	\$	\$869,275	\$82,991	\$13,212

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						Special
	_	Court Records Preservation Digital Fund	R Ted	District Court ecords chnology Fund		Pecan Valley Centers Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$		¢		¢	
Intergovernmental	Ф	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fees		1,881		1,128		-
Fines		-		-		-
Investment income		12,666		6,008		396
Miscellaneous	_			<u>-</u>		5,889
Total revenues	_	14,547		7,136		6,285
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-				-
Administration of justice Elections		-		55,585		-
Law enforcement		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		_		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Debt Service:						
Principal	_	-		-		-
Total expenditures	_			55,585		<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	_	14,547	(48,449)		6,285
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out	_					_
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-				-
Net change in fund balance		14,547	(48,449)		6,285
Fund balance - beginning	_	402,954		239,883		12,961
Fund balance - ending	\$_	417,501	\$	191,434	\$	19,246

	Indigent Health Opioid Care Remediation Fund Fund		Remediation	Right of Way Fund		Historical Commission Fund		Veterans Service Juror Donations Fund		Pre-trial Bond Supervision Fund	
\$	1,631,229 100,370	\$	- 128,297 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 247,568 -
_	162,760 3,390		- 1,351 -		53,358 		1,605 -		195 7,862		- 11,396 -
	1,897,749		129,648		53,358		1,605		8,057		258,964
	-		-		-		4,171 -		517 -		- 201,958
	1,042,499 476,520		- - -		- - - 88,000		- - -		- - -		- - -
_			-		-		-		-		
	1,519,019		<u>-</u>		88,000		4,171		517		201,958
	378,730		129,648	(34,642)	(2,566)		7,540		57,006
	- - -		- - -	_	- - -		10,000 		- - -		- - -
_	<u>-</u>		-		-		10,000			_	
	378,730		129,648	(34,642)		7,434		7,540		57,006
	2,923,597				1,365,846		57,681		4,397		413,955
\$	3,302,327	\$	129,648	\$	1,331,204	\$	65,115	\$	11,937	\$	470,961

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Special
	STOP SCU Operations Fund	Sheriff Inmate Commissary Fund	Sheriff LEOSE Fund
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Fees	\$ - 44,203 -	\$ - 1,633,767	\$ - 5,241 -
Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	5,975 2,653	21,556 73,832	594
Total revenues	52,831	1,729,155	5,835
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice Elections Law enforcement Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	157,804 (1,049,552 - 139,471 - - 1,189,023 540,132	6,701 (666)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements Transfers in Transfers out	90,504 	- - (<u>592,610</u>)	- - -
Total other financing sources (uses)	90,504	(592,610)	
Net change in fund balance	(14,469)	(52,478)	(866)
Fund balance - beginning	205,432	1,190,337	21,935
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>190,963</u>	\$ <u>1,137,859</u>	\$ <u>21,069</u>

County Attorney Collection Fund	County County Attorney Attorney Collection LEOSE		District Attorney Collection Fund	Combined Constables LEOSE Fund	MVIE Tax A/C Penalty & Interest Fund	
\$ - 1,970	\$ - 1,061 -	\$ - 22,057 -	\$ - 450	\$ - 2,849	\$ - - -	
953 	29 	91 	282 	- 454 	40,293 12,017	
2,923	1,090	22,148	732	3,303	52,310	
-	-	-	-	-	7,215	
- 1,168	903	- 666		- 2,456	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,168	903	666		2,456	7,215	
<u>1,755</u>	187	21,482	732	847	45,095	
- -	-	- -	- -	-	-	
		(21,964)	<u> </u>			
		(21,964)	<u> </u>			
1,755	187	(482)	732	847	45,095	
47,099	1,430	1,263	11,157	_	58,730	
\$\$	\$1,617	\$	\$11,889	\$847	\$103,825	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				(Special Revenue
		Cities Readiness Initiative Fund	Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Fund		Juvenile Probation Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	_	\$	- \$	_
Intergovernmental	Ψ	47,291	Ψ	- Ψ	1,059,713
Fees		-		-	-
Fines Investment income		-		- -	-
Miscellaneous				<u> </u>	
Total revenues		47,291		<u> </u>	1,059,713
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government Administration of justice		-		-	1,059,713
Elections		-		-	-
Law enforcement				-	-
Health and welfare Capital outlay		77,689 49,821		-	-
Debt Service:		40,021		_	_
Principal		6,982		=	
Total expenditures	_	134,492		= _	1,059,713
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(87,201)		_	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements		49,821		-	-
Transfers in		37,380		-	-
Transfers out				= _	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		87,201		= _	
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-
Fund balance - beginning		_		<u> </u>	-
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	_ \$	

Funds					Capital Project Funds									
	Bullet Resistant Shield Grant Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Construction Projects Fund	_	Software Projects Fund		Burleson Sub Courthouse Construction Fund		Sheriff's Office Renovation Fund			
\$	130,490 -	\$	1,631,229 2,152,176 3,011,828 376,360	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -			
	<u>-</u>		567,822 248,868		<u>-</u>	-	3,669	_	620	_	16,347			
	130,490		7,988,283			-	3,669	_	620	_	16,347			
	-		736,949 1,740,678		-		-		16,209		1,797			
	- - -		34,992 2,300,177		- - -		- -		- -		- -			
	130,490		554,209 558,738		- 316,232		-		-		- 1,338,952			
			6,982			-	-	_	-	_	_			
	130,490		5,932,725		316,232	-		_	16,209	_	1,340,749			
_			2,055,558	(316,232) _	3,669	_	15,589)	(1,324,402)			
_	- - -	<u>(</u>	49,821 2,476,123 2,871,313)		316,232 -	-	- - -	<u>(</u>	- 183,532 <u>58</u>)	_	346,968 -			
		(345,369)		316,232	_		_	183,474	_	346,968			
	-		1,710,189		-		3,669		167,885	(977,434)			
	-		13,489,179			-	146,086	(167,885)	_	977,434			
\$		\$	15,199,368	\$		\$	149,755	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Capital
	911 Call Center Fund	Building Maintenance Workshop Fund	Evidence Processing Building Fund
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Fees	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$ - - -
Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	13,889 	5,657 	3
Total revenues	13,889	5,657	3
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice Elections Law enforcement	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal	1,834,972	- -	5,800
Total expenditures	1,834,972		5,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(1,821,083)	5,657	(5,797)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements Transfers in Transfers out	1,834,972 	- - -	5,800
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,834,972		5,800
Net change in fund balance	13,889	5,657	3
Fund balance - beginning	328	225,238	
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>14,217</u>	\$	\$3

Project	: Funds
---------	---------

_	Law Enforcement Software Fund		Total Capital Project Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - 40,185	\$	1,631,229 2,152,176 3,011,828 376,360 608,007 248,868
_		_	40,185	_	8,028,468
	- - - - 266,482		18,006 - - - - - 3,762,438		754,955 1,740,678 34,992 2,300,177 554,209 4,321,176
_	<u>-</u>			_	6,982
_	266,482	_	3,780,444	_	9,713,169
(_	266,482)	(3,740,259)	(1,684,701)
_	532,965 	<u>(</u>	3,220,469 58)	(49,821 5,696,592 2,871,371)
_	532,965		3,220,411	_	2,875,042
	266,483	(519,848)		1,190,341
_	-	_	1,181,201	_	14,670,380
\$_	266,483	\$	661,353	\$_	15,860,721



							Variance With Final Budget
	 Budgeted	d Am		Actual			Positive
General Administration:	Original	_	Final		Amounts	_	(Negative)
County Clerk:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 2,750,591	\$	2,750,591	\$	2,528,130	\$	222,461
Operating expenditures	 91,363	_	91,363		88,844	_	2,519
Total County Clerk	 2,841,954	_	2,841,954	_	2,616,974	_	224,980
County Judge:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	550,172		550,172		523,206		26,966
Operating expenditures	 12,485	_	15,085		12,329	_	2,756
Total County Judge	 562,657	_	565,257		535,535	_	29,722
County Commissioners:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	 641,339	_	641,339		626,403	_	14,936
Total County Commissioners	 641,339	_	641,339		626,403	_	14,936
Veterans:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	316,242		316,242		250,846		65,396
Operating expenditures	 15,050	_	15,050		8,657	_	6,393
Total Veterans	331,292	_	331,292		259,503	_	71,789
Engineering:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	127,982		127,982		86,135		41,847
Operating expenditures	 <u> </u>	_	3,850		<u> </u>	_	3,850
Total Engineering	127,982	_	131,832		86,135	_	45,697
Public Works:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	854,428		854,428		773,258		81,170
Operating expenditures	50,254		50,254		41,137		9,117
Capital outlay	26,245	_	26,245		26,245	_	
Total Public Works	 930,927	_	930,927		840,640	_	90,287
Facilities Management:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	1,515,172		1,515,172		1,428,917		86,255
Operating expenditures	2,787,619		2,946,529		2,116,598		829,931
Capital outlay	55,363		288,810		288,381		429
Total Facilities Management	4,358,154	_	4,750,511		3,833,896	_	916,615
•	 4,000,104	_	4,700,011		0,000,000	-	310,013
Purchasing:	505.004		504 450		F7F 440		0.040
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	565,024		581,458		575,448		6,010
Operating expenditures Debt service	73,699		84,099		68,086 8,098	1	16,013 8,098
	 -	-				Ţ	
Total Purchasing	 638,723	_	665,557		651,632	_	13,925
							(continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	_ Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
General Administration - Continued: Information Systems:	Original	- I mai	Amounto	(Nogativo)	
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 1,498,613				
Operating expenditures	2,835,614	2,835,614		1,018,541	
Capital outlay	198,000	198,000		(2,024,441)	
Debt service			482,994	(482,994)	
Total Information Systems	4,532,227	4,532,227	5,961,084	(1,428,857)	
Mail Room:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	125,687	125,687		2,765	
Operating expenditures	9,100	12,530	•	5,067	
Capital outlay		13,100	13,077	23	
Total Mail Room	134,787	151,317	143,462	7,855	
Telecommunications:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	59,765	59,765	59,414	351	
Total Telecommunications	59,765	59,765	59,414	351	
Personnel:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	604,503	604,503	570,136	34,367	
Operating expenditures	31,200	31,200	14,294	<u>16,906</u>	
Total Personnel	635,703	635,703	<u>584,430</u>	51,273	
County Tax Collector:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	2,183,471	2,183,471	1,997,028	186,443	
Operating expenditures	330,319	330,319		126,882	
Capital outlay	5,669	5,669			
Total County Tax Collector	2,519,459	2,519,459	2,206,134	313,325	
Non depositionable					
Non-departmental: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	770,133	728,706	640,276	88,430	
Operating expenditures	4,451,871	4,078,845		312,979	
Capital outlay	-,401,011	42,474		(107,253)	
Debt service			49,381	(49,381)	
Total Non-departmental	5,222,004	4,850,025	4,605,250	244,775	
Total General Administration	23,536,973	23,607,165	23,010,492	596,673	
Administration of Justice: County Court at Law I:					
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	746,061	746,061	706,186	39,875	
Operating expenditures	322,325	294,934		76,900	
Total County Court at Law I	1,068,386	1,040,995	5924,220	116,775	
Total County Court at Law 1	1,000,000	1,070,000	<u> </u>	(continued)	
				(continued)	

	Budgeted Amo		Ι Δποι	ınte	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Administration of Justice - Continued: County Court at Law II: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	578,500	\$	578,500	\$ 545,990	\$	32,510	
Operating expenditures		334,725		268,393	 <u>161,579</u>	-	106,814	
Total County Court at Law II		913,225		846,893	707,569	_	139,324	
General County Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		80,265 10,500		80,265 10,500	32,239 2,690		48,026 7,810	
Total General County Court		90,765		90,765	34,929		55,836	
General District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		80,265 115,891		80,265 160,894	 40,172 156,937	_	40,093 3,957	
Total General District Court		196,156		241,159	197,109	_	44,050	
249th District Court:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		377,728 417,700		377,728 417,700	 362,733 370,616	_	14,995 47,084	
Total 249th District Court		795,428		795,428	 733,349	_	62,079	
18 th District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		351,133 436,900		351,143 426,900	330,141 411,599	_	21,002 15,301	
Total 18th District Court		788,033		778,043	 741,740	_	36,303	
413 th District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		372,453 643,458		372,453 681,583	357,690 584,852	_	14,763 96,731	
Total 413th District Court		1,015,911		1,054,036	942,542	_	111,494	
District Clerk:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,767,625 85,529		1,767,625 82,373	 1,705,228 81,314	_	62,397 1,059	
Total District Clerk		1,853,154		1,849,998	1,786,542	_	63,456	
Jury: Operating expenditures Capital outlay		145,900		173,068 13,379	169,870 13,379	_	3,198	
Total Jury		145,900		186,447	183,249	_	3,198	
Justice of the Peace #1: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		375,484 20,852		375,636 20,852	371,188 14,877	_	4,448 5,975	
Total Justice of the Peace #1		396,336		396,488	 386,065	_	10,423	
							, , ,	

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Administration of Justice - Continued:	_				
Justice of the Peace #2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 366,951 22,350	\$ 366,951 22,350	\$ 298,630 19,391	\$ 68,321 	
Total Justice of the Peace #2	389,301	389,301	318,021	71,280	
Justice of the Peace #3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	373,380 24,900	373,380 24,900	355,127 19,108	18,253 5,792	
Total Justice of the Peace #3	398,280	398,280	374,235	24,045	
Justice of the Peace #4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	367,091 22,877	367,091 22,877	362,545 10,693	4,546 12,184	
Total Justice of the Peace #4	389,968	389,968	373,238	16,730	
Bail Bonds Office: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	74,060 2,000	74,060 2,000	72,908 1,500	1,152 500	
Total Bail Bonds Office	76,060	76,060	74,408	1,652	
Adult Probation: Operating expenditures	7,600	7,600	4,902	2,698	
Total Adult Probation	7,600	7,600	4,902	2,698	
Juvenile Probation: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	449,836 1,414,919	449,836 1,414,919	424,970 687,377	24,866 727,542	
Total Juvenile Probation	1,864,755	1,864,755	1,112,347	752,408	
Child Protection Court: Operating expenditures	500	500	307	193	
Total Child Protection Court	500	500	307	193	
Total Administration of Justice	10,389,758	10,406,716	8,894,772	1,511,944	
Financial Administration: County Auditor: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	1,239,549	1,239,549	1,217,480	22,069	
Operating expenditures	48,800	48,800	33,829	14,971	
Total County Auditor	1,288,349	1,288,349	1,251,309	37,040	
County Treasurer: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	245,999 12,500	246,539 11,960	230,714 11,157	15,825 803	
Total County Treasurer	258,499	258,499	241,871	16,628	
Total Financial Administration	1,546,848	1,546,848	1,493,180	53,668 (continued)	

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

	Dudget	Pudgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
Elections:	Original	- —	Гіпаі		Amounts	_	(Negative)	
Elections:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 795,44	3 \$	796,463	\$	606,259	\$	190,204	
Operating expenditures	176,50		176,500	*	123,340	•	53,160	
, ,						_		
Total Elections	971,94	<u>3</u> _	972,963		729,599	-	243,364	
Law Enforcement:								
County Attorney:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	2,589,36	J	2,589,360		2,483,044		106,316	
Operating expenditures	103,52	<u> </u>	103,661		93,800	_	9,861	
Total County Attorney	2,692,88	1	2,693,021		2,576,844		116,177	
,,			, , .		77-	_		
District Attorney:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	2,680,84		2,680,848		2,537.512		143,336	
Operating expenditures	146,76	<u> 5</u> _	156,285		134.730	_	21,555	
Total District Attorney	2,827,61	<u>3</u> _	2,837,133		2,672.242	_	164,891	
0 / /5: / : / All 0 1								
County/District Attorney Supplement:	20.00	4	20.004		20.454		1.012	
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	22,06	<u> +</u> _	22,064		20,151	_	1,913	
Total County/District Attorney Supplement	22,06	<u>4</u> _	22,064		20,151	_	1,913	
Constable - Precinct 1:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	477,39	7	477,397		461,476		15,921	
Operating expenditures	111,76		123,750		110,416		13,334	
Capital outlay	86,21		73,287		73,286		10,001	
						_		
Total Constable - Precinct 1	675,37	<u> </u>	674,434		645,178	-	29,256	
Constable - Precinct 2:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	360,19		361,398		359,369		2,029	
Operating expenditures	47,77	1	49,170		40,921		8,249	
Capital outlay			59,300		59,77 <u>5</u>	(_	<u>475</u>)	
Total Constable - Precinct 2	407,96	<u> </u>	469,868		460,065	_	9,803	
Constable - Precinct 3:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	350,19	7	350,697		346,831		3,866	
Operating expenditures	47,24		47,242		21,281		25,961	
						_		
Total Constable - Precinct 3	397,43	<u> </u>	397,939		368,112	_	29,827	
Constable - Precinct 4:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	452,06)	452,060		447,611		4,449	
Operating expenditures	80,10		80,109		55,499	_	24,610	
Total Constable - Precinct 4	532,16	9	532,169		503,110		29,059	
Total Constable - Flechict 4		<u> </u>	JJZ, 103	-	JUJ, 110	_	29,009	

								Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Positive	
Law Enforcement - Continued:		Original		Final		Amounts	_	(Negative)
Sheriff Admin-Patrol:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	13,473,338	\$	13,596,197	\$	12,536,251	\$	1,059,946
Operating expenditures		1,555,015 179,299		1,588,873		1,163,898	,	424,975 104,737 \
Capital outlay Debt service		179,299	_	731,619 	_	836,356 25,211	(104,737)
Total Sheriff Admin-Patrol		15,207,652		15,916,689	_	14,561,716	_	1,354,973
Sheriff-Jail:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		17,654,540		17,541,172		16,696,237		844,935
Operating expenditures		2,892,145		2,951,976		2,630,067		321,909
Capital outlay		8,000		168,582	_	168,582	_	<u>-</u>
Total Sheriff-Jail		20,554,685	_	20,661,730	_	19,494,886	_	1,166,844
Jail Medical:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		2,497,955		2,499,955		1,943,059		556,896
Operating expenditures		756,090		712,729	_	595,884	-	116,845
Total Jail Medical		3,254,045	_	3,212,684	_	2,538,943	_	673,741
Sheriff Commissary:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		594,590	_	595,590	_	452,156	-	143,434
Total Sheriff Commissary		594,590		595,590	_	452,156	_	143,434
Texas DPS Office:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		78,117		78,117		77,708		409
Operating expenditures		750	_	750	_	737	-	13
Total Texas DPS Office		78,867		78,867	_	78,445	_	422
SRO-Cleburne ISD:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		175,305		175,975		163,865		12,110
Operating expenditures		16,720	_	17,661	_	17,181	-	480
Total SRO-Cleburne ISD		192,025	_	193,636	_	181,046	_	12,590
Total Law Enforcement		47,437,374	_	48,285,824	_	44,552,894	_	3,732,930
Health and Welfare:								
Medical Examiner:		000 007		202 207		202 122		40.000
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		390,297 320,137		390,637 360,446		380,409 357,135		10,228
Operating expenditures Capital outlay		JZU, IJ <i>I</i> -		4,492		357,125 4,491		3,321 1
Total Medical Examiner		710,434		755,575		742,025	_	13,550
Total Modical Examinor	-	7 10,707	_	100,010	_	172,020	_	
								(continued)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department, and Legal Level of Budgetary Control - General Fund - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Health and Welfare - Continued:								
Non-departmental:	•	10.000	,	10.000	•	40.000	•	
Operating expenditures	\$	10,000	,	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$_	
Total Non-departmental		10,000		10,000		10,000	-	<u>-</u>
Emergency Management:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		189,611		197,952		195,940		2,012
Operating expenditures		23,523		23,523		16,260		7,263
							-	
Total Emergency Management	_	213,134		221,475		212,200	-	9,275
Radio Management:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		98,968		98,968		98,570		398
Operating expenditures		385,970		401,611		323,474		78,137
Capital outlay		303,370		401,011		137,167	1	137,167)
Debt service		_		_		24,774		24,774)
	_						7	
Total Radio Management	_	484,938		500,579		583,985	(83,406)
Total Health and Welfare		1,418,506		1,487,629		1,548,210	(60,581)
Culture and Recreation:								
Hamm Creek Park:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		385,072		385,072		359,536		25,536
Operating expenditures		33,000		33,000		29,613		3,387
							-	
Total Hamm Creek Park	_	418,072		418,072		389,149	-	28,923
Total Culture and Recreation		418,072		418,072		389,149	-	28,923
Conservation:								
County Extension:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		272,866		273,135		258,448		14,687
Operating expenditures	_	18,400		18,400		17,695	_	705
Total County Extension	_	291,266		291,535		276,143	_	15,392
Total Conservation	_	291,266		291,535		276,143	-	15,392
Total current expenditures	\$	86,010,740	9	\$87,016,752	\$	80,894,439	\$_	6,122,313

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department and Legal Level of Budgetary Control - Road & Bridge Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amount			nts Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
11.1	_	Original	-		rillal	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Highways and Streets:									
Road & Bridge Precinct 1:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	1,618,246	9	\$	1,618,246	\$	1,464,596	\$	153,650
Operating expenditures		1,587,802			1,494,942		998,148		496,794
Capital outlay	_	418,992			551,702	_	412,098	_	139,604
Total Road & Bridge Precinct 1		3,625,040			3,664,890	_	2,874,842	_	790,048
Road & Bridge Precinct 2:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		1,389,623			1,389,623		882,001		507,622
Operating expenditures		1,736,911			1,737,411		731,121		1,006,290
Capital outlay		405,000			404,500		390,302		14,198
Capital Gullay		403,000			+0+,500	_	330,302	-	14,130
Total Road & Bridge Precinct 2		3,531,534			3,531,534	_	2,003,424	_	1,528,110
Road & Bridge Precinct 3:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		1,738,691			1,738,691		1,167,824		570,867
Operating expenditures		1,398,220			1,323,220		802,670		520,550
Capital outlay		127,000			274,187	_	254,823	_	19,364
Total Road & Bridge Precinct 3	_	3,263,911			3,336,098	_	2,225,317	_	1,110,781
Road & Bridge Precinct 4:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		1,805,153			1,805,153		1,495,164		309,989
Operating expenditures		2,069,439			2,107,764		911,199		1,196,565
Capital outlay		385,500			347,175		282,024		65,151
Capital Callay	_	000,000			071,110	-	202,024	-	00,101
Total Road & Bridge Precinct 4	_	4,260,092			4,260,092	_	2,688,387	_	1,571,705
Total expenditures	\$	14,680,577	9	\$	14,792,614	\$_	9,791,970	\$_	5,000,644

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:			_				٠,		
Taxes	\$, ,	\$	1,638,383	\$	1,379,457	\$(258,926)	
Investment income	_	<u>275</u>	_	<u>275</u>	_	4,943	_	4,668	
Total revenues	_	1,638,658	_	1,638,658	_	1,384,400	(_	254,258)	
Expenditures: Debt Service:									
Principal		1,240,000		1,240,000		1,240,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		398,383	_	398,383	_	398,882	(499)	
Total expenditures	_	1,638,383	_	1,638,383	_	1,638,882	(_	499)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	<u>275</u>	_	<u>275</u>	(_	<u>254,482</u>)	(_	<u>254,757</u>)	
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	_	-	_	150,000	_	150,000	_	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources	_	-	_	150,000	_	150,000	_	-	
Net change in fund balance		275		150,275	(104,482)	(254,757)	
Fund balance - beginning		116,268	_	116,268	_	116,268	_	<u>-</u>	
Fund balance - ending	\$	116,543	\$	266,543	\$_	11,786	\$(_	254,757)	

	Law Library Fund										
		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)									
Revenues:											
Fees	\$	113,200	\$	113,200		\$(2,672)				
Investment income		100		100	3,847		3,747				
Total revenues		113,300		113,300	114,375		1,075				
Expenditures: General Government:											
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		69,037		69,037	68,725		312				
Operating expenditures		62,275		62,275	29,839		32,436				
Total expenditures		131,312		131,312	98,564		32,748				
Net change in fund balance	(18,012)	(18,012)	15,811		33,823				
Fund balance - beginning		147,266		147,266	147,266		<u>-</u>				
Fund balance - ending	\$	129,254	\$	129,254	\$163,077	\$	33,823				

	Records Management & Preservation County Clerk Fund												
					·		/ariance With						
	Dudgatad	۸m	ounto.	Actual	Final Budget Positive								
	Budgeted Original	AIII	Final		Actual								
_	Original		ГШа	_	AITIOUTIES	_	(Negative)						
\$	35,629	\$	35,629	\$	42,258	\$	6,629						
_	950	_	950	-	19,212	_	18,262						
_	36,579	_	36,579	_	61,470	_	24,891						
_	100,000	_	100,000	_	6,218	_	93,782						
_	100,000	_	100,000	_	6,218	_	93,782						
(63,421)	(63,421)		55,252		118,673						
_	505,106		505,106	_	505,106	_	-						
\$_	441,685	\$	441,685	\$_	560,358	\$_	118,673						
							(continued)						

	Records Management & Preservation District Clerk Fund											
_		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)										
Revenues: Fees Investment income	\$	70,178 80	\$ 70,178 80	\$ 80,823 2,378	\$ 10,645 2,298							
Total revenues		70,258	70,258	83,201	12,943							
Expenditures: General Government: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay		20,000	20,000	- 6,517 	13,483 							
Total expenditures		20,000	20,000	6,517	13,483							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		50,258	50,258	76,684	26,426							
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		-										
Total other financing sources												
Net change in fund balance		50,258	50,258	76,684	26,426							
Fund balance - beginning		59,357	59,357	59,357								
Fund balance - ending	\$	109,615	\$109,615	\$136,041	\$26,426							

	Records Management & Preservation Recording Fund													
_	Budgeted Original	Amou	ınts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)								
\$	477,940 600	\$	477,940 600	\$_	375,290 111,826	\$(102,650) 111,226								
_	478,540		478,540	-	487,116	8,576								
	200,067 320,000 10,000		200,067 320,000 10,000	_	183,122 1,640 5,792	16,945 318,360 4,208								
_	530,067		530,067	_	190,554	339,513								
(_	51,527)		51,527)	_	296,562	348,089								
_	_	_		_	2,256,739	2,256,739								
_	-	_		_	2,256,739	2,256,739								
(51,527)	(51,527)		2,553,301	2,604,828								
	357,777		357,777	_	357,777									
\$	306,250	\$	306,250	\$_	2,911,078	\$2,604,828								
						(continued)								

	Vital Statistics Preservation Fund										
	Budo Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)									
Revenues:			_		- · · ·						
Intergovernmental revenue Fees Investment income	\$ 9	- \$ 908 <u>100</u>	9,908 100	\$ - 10,799 894	\$ - 891 794						
Total revenues	10	800	10,008	11,693	1,685						
Expenditures: Elections: Operating expenditures		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>								
Total expenditures											
Net change in fund balance	10,	800	10,008	11,693	1,685						
Fund balance - beginning	30	<u>660</u>	30,660	30,660							
Fund balance - ending	\$40	<u>668</u> \$	40,668	\$42,353	\$ <u>1,685</u>						

	Election Services Contract Fund													
	Budgeted Original	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)									
\$	2,300	\$	2,300 2,300	\$	37,255 126,437 22,494 186,186	\$	37,255 126,437 20,194 183,886							
	97,500 97,500 95,200)		97,500 97,500 95,200)	_	34,992 34,992 151,194	_	62,508 62,508 246,394							
_ \$	679,599 584,399	_ \$	679,599 584,399	- \$_	679,599 830,793	- \$_	246,394							

	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund											
_		Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts										
Revenues: Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	300	\$	300	\$ 2,779 3,100	\$ 2,779 2,800						
Total revenues		300		300	5,879	5,579						
Expenditures: Law Enforcement: Operating expenditures Capital outlay	_	6,600 <u>-</u>		6,600 -		6,600						
Total expenditures		6,600	_	6,600		6,600						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,300)	(6,300)	5,879	12,179						
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		-	<u>(</u>	3,000)		3,000						
Total other financing uses			(3,000)		3,000						
Net change in fund balance	(6,300)	(9,300)	5,879	15,179						
Fund balance - beginning		123,260		123,260	123,260							
Fund balance - ending	\$	116,960	\$	113,960	\$ <u>129,139</u>	\$ <u>15,179</u>						

			STOP SCU F	orfe	iture Fund		
Oi	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	1,200 -	\$	1,200 -	\$	370,743 16,118 7,461	\$_	370,743 14,918 7,461
	1,200		1,200	_	394,322	_	393,122
	30,400 70,000		30,400 70,000	_	322 	_	30,078 70,000
	100,400		100,400	_	322	_	100,078
(99,200)		99,200)	_	394,000	_	493,200
				_	<u>-</u>	_	
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	_	_	-
(99,200)	(99,200)		394,000		493,200
	412,432		412,432	_	412,432	_	
\$	313,232	\$	313,232	\$_	806,432	\$_	493,200

	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund											
		<u>Budgeted</u> Original	Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)							
Revenues: Intergovernmental Fees	\$	190,000	\$	190,000	\$	325,781	\$	135,781				
Investment income		200		200		1,569	_	1,369				
Total revenues		190,200	_	190,200	_	327,350	_	137,150				
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Total expenditures	_	345,464 97,060 442,524	_	345,464 97,060 442,524	_	237,262 73,564 310,826	_	108,202 23,496 131,698				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(252,324)		252,324)		16,524		268,848				
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		190,800	_	190,800	_			190,800)				
Total other financing sources		190,800		190,800	_	<u>-</u>	(_	190,800)				
Net change in fund balance	(61,524)) (61,524)		16,524		78,048				
Fund balance - beginning		89,586		89,586		89,586	_	<u>-</u>				
Fund balance - ending	\$	28,062	\$	28,062	\$	106,110	\$	78,048				

		Truancy P	revention	and	Diversion Fund	
	Budgeted Original	-			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -
	12,000 100		12,000 100	_	17,397 887	5,397
	12,100		12,100	_	18,284	6,184
	62,651		62,651		58,763	3,888
	2,000		2,000	_	696	1,304
	64,651		64,651	_	59,459	5,192
	52,551)	(52,551)	(_	41,175)	11,376
	53,000		53,000	_	53,000	
_	53,000		53,000	_	53,000	
	449		449		11,825	11,376
	11,670		11,670	_	11,670	

<u> 12,119</u> \$<u> 12,119</u> \$<u> 23,495</u> \$<u></u>

(continued)

11,376

	Juvenile Probation Fees Fund							
			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:					_			
Fees	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	14,669	\$	7,169
Investment income		1,000		1,000	_	6,100	_	5,100
Total revenues		8,500		8,500		20,769	_	12,269
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		- 6,000		- 6,000		- -		- 6,000
Capital outlay		36,000		36,000		30,887	_	<u>5,113</u>
Total expenditures		42,000		42,000	_	30,887	_	11,113
Net change in fund balance	(33,500)	(33,500)	(10,118)		23,382
Fund balance - beginning		79,859		79,859	_	79,859	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - ending	\$	46,359	\$	46,359	\$	69,741	\$_	23,382

	Justice of the Peace Technology Fund							
	Budgeted Original				Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
\$	10,380 750	\$	10,380 750	\$_	13,362 7,714	\$_	2,982 6,964	
_	11,130	_	11,130	_	21,076	_	9,946	
_	90,072 23,123		90,072 23,123		32,409 3,201	_	57,663 19,922 	
_	113,195	_	113,195	_	35,610	_	77,585	
(102,065)	(102,065)	(14,534)		87,531	
	316,754	_	316,754	_	316,754	_		
\$	214,689	\$	214,689	\$_	302,220	\$_	87,531	

	County Specialty Court Fund						
		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues: Fees Investment income	\$	13,500	\$ 13,500	\$ 16,883 786	\$ 3,383 786		
Total revenues		13,500	13,500	17,669	4,169		
Expenditures: Law Enforcement: Operating expenditures Capital outlay		- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			
Total expenditures			<u>-</u> _				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		13,500	13,500	17,669	4,169		
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		28,500	28,500	28,500	-		
Total other financing sources		28,500	28,500	28,500			
Net change in fund balance		42,000	42,000	46,169	4,169		
Fund balance - beginning					-		
Fund balance - ending	\$	42,000	\$42,000	\$46,169	\$ <u>4,169</u>		

			Courthouse S	Secu	rity Fund			
_	Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
\$ _	100,000 700	\$	100,000 700	\$_	126,044 5,772	\$_	26,044 5,072	
_	100,700	_	100,700	_	131,816	_	31,116	
	75,000 94,282		52,160 117,122	_	38,106 114,277	_	14,054 2,845	
_	169,282		169,282	_	152,383	_	16,899	
<u>(</u> _	68,582)	<u>(</u>	68,582)	(_	20,567)	-	48,015	
_	-			_		_		
_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_		
(68,582)	(68,582)	(20,567)		48,015	
_	233,917		233,917	_	233,917	_		
\$	165,335	\$	165,335	\$_	213,350	\$_	48,015	

	Justice Court Building Security Fund							
	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:	-							
Fees	·	\$ 225	•					
Investment income	100	100	2,431	2,331				
Total revenues	325	325	2,594	2,269				
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures	20,000	20,000		20,000				
Total expenditures	20,000	20,000		20,000				
Net change in fund balance	(19,675) (19,675) 2,594	22,269				
Fund balance - beginning	96,716	96,716	96,716	-				
Fund balance - ending	\$	\$	\$99,310	\$ <u>22,269</u>				

	Court Facility Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	-	ariance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
\$	53,238 100	\$	53,238 100	\$_	61,527 1,751	\$_	8,289 1,651	
_	53,338	_	53,338	_	63,278	_	9,940	
_	54,137		54,137	_			54,137	
_	54,137	_	54,137	_		_	54,137	
(799)	(799)		63,278		64,077	
_	42,252	_	42,252	_	42,252			
\$	41,453	\$	41,453	\$_	105,530	\$	64,077	
							(continued)	

		Guardianship Fee Fund						
		Budgeted Amounts Actual						
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)				
Revenues: Fees Investment income	\$ 19,974 100		\$ 20,705 1,066	\$ 731 966				
Total revenues	20,074	20,074	21,771	1,697				
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures	25,574	25,574	17,527	8,047				
Total expenditures	25,574	25,574	17,527	8,047				
Net change in fund balance	(5,500) (5,500	4,244	9,744				
Fund balance - beginning	37,776	37,776	37,776					
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>32,276</u>	\$32,276	\$42,020	\$9,744				

	Language Access Fund							
	Budgeted Original	Amo			Actual Amounts	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)	
\$_	15,611 20	\$	15,611 20	\$_	20,156 550	\$	4,545 530	
_	<u> 15,631</u>		15,631	-	20,706		5,075	
_	18,572		18,572	_			18,572	
_	18,572		18,572	_	<u>-</u>		18,572	
(2,941)	(2,941)		20,706		23,647	
_	12,712		12,712	_	12,712			
\$_	9,771	\$	9,771	\$_	33,418	\$	23,647	

		Court Reporte	r Service Fund				
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts Actual					
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)			
Revenues: Fees Investment income	\$ 43,690 	\$ 43,690 <u>75</u>	\$ 79,440 2,326	\$ 35,750 2,251			
Total revenues	43,765	43,765	81,766	38,001			
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures	62,066	62,066		62,066			
Total expenditures	62,066	62,066		62,066			
Net change in fund balance	(18,301)	(18,301)	81,766	100,067			
Fund balance - beginning	57,173	57,173	57,173				
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>38,872</u>	\$38,872	\$138,939	\$100,067			

	Judicial Education & Support Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ _	2,860 <u>5</u>	\$	2,860 <u>5</u>	\$_	2,600 <u>81</u>	\$(260) 76	
_	2,865		2,865	_	2,681	(<u>184</u>)	
_	3,126		3,126	_	-		3,126	
_	3,126		<u>3,126</u>	_	-		<u>3,126</u>	
(261)	(261)		2,681		2,942	
_	2,080		2,080	_	2,080		<u>-</u>	
\$_	1,819	\$	1,819	\$_	4,761	\$	2,942	

	Record Archives - County Clerk Fun	d
	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Fees Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 485,000 \$ 485,000 \$ 375,14 3,300 3,300 34,42 9,32	2 31,122
Total revenues	<u>488,300</u> <u>488,300</u> <u>418,88</u>	9 (69,411)
Expenditures: General government: Operating expenditures Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures Capital outlay	500,000 500,000 428,98 	5 71,015
Total expenditures	500,000500,000428,98	5 71,015
Net change in fund balance	(11,700) (11,700) (10,09	6) 1,604
Fund balance - beginning	<u>879,371</u> <u>879,371</u> <u>879,371</u>	<u> </u>
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>867,671</u> \$ <u>867,671</u> \$ <u>869,27</u>	<u>5</u> \$ <u>1,604</u>

	Record Archives - District Clerk Fund											
Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
\$	1,488 50	\$	1,488 50	\$_	785 2,025 -	\$(703) 1,975					
_	1,538	_	1,538	_	2,810	_	1,272					
	-		-		-		-					
_	20,894 20,894	_	20,894 20,894	_	- 		20,894 20,894					
_	41,788	_	41,788	_			41,788					
(40,250)	(40,250)		2,810		43,060					
_	80,181		80,181	_	80,181		<u>-</u>					
\$_	39,931	\$	39,931	\$_	82,991	\$	43,060					

	County/District Court Technology Fund							
	Or	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues:	Φ.	0.700	Φ 0.700	Φ 4.000	Φ 200			
Fees	\$	3,733						
Investment income		<u>25</u>	25	269	244			
Total revenues		3,758	3,758	4,332	574			
Expenditures: General government:								
Operating expenditures		991	991	-	991			
Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures		3,867	3,867		3,867			
Total expenditures		4,858	4,858	<u>-</u>	4,858			
Net change in fund balance	(1,100)	(1,100) 4,332	5,432			
Fund balance - beginning		8,880	8,880	8,880	_			
Fund balance - ending	\$	7,780	\$	\$ <u>13,212</u>	\$ <u>5,432</u>			

	Court Records Preservation Digital Fund										
_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$_	4,373 800	\$ 4,373 800	\$_	1,881 12,666	\$(2,492 11,866						
_	5,173	5,173	_	14,547	9,374						
	- -	- -		- -	- -						
	<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>							
	5,173	5,173		14,547	9,374						
_	402,954	402,954	_	402,954							
\$_	408,127	\$\$	\$_	417,501	\$9,374						

	District Court Records Technology Fund								
	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:				- · · ·					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-					
Fees	2,192		1,128	(1,064)					
Investment income	175	175	6,008	5,833					
Miscellaneous		-	-						
Total revenues	2,367	2,367	7,136	4,769					
Expenditures:									
Administration of Justice:									
Operating expenditures	77,992	77,992	55,585	22,407					
Law Enforcement:									
Operating expenditures	-	-	-	-					
Health and Welfare:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	-	-	-	-					
Operating expericitures		-							
Total expenditures	77,992	77,992	55,585	22,407					
Net change in fund balance	(75,625) (75,625)	(48,449)	27,176					
Fund balance - beginning	239,883	239,883	239,883						
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>164,258</u>	\$ <u>164,258</u>	\$ <u>191,434</u>	\$ <u>27,176</u>					

	Indigent Health Care Fund										
Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$	1,676,008 46,000	\$	1,676,008 46,000	\$	1,631,229 100,370	\$(44,779) 54,370				
_	31,000		31,000	_	162,760 3,390		131,760 3,390				
_	1,753,008		1,753,008	_	1,897,749		144,741				
	-		-		-		-				
	1,260,000		1,260,000		1,042,499		217,501				
_	148,009 562,350		148,009 562,350	_	132,947 343,573		15,062 218,777				
	1,970,359		1,970,359	_	1,519,019		451,340				
(217,351)	(217,351)		378,730		596,081				
_	2,923,597	_	2,923,597	_	2,923,597		<u>-</u>				
\$	2,706,246	\$	2,706,246	\$_	3,302,327	\$	596,081				
							(continued)				

		Right of Way Fund							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Investment income	\$	21,000	\$	21,000	\$_	53,358	\$	32,358	
Total revenues		21,000	_	21,000	_	53,358	_	32,358	
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Public Transportation: Capital outlay		500,000		500,000		- 88,000		- 412,000	
Total expenditures		500,000		500,000		88,000		412,000	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(479,000)	(479,000)	(_	34,642)		444,358	
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in				-	_	<u>-</u>		_	
Total other financing sources					_	<u>-</u>	_		
Net change in fund balance	(479,000)	(479,000)	(34,642)		444,358	
Fund balance - beginning		1,365,846		1,365,846	_	1,365,846			
Fund balance - ending	\$	886,846	\$	886,846	\$_	1,331,204	\$	444,358	

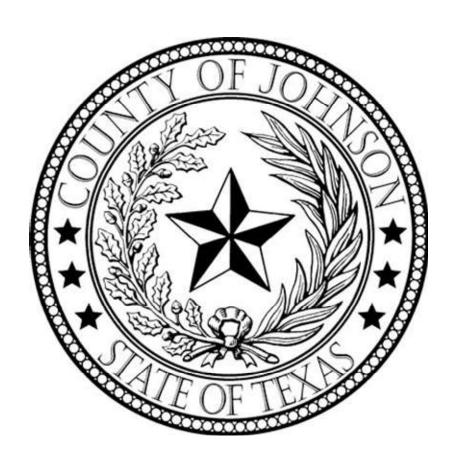
			Historical Con	nmis	sion Fund		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	100	\$	100	\$_	1,605	\$_	1,505
_	100		100	_	1,605	_	1,505
	42,000		42,000		4,171		37,829
_				_	-	_	
_	42,000	_	42,000	_	4,171	_	37,829
(_	41,900)	(41,900)	(2,566)	_	39,334
	10,000		10,000	_	10,000	_	
_	10,000		10,000	_	10,000	_	
(31,900)	(31,900)		7,434		39,334
_	57,681		57,681	_	57,681	_	
\$	25,781	\$	25,781	\$_	65,115	\$_	39,334

			Veterans Service Ju	uror Donations Fund	<u> </u>	
	Bı Origin	_	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	- - <u>6,419</u>	\$ - - 6,419	\$ - 195 7,862	\$ - 195 1,443	
Total revenues		<u>6,419</u>	6,419	8,057	1,638	
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Administration of Justice: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		5,000	5,000 - 	517 - -	4,483	
Total expenditures		<u>5,000</u>	5,000	517	4,483	
Net change in fund balance		1,419	1,419	7,540	6,121	
Fund balance - beginning		<u>4,397</u>	4,397	4,397		
Fund balance - ending	\$	<u>5,816</u>	\$5,816	\$11,937	\$ <u>6,121</u>	

	Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund										
_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	268,800 800	\$ 268,800 800	\$	247,568 11,396	\$(21,232) 10,596					
_	269,600	269,600	_	258,964	(10,636)					
	-	-		-		-					
_	206,181 45,300	206,181 45,300	_	175,795 26,163		30,386 19,137					
_	251,481	251,481	_	201,958		49,523					
	18,119	18,119		57,006		38,887					
_	413,955	413,955	_	413,955							
\$	432,074	\$432,074	\$_	470,961	\$	38,887					

Exhibit 19 Page 16 of 16

	STOP SCU Operations Fund							
	Variance with Final Budget Budgeted Amounts Actual Positive Original Final Amounts (Negative)							
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 44,203 \$ 44,203 \$ 44,203 \$ - 500 500 5,975 5,475 2,653 2,653							
Total revenues	<u>44,703</u> <u>44,703</u> <u>52,831</u> <u>8,128</u>							
Expenditures: Law enforcement: Operating expenditures	<u>213,963</u> <u>213,963</u> <u>157,804</u> <u>56,159</u>							
Total expenditures	<u>213,963</u> <u>213,963</u> <u>157,804</u> <u>56,159</u>							
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(169,260) (169,260) (104,973) 64,287							
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	90,504 90,504 90,504							
Total other financing sources	90,504 90,504 90,504							
Net change in fund balance	(78,756) (78,756) (14,469) 64,287							
Fund balance - beginning	<u>205,432</u> <u>205,432</u> <u>205,432</u> <u>-</u>							
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>126,676</u> \$ <u>126,676</u> \$ <u>190,963</u> \$ <u>64,287</u>							



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASCombining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2023

	_	Sheriff Seizures Fund	Special Crimes Operations Seizures Fund		Unclaimed Property Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$	3,097	\$ 357,526	¢	18,339
Accounts receivable	Ψ —			Ψ	-
Total assets		3,097	357,526	_	18,339
Liabilities:					
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable		-	-		-
Held for others		-	-		-
Unearned revenue		-		_	-
Total liabilities	_	<u>-</u>		_	
Net Position:					
Individuals, organizations and other governmental		3,097	357,526	_	18,339
Total net position	\$	3,097	\$357,526	\$	18,339

	District Clerk Jury Fund	Sheriff Escrow Fund	Constable Fund	Sheriff Inmate Fund	County Clerk Fund	District Clerk Fund
\$	48	\$ 87,268	\$ -	\$ 134,940 -	\$ 3,443,802	\$ 4,180,092
_	48	87,268		134,940	3,443,802	4,180,092
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	219,511 3,224,291	4,180,092
_			<u>-</u>		3,443,802	4,180,092
_	48	87,268		134,940		
\$	48	\$ <u>87,268</u>	\$	\$ <u>134,940</u>	\$	\$ <u>-</u>

(continued)

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASCombining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Continued September 30, 2023

	District & County Attorney Deposit Fund		Juvenile Probation Restitution Fund		Johnson & Somervell County Supervision Fund	
Assets:						
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$ 	4,238 	\$ 	6,546 	\$ _	170,190
Total assets		4,238		6,546	_	170,190
Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable		-		-		-
Held for others		-		-		-
Unearned revenue					_	
Total liabilities		-				
Net Position:						
Individuals, organizations and other governmental		4,238		6,546	_	170,190
Total net position	\$	4,238	\$	6,546	\$	170,190

	Tax Collector Fund		Adult Probation Fund	_	Total Custodial Funds
\$_	5,002,149	\$	1,794,607 150,131	\$_	15,202,842 150,131
_	5,002,149	_	1,944,738	_	15,352,973
	-		439,491		659.002 7,404,383
_		_	382,689 822,180	_	382,689 8,446,074
_	5,002,149	_	1,122,558	_	6,906,899
\$_	5,002,149	\$_	1,122,558	\$_	6,906,899

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASCombining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Additions:		Sheriff Seizures Fund	Special Crimes Operations Seizures Fund		Unclaimed Property Fund
Collections for adult probation	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-
Tax collections for other governments Held for others Earnings on investments	·	- - 200	- 115,818 9,601	·	- 19,883
Earnings on investments		200	9,001	_	
Total additions		200	125,419	_	19,883
Deductions: Payments to adult probation Payments to individuals Payments to other governments		5,590 -	96,418 	_	23,084 -
Total deductions		5,590	96,418		23,084
Net change in net position	(5,390)	29,001	(3,201)
Net position - beginning		8,487	328,525		21,540
Net position - ending	\$	3,097	\$357,526	\$	18,339

 District Clerk Jury Fund	Sheriff Escrow Fund		Constable Fund		Sheriff Inmate Fund	County Clerk Fund	_	District Clerk Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
 1,258 -	703,423		156,387 -		1,348,311 -	10,787,208		44,762,211 -
1,258	703,423	_	156,387	_	1,348,311	10,787,208		44,762,211
- 1,218 -	664,505	_	168,532 -	_	1,299,428 -	10,787,208		- 44,762,211 -
 1,218	664,505	_	168,532	_	1,299,428	10,787,208		44,762,211
40	38,918	(12,145))	48,883	-		-
 8	48,350		12,145	_	86,057		-	
\$ 48	\$ <u>87,268</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	134,940	\$	\$_	

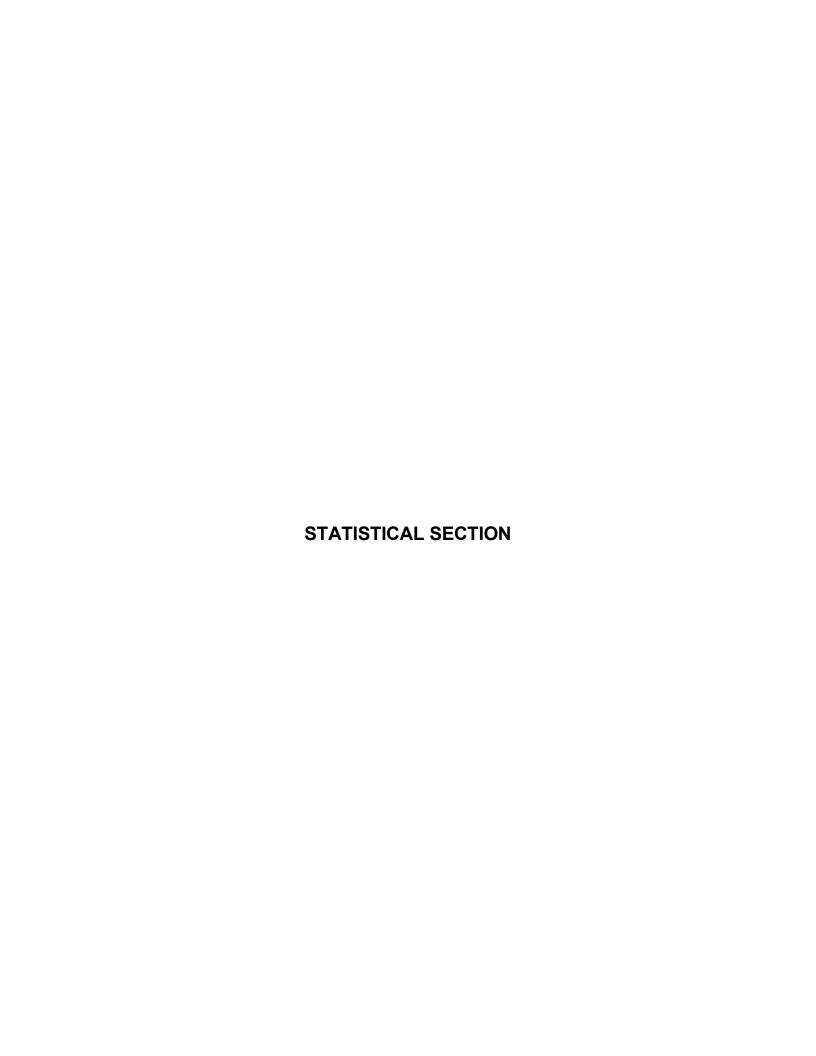
(continued)

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASCombining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	_	District & County Attorney Deposit Fund	Juvenile Probation Restitution Fund		Johnson & Somervell County Supervision Fund
Additions: Collections for adult probation	\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,409,318
Tax collections for other governments	*	-	-	Ÿ	-
Held for others Earnings on investments		91,403	62,322		-
Lamings on investments		<u>-</u>		_	<u>_</u>
Total additions		91,403	62,322		3,409,318
Deductions:					
Payments to adult probation		-	-		3,239,128
Payments to individuals		89,441	59,870		-
Payments to other governments		-	-	_	-
Total deductions		89,441	59,870		3,239,128
Net change in net position		1,962	2,452		170,190
Net position - beginning	_	2,276	4,094		
Net position - ending	\$	4,238	\$ <u>6,546</u>	\$	170,190

	Tax Collector Fund		Adult Probation Fund		Total Custodial Funds
\$	108,752,751 - -	\$	3,255,921 - - 42,525	\$	6,665,239 108,752,751 58,048,224 52,326
	108,752,751	_	3,298,446	_	173,518,540
_	- 108,420,114	_	3,393,690	_	6,632,818 57,957,505 108,420,114
_	108,420,114	_	3,393,690	_	173,010,437
	332,637	(95,244)		508,103
_	4,669,512	_	1,217,802	_	6,398,796
\$	5.002.149	\$	1.122.558	\$	6.906.899







Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of Johnson County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

Contents Page

Financial Trends 174-181

Tables 1 through 4 contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 182-187

Tables 5 through 8 contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity 188-192

Tables 9 through 12 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Indicators

193-194

Tables 13 through 14 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

195-201

Tables 15 through 17 contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides.

Net Position by Components Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 53 258 318	\$ 51 667 122	\$ 54,807,680	\$ 52 035 751	\$ 51 899 263
Restricted	15,003,481	16,611,684	17,487,954	16,627,902	17,425,182
Unrestricted	24,860,566	<u>26,616,369</u>	24,783,550	22,457,167	27,032,083
Total governmental activities net position	\$ <u>93,122,365</u>	\$ <u>94,895,175</u>	\$ <u>97.079.184</u>	\$ <u>91,120,820</u>	\$ <u>96,356,528</u>

Source:

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Statement of Net Position)

Notes:

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, and only fiscal year 2014 ending balances have been restated.

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018, and only fiscal year 2017 ending balances have been restated.

A prior period adjustment was made in fiscal year 2022, and only fiscal year 2021 ending balances have been restated.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 50,343,717	\$ 52,470,155	\$ 53,698,673	\$ 54,442,387	\$ 64,256,709
17,766,864 29,823,904	17,220,292 33,115,029	18,408,094 <u>37,754,199</u>	20,104,612 50,782,840	23,738,807 66,678,169
\$ <u>97,934,485</u>	\$ <u>102,805,476</u>	\$ <u>109,860,966</u>	\$ <u>125,329,839</u>	\$ <u>154,673,685</u>

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses Governmental Activities:					
General government ¹ Highways and streets Law enforcement	\$ 14,087,205 9,712,634 32,888,061	\$ 16,447,095 8,559,760 31,694,382	\$ 17,988,435 9,170,169 34,032,010	\$ 18,488,450 9,501,401 38,498,728	\$ 17,471,736 9,152,310 40,375,051
Administration of justice	7,011,681	8,046,614	8,676,596	8,995,731	8,373,435
Financial administration Health and welfare	847,977 1,822,344	916,563 1,558,199	964,805 1,548,476	1,034,334 2,157,599	1,032,042 1,350,522
Interest and fiscal charges	549,991	482,139	1,296,642	1,089,534	889,424
Total expenses	\$ <u>66,919,893</u>	\$ <u>67,704,752</u>	\$ <u>73,677,133</u>	\$ <u>79,765,777</u>	\$ <u>78,644,520</u>
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for services:					
General government ¹ Highways and streets	\$ 3,060,143 2,176,076	\$ 5,068,931 2,053,735	\$ 5,077,528 2,158,370	\$ 5,090,259 1,679,048	\$ 6,788,168 2,047,391
Law enforcement	8,951,720	7,623,697	9,250,903	12,014,082	13,860,323
Administration of justice Financial administration Health and welfare	2,394,904 1,226,240 232,324	2,584,341 - -	2,707,047 - -	1,107,335 - -	4,883,071 - -
Operating grants and contributions	2,171,770	2,531,965	3,263,020	2,904,929	2,137,829
Capital grants and contributions	2,104,767	1,209,257	1,343,092	770,880	<u>765,277</u>
Total governmental activities program revenues	22,317,944	21,071,926	23,799,960	23,566,533	30,482,059
Net expense	\$ <u>(44,601,949</u>)	\$ <u>(46,632,826)</u>	\$ <u>(49,877,173</u>)	\$ <u>(56,199,244</u>)	\$ <u>(48,162,461</u>)
General Revenues and Change in Net Position Governmental Activities:					
Taxes	\$ 45,515,078	\$ 48,990,593	\$ 50,904,776	\$ 50,749,015	\$ 51,408,011
Investment income Miscellaneous	96,651 <u>566,734</u>	183,592 <u>791,863</u>	333,960 822,446	418,949 <u>570,124</u>	941,503
Total general revenues	\$ <u>46,178,463</u>	\$ <u>49,966,048</u>	\$ <u>52,061,182</u>	\$ <u>51,738,088</u>	\$ <u>53,398,169</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>1,576,514</u>	\$ <u>3,333,222</u>	\$ <u>2,184,009</u>	\$ <u>(_4,461,156</u>)	\$ <u>5,235,708</u>

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Statement of Activities)

¹ Elections, Conservation and Culture and Recreation programs included here.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 19,432,451 9,972,948 44,308,051 9,587,841 1,179,916 1,779,079 881,077	\$ 19,939,709 9,403,250 41,667,920 9,263,379 1,230,024 2,698,608 826,935	\$ 20,294,109 9,264,597 41,822,703 8,992,175 1,251,183 2,883,698 753,199	\$ 21,173,851 9,335,140 40,984,943 8,829,558 1,186,407 5,276,133 690,177	\$ 24,723,841 10,101,391 48,035,051 10,623,732 1,524,166 4,009,672 532,946
\$ <u>87,141,363</u>	\$ <u>85,029,825</u>	\$ <u>85,261,664</u>	\$ <u>87,476,209</u>	\$ <u>99,550,799</u>
\$ 7,023,886 2,091,707	\$ 7,165,800 2,108,552	\$ 8,680,453 2,222,760	\$ 8,955,555 2,160,172	\$ 8,670,785 2,255,642
15,829,815	12,871,834	12,147,431	11,876,290	12,272,413
1,630,820	2,768,435	2,486,839	2,696,331	2,981,535
-	-	-	-	-
2,574,611 831,069	4,334,545 1,203,158	3,893,806 1,305,573	6,915,063 2,551,378	10,161,363 8,030,066
29,981,908	30,452,324	30,736,862	35,154,789	44,371,804
\$ <u>(57,159,455</u>)	\$ <u>(54,577,501</u>)	\$ <u>(54,524,802</u>)	\$ <u>(52,321,420</u>)	\$ <u>(55,178,995</u>)
\$ 56,044,426	\$ 57,008,180	\$ 60,181,153	\$ 67,035,114	\$ 77,306,841
1,907,714	1,240,278	420,936	316,056	5,047,441
785,272	1,200,034	<u>991,595</u>	439,123	2,168,559
\$ <u>58,737,412</u>	\$ <u>59,448,492</u>	\$ <u>61,593,684</u>	\$ <u>67,790,293</u>	\$ <u>84,522,841</u>
\$ <u>1,577,957</u>	\$ <u>4,870,991</u>	\$ <u>7,068,882</u>	\$ <u>15.468.873</u>	\$ <u>29,343,846</u>

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS *Fund Balances, Governmental Funds* Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

0	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund: Nonspendable Unassigned	\$ 660,339 18,321,967	\$ 674,400 21,394,059	\$ 774,454 19,448,434	\$ 432,469 21,923,095	\$ 527,761 25,325,056
Total General Fund	\$ <u>18,982,306</u>	\$ <u>22,068,459</u>	\$ <u>20,222,888</u>	\$ <u>22,355,564</u>	\$ <u>25,852,817</u>
Road & Bridge Fund: Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 301,036 6,435,487	\$ 408,775 6,786,303	\$ 317,943 <u>7,673,273</u>	\$ 299,585 6,864,366	\$ 307,068 6,137,166
Total Road & Bridge Fund	\$ <u>6,736,523</u>	\$ <u>7,195,078</u>	\$ <u>7,991,216</u>	\$ <u>7,163,951</u>	\$ <u>6,444,234</u>
Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	\$ 2,368 11,422,456 (8,937)	\$ - 10,987,061 (<u>857,052</u>)	\$ 3,687 18,952,445 (<u>39,000</u>)	\$ 22,387 9,631,368 (133,470)	\$ 18,840 12,452,719 (<u>7,333</u>)
Total Other Governmental Funds	\$ <u>11,415,887</u>	\$ <u>10,130,009</u>	\$ <u>18,917,132</u>	\$ <u>9,520,285</u>	\$ <u>12,464,226</u>
Total Governmental Funds	\$ <u>37,134,716</u>	\$ <u>39,393,546</u>	\$ <u>47,131,236</u>	\$ <u>39,039,800</u>	\$ <u>44,761,277</u>

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds)

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
\$ 598,241 31,190,522	\$ 616,970 34,877,444	\$ 596,155 39,473,064	\$ 760,899 46,979,800	\$ 773,546 _50,000,706		
\$ <u>31,788,763</u>	\$ <u>35,494,414</u>	\$ <u>40,069,219</u>	\$ <u>47,740,699</u>	\$ <u>50,774,252</u>		
\$ 370,381	\$ 421,592	\$ 457,431	\$ 466,710	\$ 505,850		
4,906,587	<u>4,811,290</u>	5,509,332	<u>5,982,062</u>	<u>7,912,235</u>		
\$ <u>5,276,968</u>	\$ <u>5,232,882</u>	\$ <u>5,966,763</u>	\$ <u>6,448,772</u>	\$ <u>8,418,085</u>		
\$ 4,687	\$ 4,736	\$ 9,221	\$ 140,977	\$ 109,747		
, , , ,	15,158,719					
(644)	(1,308)		(167,885)			
\$ <u>13,847,614</u>	\$ <u>15,162,147</u>	\$ <u>15,590,399</u>	\$ <u>14,786,648</u>	\$ <u>15,872,507</u>		
\$ <u>50,913,345</u>	\$ <u>55,889,443</u>	\$ <u>61,626,381</u>	\$ <u>68,976,119</u>	\$ <u>75,064,844</u>		

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASChanges In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

December	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 45,443,781	\$ 48,963,573	\$ 50,993,826	\$ 50,737,943	\$ 51,484,989
Prisoner housing services	6,675,022	6,030,529	7,149,116	10,112,353	11,431,715
Intergovernmental	3,272,840	2,801,723		3,075,841	2,435,155
Fees	7,582,746	7,622,922	8,250,780	7,985,710	11,407,259
Fines	1,474,592	1,527,368	1,670,340	1,331,314	1,406,065
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	96,651	183,592	333,960	418,949	941,503
Miscellaneous	2,083,907	2,372,687	2,514,951	2,054,631	<u>1,816,803</u>
Total revenues	66,629,539	69,502,394	75,037,304	75,716,741	80,923,489
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government ¹	12,490,998	14,672,298	16,165,457	15,950,248	15,078,893
Highways and streets	6,934,405	5,783,272	6,303,874	6,448,641	6,266,830
Law enforcement	30,917,697	29,703,957	32,061,018	35,372,987	37,537,471
Administration of justice	7,006,238	7,974,262	8,576,511	8,513,407	8,087,273
Financial administration	920,170	916,909	964,090	983,233	1,002,443
Health and welfare	1,791,012	1,509,408	1,499,931	2,095,704	1,297,291
Capital outlay	6,574,359	4,128,319	19,920,510	10,817,630	2,632,285
Debt Service: Principal	1,592,270	2,169,297	2,030,000	2,190,000	2,780,000
Interest and fiscal charges	403,479	452,767	635,848	1,637,067	905,826
interest and notal thanges		<u> </u>	000,040	1,007,007	
Total expenditures	68,630,628	67,310,489	88,157,239	84,008,917	75,588,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,001,089)	2,191,905	(13,119,935)	(8,292,176)	5,335,177
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	5,214,204	1,885,078	7,239,818	2,673,458	4,074,377
Transfers out	(5,214,204)		, , , , , , ,	, , ,	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	79,262	66,925	252,625	136,401	386,300
Issuance of right to use leased assets	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of subscription based IT arrangements	4 070 000	-	-	-	-
Issuance of tax notes	4,370,000	-	20 605 000	6 405 000	-
Issuance of certificates of obligation bonds	-	-	20,605,000	6,425,000	-
Issuance of general obligation bonds Premium on issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to escrow agent	-	-	-	(6,360,661)	
·				,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,449,262	66,925	20,857,625	200,740	386,300
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>2,448,173</u>	\$ <u>2,258,830</u>	\$ <u>7,737,690</u>	\$ <u>(8,091,436</u>)	\$ <u>5,721,477</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.2%	4.2%	3.9%	5.2%	5.1%

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances).

¹ Elections, Conservation and Culture and recreation are included here.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 55,976,147 12,737,339	\$ 57,036,021 10,346,453	\$ 60,244,560 8,702,223	\$ 66,916,041	\$ 77,079,463
2,864,483	4,284,767	4,892,309	8,524,070	16,281,603
12,139,753	12,011,639	14,488,640	23,263,974	23,124,176
1,411,501	1,005,103	1,078,154	1,499,105	1,808,487
1 007 714	1 240 270	420.026	216.056	26,000 5.047.441
1,907,714	1,240,278	420,936	316,056	5,047,441
<u>1,740,024</u>	<u>1,905,730</u>	<u>1,400,030</u>	<u>511,669</u>	2,247,648
88,776,961	87,829,991	91,226,852	101,030,915	125,614,818
16,732,009	17,728,997	18,365,691	20,410,608	23,064,929
7,061,673	7,312,403	7,338,311	7,907,581	8,452,723
41,053,223	38,851,144	39,397,580	41,358,468	46,360,478
9,020,189	8,979,849	8,888,021	9,596,419	10,818,219
1,113,973	1,196,870	1,234,501	1,296,432	1,493,180
1,677,025	2,633,227	2,790,667	5,240,367	3,852,609
2,298,869	2,605,826	3,784,345	6,445,882	15,355,997
_,,	_,,,,,,_,	2,1 2 1,2 12	-,,	, ,
2,825,000	2,865,000	3,000,000	1,476,666	1,831,209
865,502	824,274	771,733	635,584	423,553
82,647,463	82,997,590	85,570,849	94,368,007	111,652,897
6,129,498	4,832,401	5,656,003	6,662,908	13,961,921
2,848,635	4,435,902	4,492,565	2,635,489	6,467,224
(2,848,635)		(4,492,565)	(2,635,489)	(17,067,224)
22,570	143,697	94,327	146,449	212,505
,	-	-	245,913	21,083
_	_	_	,	2,493,216
_	_	_	_	-
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	15,865,000	_
_	_	_	253,944	_
_	_	_	(15,824,476)	_
	-	-	<u>(10,021,110</u>)	
22,570	143,697	94,327	686,830	(7,873,196)
\$ <u>6,152,068</u>	\$ <u>4,976,098</u>	\$ <u>5,750,330</u>	\$ <u>7,349,738</u>	\$ <u>6,088,725</u>
4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	2.4%	2.3%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real Property				Less:
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Other	Personal	Но	mestead, Other
<u>Year</u>	 Property	Property	 Property	 Property		Exemptions
0044	= 000 =00 000	* 4 0 40 4 40 000	4 050 005 050			0 707 400 007
2014	\$ 5,092,788,399	\$ 1,246,142,809	\$ 4,253,295,670	\$ 1,745,201,351	\$	2,787,490,025
2015	5,134,525,144	1,243,258,320	4,704,030,325	1,694,692,822		2,991,144,902
2016	5,069,484,627	1,368,757,815	5,050,106,841	1,710,101,615		3,176,269,781
2017	5,421,617,645	1,383,963,256	4,342,528,058	1,675,333,272		3,311,636,564
2018	6,135,140,211	1,451,632,628	4,472,634,739	1,497,606,622		3,813,519,623
2019	6,886,752,383	1,499,214,256	4,788,335,664	1,584,929,158		4,172,841,706
2020	7,874,178,334	1,578,652,467	5,165,194,812	1,742,254,351		4,423,488,026
2021	8,719,295,017	1,712,899,185	5,009,469,358	1,875,534,168		4,694,308,240
2022	10,279,112,968	1,847,863,514	6,143,239,993	1,734,770,888		5,973,110,046
2023	12,807,490,059	2,045,732,501	8,983,366,828	2,128,819,457		6,644,939,506

Source: Johnson County Central Appraisal District

Note: Beginning in 2023, 'Other Property' and 'Estimated Actual Value' now include tax-exempt property.

⁽a) Values represent the Appraisal Review Board's approved totals from original certified roll.

⁽b) Tax rates are derived from 'Total Assessed Taxable Value'

Total Taxable		Total	Total	Assessed Value as a
Assessed		Assessed	Direct	Percentage of
Value	_	Value	 Tax Rate (b)	 Actual Value
\$ 9,549,938,204	\$	9,549,938,204	0.420154	100.00%
9,785,361,709		9,785,361,709	0.445000	100.00%
10,022,181,117		10,022,181,117	0.448000	100.00%
9,511,805,667		9,511,805,667	0.459738	100.00%
9,743,494,577		9,743,494,577	0.472000	100.00%
10,586,389,755		10,586,389,755	0.472000	100.00%
11,936,791,938		11,936,791,938	0.425000	100.00%
12,622,889,488		12,622,889,488	0.425000	100.00%
14,031,877,317		14,031,877,317	0.420000	100.00%
19,320,469,339		25,965,408,845	0.415000	74.41%

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	<u>Tax Rate</u>	<u>Tax Rate</u>	Tax Rate
Johnson County	0.420154	0.445000	0.448000	0.459738	0.472000
Cities: Alvarado Burleson Cleburne Crowley Godley Grandview Joshua Keene Mansfield Rio Vista Venus	0.665469	0.733000	0.733000	0.733000	0.709555
	0.740000	0.740000	0.735000	0.735000	0.735000
	0.804018	0.804018	0.804018	0.804018	0.804018
	0.696829	0.739270	0.739270	0.719000	0.709000
	0.540000	0.540000	0.560000	0.560000	0.540000
	0.746311	0.746311	0.746311	0.746311	0.746311
	0.725270	0.775270	0.775270	0.775270	0.775270
	0.867018	0.912249	0.897823	0.897823	0.897823
	0.710000	0.710000	0.710000	0.710000	0.710000
	0.598185	0.596454	0.596454	0.591810	0.640009
	0.893269	0.879918	0.879918	0.879918	0.879918
School Districts: Alvarado ISD Burleson ISD Cleburne ISD Crowley ISD Godley ISD Granbury ISD Grandview ISD Joshua ISD Keene ISD Mansfield ISD Rio Vista ISD Venus ISD	1.461000 1.540000 1.366600 1.650000 1.195500 1.265000 1.400000 1.420000 1.490900 1.527100 1.621300 1.380000	1.461000 1.540000 1.366600 1.650000 1.247660 1.265000 1.400000 1.600000 1.430000 1.570000 1.380000	1.461000 1.540000 1.630000 1.650000 1.540000 1.250000 1.400000 1.610000 1.510000 1.600000 1.587600	1.461000 1.670000 1.630000 1.670000 1.540000 1.210000 1.400000 1.600000 1.540000 1.600000 1.587600	1.461000 1.670000 1.630000 1.670000 1.540000 1.195000 1.266100 1.520000 1.401100 1.540000 1.600000 1.589500
Special District Rates: Emergency Service Hill College - Alvarado ISD Hill College - Cleburne ISD Hill College - Godley ISD Hill College - Grandview ISD Hill College - Joshua ISD Hill College - Keene ISD Hill College - Rio Vista ISD Hill College - Venus ISD	0.060000	0.060000	0.060000	0.060000	0.060000
	0.044702	0.048850	0.048850	0.050000	0.050000
	0.050000	0.049931	0.050000	0.050000	0.048800
	0.014541	0.016832	0.022349	0.022671	0.022252
	0.050000	0.050000	0.050000	0.050000	0.050000
	0.0550000	0.048492	0.050000	0.049482	0.049616
	0.046349	0.047000	0.049435	0.050000	0.049327
	0.029535	0.032019	0.033806	0.033806	0.035216
	0.047414	0.048249	0.049824	0.050000	0.048763

Source: Texas Municipal Report

2019 Tax Rate	2020 Tax Rate	2021 Tax Rate	2022 Tax Rate	2023 Tax Rate	% Applicable to Johnson <u>County</u>
0.472000	0.425000	0.425000	0.420000	0.415000	
0.732031 0.720000 0.773206 0.681992 0.540000 0.771282 0.765270 0.867822 0.710000 0.572667 0.869918	0.751419 0.711100 0.760092 0.699806 0.540000 0.771282 0.761240 0.854134 0.690000 0.527606 0.838991	0.812696 0.685900 0.690498 0.729545 0.490390 0.760566 0.711493 0.844134 0.690000 0.502741 0.807224	0.812696 0.657200 0.640476 0.645203 0.454124 0.650000 0.711493 0.834134 0.680000 0.399317 0.754842	0.811895 0.632500 0.581318 0.594890 0.516064 0.650000 0.651229 0.834134 0.659293 0.436333 0.754842	100.00% 79.71% 100.00% 22.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 13.48% 100.00% 70.06%
1.470000 1.568350 1.528300 1.568400 1.470000 1.125000 1.196100 1.440000 1.299400 1.460000 1.498350 1.491500	1.466400 1.538300 1.514700 1.539800 1.466400 1.111400 1.133100 1.396000 1.285800 1.446400 1.397390 1.421300	1.372000 1.494600 1.448600 1.484100 1.492000 1.088800 1.178100 1.290000 1.231270 1.418300 1.322990 1.383500	1.354600 1.442900 1.397300 1.442900 1.474600 0.999600 1.105900 1.272600 1.165470 1.334600 1.322990 1.366100	1.169200 1.257500 1.211900 1.257500 1.289200 0.934200 0.998900 1.087200 1.048900 1.149200 1.183300 1.807000	100.00% 67.14% 100.00% 73.00% 89.84% 97.00% 97.19% 100.00% 8.66% 98.64% 100.00%
0.060000 0.047389 0.044494 0.022252 0.048357 0.047566 0.049393 0.035216 0.050000	0.060000 0.050000 0.048692 0.025422 0.050000 0.050000 0.049548 0.035391 0.050000	0.060000 0.050000 0.050000 0.026092 0.050000 0.049928 0.049548 0.033478 0.047245	0.060000 0.049230 0.049847 0.024210 0.047223 0.050000 0.043503 0.031778 0.039827	0.054201 0.044780 0.047046 0.021423 0.044393 0.048091 0.042922 0.029441 0.038098	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 97.19% 100.00% 100.00% 98.64% 100.00%

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023				2014	
		Taxable		% of Total		Taxable		% of Total
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value	_	Value	Rank	Value
Klein Tools, Inc.	\$	232,358,612	1	1.20%	\$	-	-	-
Javelin Energy Partners		197,385,811	2	1.02%		-	-	-
UPP Operating, LLC		164,933,240	3	0.85%		-	-	-
ETC Texas Processing		146,395,534	4	0.76%		144,956,249	4	1.52%
James Hardie Building Products		139,585,115	5	0.72%		-	-	-
Oncor Electric Delivery		112,225,171	6	0.58%		-	-	-
Atmos Energy/Mid-Tex		108,201,093	7	0.56%		-	-	-
BVK North Texas LLC		85,756,599	8	0.44%		-	-	-
TEP Barnett USA LLC		85,690,307	9	0.44%		-	-	-
Burleson Cold Stoarge		83,992,534	10	0.43%		-	-	-
Devon Energy Op Co LP		-	-	-		512,734,760	1	5.37%
Chesapeake Operating, Inc.		-	-	-		191,429,655	2	2.00%
EOG Resources, Inc.		-	-	-		172,815,894	3	1.81%
XTO Energy Inc		-	-	-		132,417,077	5	1.39%
Haliburton Energy		-	-	-		116,059,237	6	1.22%
Energy Transfer Fuel LP		-	-	-		93,218,186	7	0.98%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP		-	-	-		81,371,460	8	0.85%
Brazos Electric Power Co Op		-	-	-		78,780,915	9	0.82%
Texas Midstream Gas	_	<u>-</u>	-		_	72,867,578	10	0.73%
Total	\$	1,356,524,016		7.00%	\$_	1,596,651,011		16.72%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$	19,320,469,339			\$_	9,549,938,204		

Source: Johnson County Central Appraisal District

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Total Collections to Date Tax Levy Fiscal as of Fiscal Subsequent Percentage Percentage Collections Year Year End Amount of Levy Amount of Levy 1,058,267 \$ 2014 \$ 43,475,291 \$ 42,278,798 97.25% \$ 43,337,065 99.68% 2015 49,130,903 48,112,540 97.93% 921,603 49,034,143 99.80% 2016 48,923,628 48,472,441 99.08% 338,642 48,811,083 99.77% 2017 48,488,689 47,546,117 98.06% 823,590 48,369,707 99.75% 2018 50,862,834 49,981,168 762,701 50,743,869 99.77% 98.27% 2019 55,845,945 55,030,895 98.54% 55,699,547 99.74% 668,652 2020 56,420,778 55,930,875 99.13% 314,058 56,244,933 99.69% 2021 59,117,582 58,395,331 98.78% 500,005 58,895,336 99.62% 2022 66,495,871 65,675,514 98.77% 422,813 66,098,327 99.40% 2023 76,693,574 75,601,290 98.58% 75,601,290 98.58%

Source: Johnson County Tax Assessor/Collector

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	 General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Certificates of Obligation	_	Tax Anticipation Notes	Note Payable	 Lease Liability
2014	\$ 10,826,116	\$ -	\$	4,370,000	\$ 793,243	\$ -
2015	9,481,419	-		3,805,000	-	-
2016	7,981,204	20,605,000		3,295,000	-	-
2017	6,329,927	20,605,000		2,890,000	-	-
2018	4,378,650	20,055,000		2,605,000	-	-
2019	2,267,373	19,495,000		2,445,000	-	-
2020	-	18,925,000		2,415,000	-	-
2021	-	18,340,000		-	-	-
2022	15,480,000	3,255,000		-	-	174,247
2023	15,290,000	2,205,000		-	-	127,191

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Presented net of original issuance premiums.

⁽²⁾ Personal income is disclosed on page 196.

⁽³⁾ Population can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 193.

Per Capita	
101.91	
83.77	
198.63	
178.27	
159.84	
139.61	
118.22	
100.86	
100.97	
100.21	
	Capita 101.91 83.77 198.63 178.27 159.84 139.61 118.22 100.86 100.97

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Ava	ss: Amounts ilable in Debt rvice Fund ⁽²⁾		Net Debt		Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ⁽³⁾		Per Capita ⁽⁴⁾
2014	\$ 10,826,116	\$	1,048,793	\$	9,777,323	\$	0.10%	\$	62.31
2015	9,481,419		1,364,571		8,116,848		0.08%		51.17
2016	7,981,204		884,286		7,096,918		0.07%		44.22
2017	6,329,927		846,414		5,483,513		0.06%		32.78
2018	4,378,650		876,773		3,501,877		0.04%		20.70
2019	2,267,373		1,257,283		1,010,090		0.01%		5.83
2020	-		566,352	(566,352))	0.00%	(3.14)
2021	-		265,940	(265,940))	0.00%	(1.46)
2022	15,718,072		78,213		15,639,859		0.11%		83.51
2023	15,508,834		-		15,508,834		0.08%		79.33

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ This is the general bonded debt for the governmental activities, net of original issuance premiums.

⁽²⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service.

⁽³⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 182 through 183 for property value data.

⁽⁴⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 193.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt September 30, 2023

Taxing Jurisdiction	Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable to Johnson County
City of Alvarado	\$ 37,435,000	100.00%	\$ 37,435,000
City of Burleson	169,305,000	79.71%	134,953,016
City of Crowley	43,960,000	0.22%	96,712
City of Grandview	1,055,000	100.00%	1,055,000
City of Joshua	10,850,000	100.00%	10,850,000
City of Keene	10,752,000	100.00%	10,752,000
City of Mansfield	192,175,000	13.48%	25,905,190
City of Venus	15,305,000	70.06%	10,722,683
Alvarado ISD	185,773,000	100.00%	185,773,000
Burleson ISD	274,829,335	67.14%	184,520,416
Cleburne ISD	159,524,512	100.00%	159,524,512
Crowley ISD	936,033,753	0.73%	6,833,046
Godley ISD	221,758,242	89.84%	199,227,605
Granbury ISD	76,845,000	0.97%	745,397
Grandview ISD	13,748,612	97.19%	13,362,276
Joshua ISD	85,870,000	100.00%	85,870,000
Keene ISD	10,479,000	100.00%	10,479,000
Mansfield ISD	756,251,356	8.66%	65,491,367
Rio Vista ISD	20,104,000	98.64%	19,830,586
Venus ISD	28,693,344	100.00%	28,693,344
Subtotal, overlapping debt			1,192,120,150
Johnson County, Texas direct debt			<u>17,713,834</u>
Total direct & overlapping debt			\$ <u>1,209,833,984</u>

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 12

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾	\$ <u>9,549,938,204</u>	\$ <u>9,785,361,709</u>	\$ <u>10,022,181,117</u>	\$ <u>9,511,805,667</u>	\$ <u>9.743.494.577</u>
Debt limit ⁽²⁾	\$ 2,387,484,551	\$_2,446,340,427	\$ 2,505,545,279	\$_2,377,951,417	\$_2.435.873.644
Amount of debt applicable to limit (3) Total bonded debt Less: Assets in debt service fund	15,955,602 1,158,846	13,258,939 1,433,693	31,860,000 1,594,417	29,810,000 <u>879,771</u>	27.030.000 962.534
Total net debt applicable to limit	14,796,756	11,825,246	30,265,583	28,930,229	26.067.466
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>2,372,687,795</u>	\$ <u>2,434,515,181</u>	\$ <u>2,475,279,696</u>	\$ <u>2,349,021,188</u>	\$ <u>2.409.806.178</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.62%	0.48%	1.21%	1.22%	1.07%
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾	\$ <u>10,586,389,755</u>	\$ <u>11,936,791,938</u>	\$ <u>12,622,889,488</u>	\$ <u>14,486,742,612</u>	\$ <u>19,320,469,339</u>
Debt limit ⁽²⁾	\$ 2,646,597,439	\$ 2,984,197,985	\$ <u>3,155,722,372</u>	3,621,685,653	\$ <u>4,830,117,335</u>
Amount of debt applicable to limit ⁽³⁾ Total bonded debt Less: Assets in debt service fund	24,205,000 1,331,640	21,340,000 656,775	18,340,000 344,410	18,735,000 116,268	17,495,000 11,786
Total net debt applicable to limit	22,873,360	20,683,225	17,995,590	18,618,732	17,483,214
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>2,623,724,079</u>	\$ <u>2,963,514,760</u>	\$ <u>3,137,726,782</u>	\$ <u>3,603,066,921</u>	\$ <u>4,812,634,121</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit					

Source:

Johnson County Appraisal District.

Debt limit is 25% of assessed value of real property per Article 3 Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statement of Net Position. (2)

⁽³⁾

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)		Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2014	156,733	\$	5,822,080	\$ 37,146	4.8%
2015	159,345		6,046,048	37,943	4.4%
2016	162,763		6,244,690	38,367	4.5%
2017	167,012		6,682,230	40,010	3.4%
2018	171,121		6,914,543	40,407	3.4%
2019	175,817		7,229,759	41,121	3.1%
2020	180,513		7,963,280	44,115	6.9%
2021	181,837		8,665,260	47,599	4.1%
2022	187,280		9,667,206	51,619	3.3%
2023	195,506		10,329,951	52,837	3.7%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis

Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

_	2023			2014			
	Number of		% of Total County	Number of		% of Total County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Burleson ISD	1,600	1	1.80%	1,514	1	2.06%	
Cleburne ISD	1,160	2	1.30%	970	2	1.32%	
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	1,037	3	1.17%	707	3	0.96%	
Joshua ISD	917	4	1.03%	699	4	0.95%	
Johnson County	794	5	0.90%	504	5	0.69%	
City of Burleson	665	6	0.75%	-	-	-	
Wal-Mart Supercenter (Burleson)	480	7	0.54%	496	7	0.63%	
Hill College `	445	8	0.50%	-			
Texas Health Resources	404	9	0.46%	412	9	0.56%	
HEB - Burleson	400	10	0.45%	-	-	-	
Sabre Tubular Structures	-	-	-	500	6	0.68%	
Wal-Mart Supercenter (Cleburne)	-	-	-	420	8	0.57%	
City of Cleburne	-	-		342	10	0.47%	
Total _	7,902		8.91%	6,534		8.89%	

Source: Johnson County Economic Development Commission, City of Burleson Chamber of Commerce and Individual Employers

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Full-Time County Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General government	129	132	140	134	135	138	137	144	148	157
Highways and streets	73	77	67	68	67	64	66	64	65	62
Law enforcement	196	202	202	199	196	204	210	401	419	445
Administration of justice	83	82	83	84	79	82	81	78	83	84
Financial administration	14	14	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	15
Health and welfare	6	7	9	8	9	10	10	11	11	11
Culture and recreation	3	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	5	5
Total	504	<u>518</u>	<u>518</u>	<u>510</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>516</u>	522	<u>716</u>	<u>745</u>	<u>779</u>

Source: County budget records

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
General Government:						
County Clerk						
Criminal Cases Filed	3,673	3,024	2,685	2,386	2,286	
Civil Cases Filed	916	900	983	1,120	957	
Juvenile petitions Filed	113	125	107	61	76	
Probate/Guardianship Cases Filed	461	399	398	459	436	
Mental Health Cases Filed	65	47	77	184	181	
Personnel						
Positions Filled	610	625	633	631	635	
Payroll Checks Processed	15,938	16,921	17,132	16,384	16,896	
Public Works						
Permits Issued	628	732	1,035	1,342	1,434	
Septic Complaints Addressed	143	178	163	134	126	
Purchasing						
Purchase Orders Issued	3,946	4,267	3,983	3,823	3,622	
Recurring Annual Competitive Bids	13	17	34	20	28	
New Competitive Bids	22	19	12	14	4	
Tax Assessor/Collector						
County Tax Accounts	298,539	314,034	309,572	302,255	317,412	
Automobile Registrations	168,964	167,198	169,105	173,718	178,013	
•	100,004	107,100	100,100	170,710	170,010	
Elections Administration	00 077	04.405	00 507	00.000	04.000	
Registered Voters	82,377	84,405	90,587	92,999	94,293	
Administrative of Justice						
District Clerk						
Civil Cases Filed	1,288	1,365	1,036	1,136	1,440	
Criminal Cases Filed	1,653	1,753	1,643	1,289	1,533	
County Courts						
Criminal Cases Disposed	3,730	3,346	3,062	1,985	2,293	
Civil Cases Disposed	1,038	683	905	1,298	993	
Juvenile Petitions Disposed	195	113	110	65	67	
Probate/Guardianship Hearings Held	397	510	892	593	661	
Mental Health Hearings Held	53	49	63	289	152	
District Court						
Civil Cases Disposed	1,211	830	1,233	1,189	1,475	
Criminal Cases Disposed	1,744	1,608	1,492	1,260	1,359	
Justice of the Peace						
Civil Cases Filed	1,644	1,789	1,882	2,135	2,452	
Criminal Cases Filed	9,950	9,784	11,475	9,779	10,701	
Civil Cases Disposed	1,880	2,094	1,792	1,846	2,045	
Criminal Cases Disposed	11,631	10,183	10,976	8,672	11,204	

(continued)

Fiscal Year								
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023				
2,018	1,392	1,468	1,543	1,456				
1,323	992	1,019	863	931				
73	41	58	85	65				
453	386	515	576	528				
182	180	145	129	147				
638	639	886	895	922				
16,412	15,769	16,525	22,320	22,948				
1,383	1,517	1,903	1,928	1,627				
192	135	195	191	205				
3,521	4,030	3,854	4,037	4,440				
27	18	30	32	25				
12	11	8	11	13				
306,960	307,211	294,307	306,539	315,086				
180,756	176,993	188,266	187,582	198,090				
97,423	101,178	106,911	113,032	117,643				
1,536	1,363	1,409	1,253	1,407				
1,533	1,264	1,294	1,284	1,271				
2,246	1,819	1,665	1,857	1,815				
1,231	866	1,048	940	1,026				
71	31	60	80	87				
618 164	480 173	586 149	663 255	602 273				
104	175	143	200	213				
1,545	1,080	1,169	1,386	1,384				
1,307	990	1,168	1,388	1,358				
3,006	2,511	3,053	2,851	3,535				
8,497	4,889	4,320	5,001	5,003				
2,292	2,516	2,648	2,851	2,856				
9,522	5,208	5,478	6,253	5,078				

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Operating Indicators by Function - Continued
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Law Enforcement County Jail							
Average Daily Jail Population	713	661	679	703	756		
Sheriff							
E-911 Calls Received (Approx)	40,908	39,141	36,751	34,563	46,653		
Financial Administration County Auditor							
A/P Checks Processed	4,617	4,596	5,000	4,559	4,608		
ACH Processed	2,124	2,102	2,535	2,047	2,140		
Wire Transactions	153	137	128	230	178		
Invoices Processed	13,440	14,750	14,660	14,560	15,043		
Highways and Streets							
Miles of Roads Resurfaced	56	25	10	59	37		
Health and Welfare							
Medical Examiner Cases Investigated	627	548	602	570	609		
Indigent Clients	155	136	106	60	53		
Culture and Recreation							
Hamm Creek Park Visitors	17,259	12,737	12,804	27,213	24,664		

Sources: Texas Courts Online Annual Statistical Reports Johnson County Offices

2019	2020	Fiscal Year 2021	2022	2023
2013	2020	2021	2022	
887	749	761	821	771
44,147	48,082	51,604	51,648	50,637
4,261	4,419	4,375	4,845	4,812
1,891	2,074	2,031	2,071	2,189
109	194	228	252	227
14,148	15,167	15,714	17,959	20,200
71	47	61	32	46
711	804	986	962	1,003
54	51	50	55	43
15,278	25,970	25,898	21,344	22,291

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function/Asset Class	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Administration of Justice					
Furniture and equipment	23	24	24	23	25
Vehicles & mobile equipment	4	4	6	4	4
Land & building	1	1	-	-	-
General Government					
Furniture and equipment	171	170	174	179	185
Vehicles & mobile equipment	23	23	22	22	21
Land & building	83	83	84	83	81
Highways and Streets					
Furniture and equipment	12	12	12	14	18
Vehicles & mobile equipment	264	273	269	272	276
Land & building	20	20	20	24	21
Law Enforcement					
Furniture and equipment	90	98	104	124	122
Vehicles & mobile equipment	144	135	141	140	146
Land & building	14	14	14	15	15
Health and Welfare					
Furniture and equipment	21	19	12	12	10
Vehicles & mobile equipment	8	7	7	8	8
Land & building	2	3	3	3	3
Culture and Recreation					
Furniture and equipment	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles & mobile equipment	5	5	5 2	4	4
Land & building	2	2	2	2	2

Source: Johnson County Financial Records

Fiscal Year					
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
25	25	26	24	27	
5	6	6	7	8	
-	-	-	-	-	
400	040	000	000	207	
188 20	218 20	220 20	220 21	237 26	
81	86	87	87	89	
•		•	•		
17	17	17	21	21	
283	281	287	294	301	
23	24	24	25	26	
135	141	153	154	199	
158 15	150 15	160 15	166 17	191 17	
10	13	10	17	17	
10	10	18	18	20	
9	11	13	14	15	
9	3	3	3	3	
1	-			<u>-</u>	
4 2	3 2		3 3 2	3 2	
Z	2		2 2	Z	









<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Johnson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Johnson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas March 21, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report

On Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Texas Grant Management Standards

To the Honorable County Judge And Members of Commissioners Court Johnson County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Johnson County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and Texas Grant Management Standards that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. The County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the Texas Grant Management Standards (TxGMS). Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal and state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and
 to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance and TxGMS, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas March 21, 2024



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control findings required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None.
 - 4. No internal control findings, that are required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a): No; the Texas Grant Management Standards Section 510(a): No
 - 7. Major programs include:

Federal:

21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Act

State:

- TJJD Cluster Programs
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Federal \$ 750,000; State: \$ 750,000.
- 9. Low Risk Auditee: Federal Yes; State Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the state award.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

#2 N. MAIN

CLEBURNE, TEXAS 76033

Telephone (817) 556-6305 ~ Fax (817) 556-6075

Steven E. Watson County Auditor Jennifer R. Lyon First Assistant County Auditor

Federal:

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.

State:

In accordance with the Texas Grant Management Standards §315(b), the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.

JOHNSON COUNTY COURTHOUSE #2 N. MAIN CLEBURNE, TEXAS 76033 Telephone (817) 556-6305 ~ Fax (817) 556-6075

Steven E. Watson County Auditor Jennifer R. Lyon First Assistant County Auditor

Federal:

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.

State:

In accordance with the Texas Grant Management Standards §315(b), the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §510(c) Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Contract/ Program <u>Number</u>	Expenditures or Award Amount	
U.S. Department of the Interior Passed Through Texas Fish and Wildlife Service: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		\$ <u>1,631</u>	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			\$ <u>1,631</u>	
U.S. Department of Justice Passed Through Bureau of Justice Assistance: State Criminal Alien Assistance Program State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606 16.606	15PBJA-20-RR-00202 15PBJA-21-RR-04813	\$ 54,070 65,916	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARMENT OF JUSTICE			\$ <u>119,986</u>	
U.S. Department of Treasury Direct Program: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		\$ <u>12,205,785</u>	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			\$ <u>12,205,785</u>	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Passed Through Texas Department of Health Services: Public Health Emergency Preparedness Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069 93.069	2023-537-18-0207-00001 2023-537-18-0207-00001	\$ 38,893 8,398	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			\$\$	
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$12,374,693	
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS			\$ <u>12,205,785</u>	
TYPE A PROGRAM			\$	

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title Texas Juvenile Justice Department:	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures or Award Amount
Direct Program: State Aid Program (1) State Aid Program (1) SB30 Detention Supplement (1) Detention Reimbursement (1) Risk Needs Assessment (1) Regional Diversion Alternative Program (1) Regional Diversion Alternative Program (1) Passed Through Texas Education Agency:	TJJD-A-23-126 TJJD-A-24-126 TJJD-D-23-126 TJJD-DR-23-126 TJJD-R-24-126 TJJD-RDA-23-126 TJJD-RDA-24-126	\$ 714,016 59,845 5,346 10,920 10,494 242,342 16,750
Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (Boot Camp) (1) Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (Boot Camp) (1)	TJJD-P-23-126 TJJD-P-24-126	256,538 62,694
TOTAL TEXAS JUVENILE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT		\$1,378,945
Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission: Direct Program: Health and Safety Code 361.136(L)(1)		\$74,949
TOTAL NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION COMMISSION		\$
Commission on State of Texas Emergency Communications: Passed Through North Central Texas Council on Government: 911 Addressing Maintenance Contract TOTAL COMMISSION ON STATE OF TEXAS EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS		\$33,334 \$33,334
Office of Attorney General: Direct Program: Texas Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE) Texas Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE)	C-00318 C-01129	\$ 26,953 2,524
TOTAL OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL		\$
Texas Office of the Governor: Passed Through Criminal Justice Division: Bullet Resistant Shield Grant Program	2023-SH-ST-0000	\$130,490
TOTAL TEXAS OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR		\$130,490

Exhibit 23 Page 2 of 2

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures or Award Amount	
Texas Task Force on Indigent Defense: Direct Program:			
Indigent Defense Formula Indigent Defense Formula	221-22-126 221-23-126	\$ 24,12 98,48	
TOTAL TEXAS TASK FORCE ON INDIGENT DEFENSE		\$122,61	<u>17</u>
Texas Department of State Health Services:			
Direct Program: Tobacco Settlement Funds		\$100,37	<u>70</u>
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF STATE HEALTH SERVICES		\$100,37	<u>70</u>
Texas Department of Transportation:			
Direct Program: County Transportation Infrastructure Fund Grant Program	CTIF-01-126	\$39,42	<u>25</u>
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		\$39,42	<u>25</u>
TOTAL STATE ASSISTANCE		\$ <u>1,909,60</u>	<u>07</u>
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS		\$1,378,94	<u>45</u>
TYPE A PROGRAM		\$300,00	<u>)0</u>
(1) Cluster Programs per TJJD			

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Notes on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

1. The County uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designated to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designated to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types". The following fund types were utilized to account for federal awards.

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the County. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. Federal financial assistance not required to be reported in other funds is accounted for in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund unless required to be reported in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. State grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, a component of the Governmental Fund type.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal and state grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures/expenses made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Notes on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

- 3. The period of availability for state grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal and state project period extended 30 days beyond the federal and state project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Compliance Supplement and the Texas Grant Management Standards.
- 4. Indirect Costs The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate and received no reimbursements for indirect costs during the year ended September 30, 2023.

