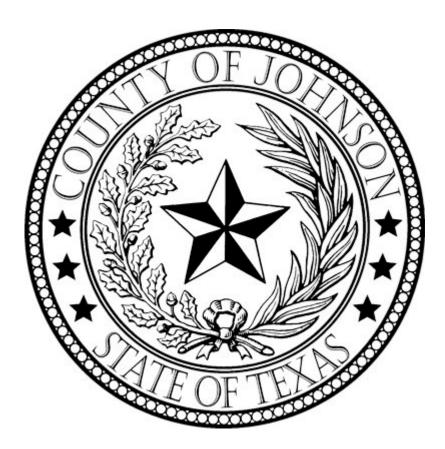
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS JOHNSON COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE #2 North Main Street Cleburne, Texas 76033



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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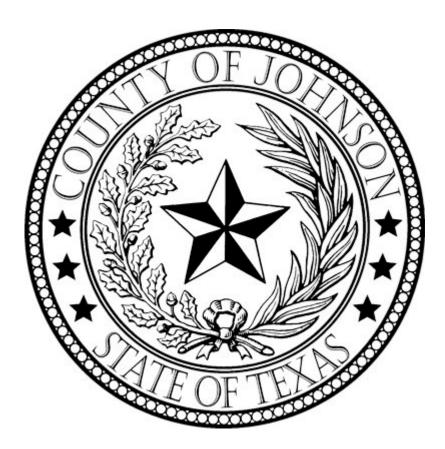
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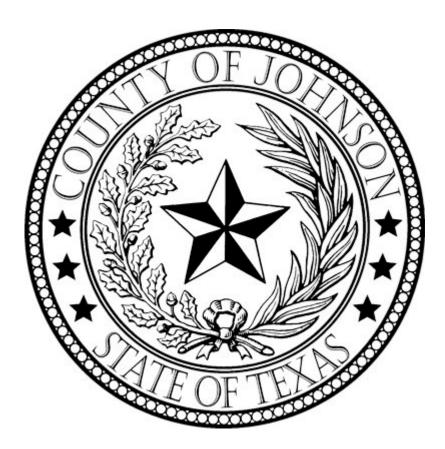
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION









AUDITOR'S OFFICE

J.R. Kirkpatrick County Auditor

(817) 556-6305

#2 N. Main ~ Courthouse ~ Cleburne, Texas 76033

Fax (817) 556-6075

March 13, 2019

THE HONORABLE DISTRICT JUDGES AND THE HONORABLE COMMISSIONERS COURT:

In compliance with the statutory duties of the County Auditor as prescribed by Section 114.025 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Johnson County, Texas, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, is submitted herewith. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. This report has been prepared using generally accepted accounting principles and guidelines promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have attempted to conform substantially to the high standards of public financial reporting as recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the *Texas Single Audit Circular* for state awards. Information related to this single audit, and the independent auditors' reports of the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the State Awards Section of this report.

In developing the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. The County Auditor's Office continually assesses its ability to ensure that adequate internal accounting controls are in place to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. With this goal, the internal audit function becomes a larger task each year, addressing the needs that change and growth dictate.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Johnson County is strategically located in North Central Texas and is considered a part of the Fort Worth metropolitan area. Johnson County is a member of the North Central Texas Council of Governments which is comprised of sixteen counties. The area has experienced steady growth, which is expected to continue for several years due to the influence of Dallas and Fort Worth, adjacent to our northern border, and improved transportation routes.

Johnson County is experiencing growth with obvious signs of significant future growth. The region has a varied manufacturing and industrial tax base that contributes to the relatively favorable unemployment rate. It should be noted that property value of oil and gas is not the significant factor it was a few years ago. This means the County has a more diverse tax base.

This year, the County had an internationally known manufacturer make the decision to build a facility in our community that will employ 100 to 500 people. To put this into perspective, that could put the company among our largest employers.

With the creation of the Johnson County Economic Development Commission (JCEDC) in September 1989, the County continues to be a competitive area for creating a favorable business climate. The Commission has a goal of attracting new business to the area, resulting in new jobs and significant increases to the tax rolls. JCEDC played a very large role in the decision of the company discussed in the preceding paragraph to locate in Johnson County.

Population growth in Johnson County is expected to be at a faster pace than seen in the recent past with even the smaller communities seeing impressive residential development. Combined efforts of the cities and county government have proven to be effective in attracting industry as well. The downtown area of Cleburne benefits from aggressive tax incentives approved by the city and county.

In the past year, Johnson County saw many new and growing residential subdivisions. Several communities, including the City of Cleburne, our county seat, saw encouraging growth in residential building with building permits up significantly. These areas of the county have seen building permits grow by approximately 13.4% in the last two years. The tollway is certainly considered as a contributing factor for this development. Additionally, it has added quality of life to citizens that must commute to Fort Worth, as the travel time is about half of what it was previously.

The County provides a full range of services authorized by statute. These services include general governmental services such as recording and licensing, sustaining the District, County and Justice Court systems, maintaining public facilities, ensuring public safety, preserving public health and welfare, aiding conservation, and maintaining County roads and bridges.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Johnson County, because of its continued growth, is faced with many challenges in delivering services to its citizens while maintaining a conservative financial approach. The Commissioners Court has been committed to meeting increasing needs for services and facilities. The following initiatives reflect the County's commitment to ensuring that its citizens are able to live and work in an enviable environment.

For the Year Construction of the second and final phase of the County jail was completed. The larger and improved facility will ensure that the County will be able to meet the mandated requirements of the State to appropriately house our inmates in a manner that will keep risk as low as possible for those incarcerated and those charged with the safekeeping of prisoners. With the completion of this project, it is believed that the facility will meet the needs of the County for many years.

Johnson County tasked itself and hired staff to meet the National Emergency Number Association standard for 911 addressing to the public and correct errors from the past to meet the needs of emergency first responders. Approximately 2,500 new addresses were issued and over 5,000 historical errors corrected. The County will continue to place high priority on citizen safety.

Additionally, Johnson County IT expanded security awareness training by providing all employees the training needed to create a greater understanding of the risks that exist in this technological age we live in today; offering a greater degree of overall security for the County.

In other areas, the County has added or enhanced software to provide more functional efficiency in various departments and improved inter-agency communication for law enforcement.

For the Future The growth experienced by the County requires our elected officials to be forward-thinking to address issues before they become problems. As in most Texas counties, the need to accommodate the law enforcement and administration of justice functions is challenging. Also, Johnson County will endeavor to stay ahead of the curve with the expected growth that is fast becoming a reality.

Johnson County will finish the planning stage of the expansion of the Burleson sub-courthouse. The growth in foot traffic in this, the largest city in the County, will demand the expanded services of the Tax Office, Justice of the Peace, and County Clerk in this facility where satellite offices already exist.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

<u>Current Condition</u> For several years now, Johnson County has been well positioned, financially, with above average fund balances. This financial strength has been maintained with no hardship even with its decisions to fund capital projects with available cash. The County's Fund Balance Policy and the minimums established by the policy are taken seriously. Fund balances will continue to exceed the popular rules of thumb. The unencumbered fund balance of the General Fund has been at a healthy level for consecutive years and the County has always used prudence in the decisions to use cash to finance qualifying projects.

Long Range Financial Planning Johnson County has a determination to manage funds in a conservative and judicious manner. One initiative adopted by the County includes a separate "Operating Reserve" line-item in the budget which ensures that unexpected situations do not create unmanageable conditions. With the knowledge that mineral royalty revenues and mineral values will fluctuate with the price of natural gas, the County has never and will not put itself in a position to depend upon such revenue.

<u>Significant Financial Policy</u> It is the policy of Johnson County to maintain an above-average fund balance as evidenced by the Fund Balance Policy. To ensure fund balances remain at these levels the County will strive to balance the General Fund budget each year or use only a minimum amount of the fund balance to finance the budget. This conservative practice will ensure that the County has adequate funding in future years which may bring further economic challenges beyond those which we currently face.

<u>Administration</u> The officials having responsibility for the financial administration of the County are the County Judge and four County Commissioners (the "Commissioners Court"), the County Treasurer (all of whom are elected for four-year terms), and the County Auditor who is appointed for a two-year term by the State District Judges having jurisdiction within the County. The governing body of the County is the Commissioners Court. It has only those powers expressly granted to it by the legislature and powers necessarily implied from such grant. Among other things, it approves the County budget, determines the County tax rate, approves contracts in the name of the County, determines whether a proposition to issue bonds should be submitted to the voters, conducts official business of the County at designated meeting times, and appoints certain individuals to manage various departments.

The County Judge is the presiding officer of the Commissioners Court. Each Commissioner represents one of the four precincts into which the County is divided and is elected by the voters of the precinct. The County Commissioners supervise construction and maintenance of the County road systems as well as perform other administrative duties.

The County Treasurer is the custodian of funds and has the sole authority to disburse funds for the County. This includes receipting and depositing all funds paid to the County. The Treasurer is also the designated County Investment Officer and confers with the County Auditor regarding investments of county funds. The Commissioners Court has adopted an investment policy in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

The County Auditor is the chief financial officer of the County and is responsible for substantially all County financial and accounting control functions. The responsibilities of the County Auditor include those of accounting, auditing, accounts payable and financial operations and reporting. The County Auditor works with the Treasurer to determine the type, terms, and amounts of investments of County funds.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit The County's financial statements have been audited by Kennemer, Masters and Lunsford, L.L.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Johnson County, Texas financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

<u>Awards</u> The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Johnson County for its comprehensive annual financial report for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u> The production of this report is attributable to the dedication and work of the County Auditor's Office staff and Kennemer, Masters and Lunsford, L.L.C, our independent auditor.

I would like to thank all Johnson County Elected Officials, Department Heads and their staff for their cooperation and leadership in conducting the financial affairs of the County. A special thanks is extended to my staff that worked so diligently throughout the year.

Respectfully submitted,

Johnson County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

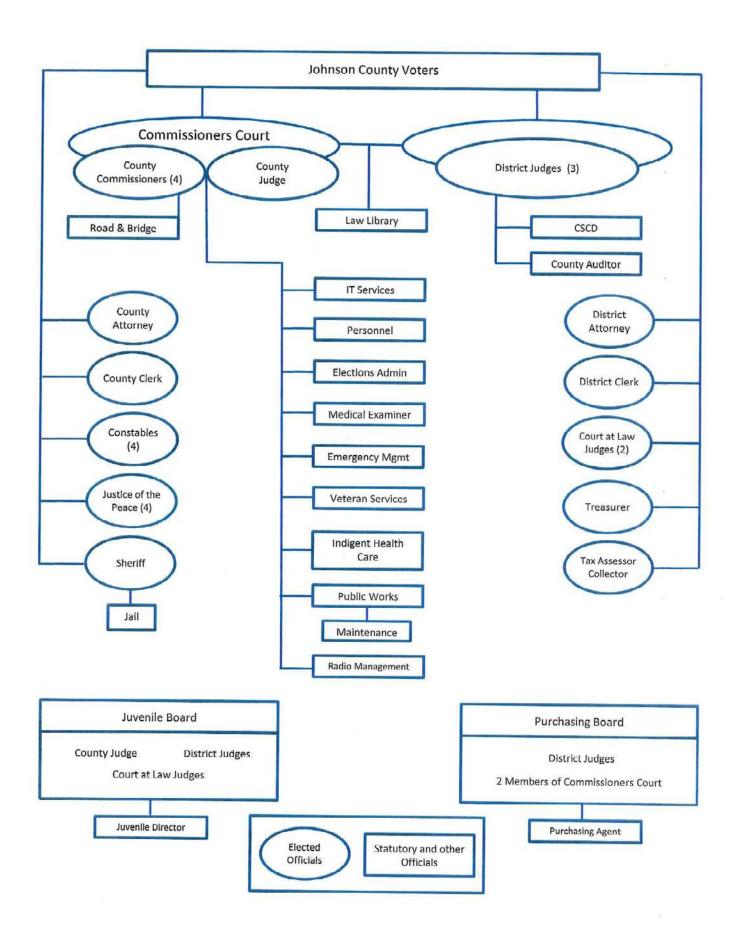
Johnson County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

COMMISSIONERS COURT

COUNTY JUDGE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS Precinct 1 Precinct 2 Precinct 3 Precinct 4

JUDICIAL

DISTRICT JUDGE 18th Judicial District 249th Judicial District 413th Judicial District COUNTY COURT-AT-LAW I JUSTICE OF THE PEACE Precinct 1 Precinct 2 Precinct 3 Precinct 4

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND LEGAL

DISTRICT ATTORNEY COUNTY ATTORNEY SHERIFF CONSTABLES Precinct 1 Precinct 2 Precinct 3 Precinct 4 COMMUNITY SUPERVISION DIRECTOR* CHIEF JUVENILE PROBATION OFFICER*

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

COUNTY AUDITOR* COUNTY TREASURER TAX ASSESSOR—COLLECTOR PURCHASING AGENT*

COURT CLERKS

DISTRICT CLERK COUNTY CLERK Roger Harmon

Rick Bailey Kenny Howell Jerry Stringer Larry Woolley

John E. Neill Wayne Bridewell William C. Bosworth, Jr. Robert B. Mayfield, III Steve McClure

Ronald R. McBroom Jeff Monk Pat Jacobs John Bekkelund

Dale Hanna Bill Moore Adam King

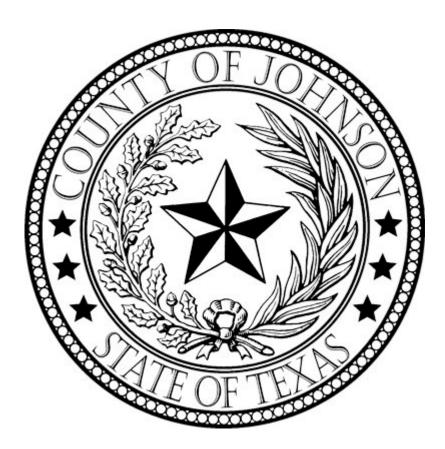
Matt Wylie Adam Crawford Mike White Timothy Kinman Bob Barnes Cristy Malott

J. R. Kirkpatrick Kathy Blackwell Scott Porter Ralph McBroom

David Lloyd Becky Ivey

*Denotes appointed officials. All others are elected officials.

FINANCIAL SECTION



Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Limited Liability Company

Lake Jackson Office: 8 West Way Court Lake Jackson, Texas 77566 979-297-4075 Angleton Office: 2801 N. Velasco Suite C Angleton, Texas 77515 979-849-8297 **El Campo Office:** 201 W. Webb El Campo, Texas 77437 979-543-6836

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Johnson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in the year ended September 30, 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules and OPEB schedules on pages 4 through 16 and 70 through 75, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards)*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2019, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kernener, Masters & Hunghord, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas March 13, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

As management of Johnson County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - v of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year for governmental activities by \$ 96,356,528 (net position). Of this amount, \$ 27,032,083 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors with the County's fund designation.
- The County's total net position increased for governmental activities by \$ 5,235,708.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 44,761,277. 56.56% of this amount, \$ 25,317,723 (unassigned fund balance), was available for use within the County's fund designations. Of the governmental funds amount, \$ 18,589,885 has been restricted for specific uses.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$25,325,056 or 43.12% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the County include general government, administration of justice, financial administration, elections, law enforcement, highways and streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and conservation. The County has no *business-type activities*.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

• **Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provides reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains fifty (50) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Road and Bridge (special revenue fund) and the General Debt Service (debt service fund); all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other forty-seven (47) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 27 of this report.

• **Proprietary Funds.** The County maintains no proprietary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Fiduciary Funds. *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's operations. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position on page 28 and a statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds that can be found on pages 142 through 144.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 67 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 70 through 75 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 84 through 107 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 96,356,528 as of September 30, 2018. This is an increase in net position of \$ 5,235,708 which is primarily due to a net increase in charges for services revenue.

The largest portion of the County's net position is \$51,899,263 (53.86%) which reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land; construction in progress, buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; and infrastructure) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses capital assets to provide service to citizens and consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets decreased by \$136,488 due to a decrease in capital projects for the current fiscal year.

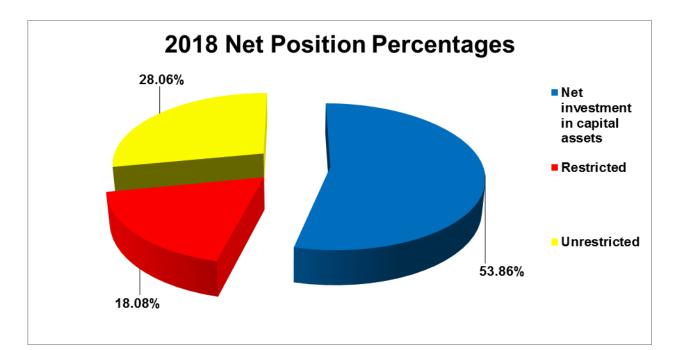
An additional portion of the County's net position is \$ 17,425,182 (18.08%) which represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$ 27,032,083 (28.06%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

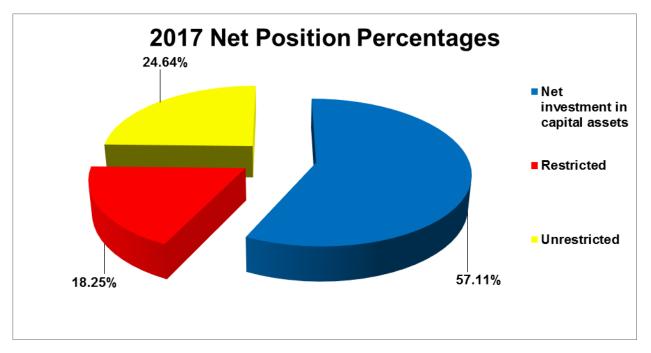
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

As of September 30, 2018, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

JOHNSON COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmen		
		Net	
ACCETC	2018	2017	Change
ASSETS Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 59,060,026 77,438,303	\$ 52,321,757 <u>81,769,580</u>	\$ 6,738,269 (4,331,277)
Total assets	136,498,329	134,091,337	2,406,992
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S		
Deferred outflows of resources	6,507,262	8,323,172	<u>(1,815,910</u>)
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,507,262	8,323,172	<u>(1,815,910</u>)
LIABILITIES			
Current and other liabilities	4,960,381	6,058,684	(1,098,303)
Long-term liabilities	36,433,001	44,596,392	(8,163,391)
Total liabilities	41,393,382	50,655,076	<u>(9,261,694</u>)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources	5,255,681	638,613	4,617,068
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,255,681	638,613	4,617,068
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	51,899,263	52,035,751	(136,488)
Restricted	17,425,182	16,627,902	797,280
Unrestricted	27,032,083	22,457,167	4,574,916
Total net position	\$ <u>96,356,528</u>	\$ <u>91,120,820</u>	\$ <u>5,235,708</u>





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

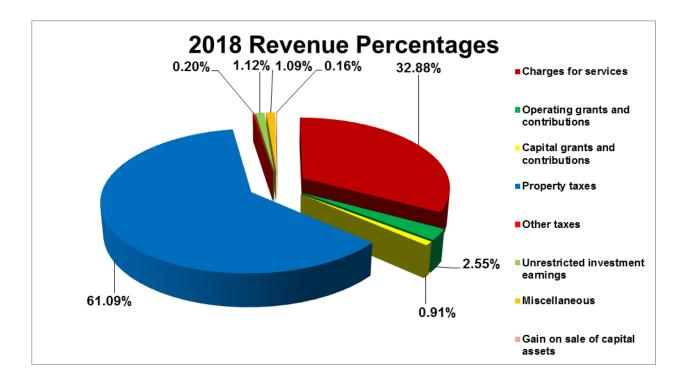
Analysis of the County's Operations. Governmental activities reported an increase in net position in the amount of \$5,235,708 due to increased charges for service revenues. The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for the year ended September 30, 2018.

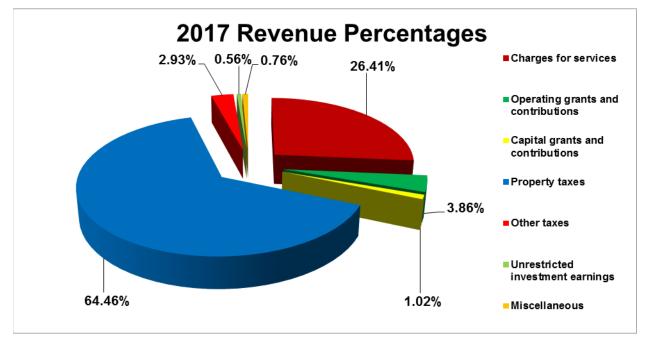
JOHNSON COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmen 2018	tal /	Activities 2017	Net Change	
Revenues:		2010		2011		onango
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	27,578,953	\$	19,890,724	\$	7,688,229
Operating grants and contributions		2,137,829		2,904,929	(767,100)
Capital grants and contributions		765,277		770,880	Ì	5,603)
General Revenues:					,	,
Property taxes		51,240,284		48,540,033		2,700,251
Other taxes		167,727		2,208,982	(2,041,255)
Unrestricted Investment earnings		941,503		418,949		522,554
Gain on sale of capital assets		135,248				135,248
Miscellaneous		913,407		570,124		343,283
Total revenues	_	83,880,228	_	75,304,621		8,575,607
Expenses:						
General government		16,537,720		17,499,745	(962,025)
Administration of justice		8,373,435		8,995,731	(622,296)
Financial Administration		1,032,042		1,034,334	(2,292)
Elections		480,338		537,741	(57,403)
Law enforcement		40,375,051		38,498,728		1,876,323
Highways and streets		9,152,310		9,501,401	(349,091)
Health and welfare		1,350,522		2,157,599	(807,077)
Culture and recreation		264,880		265,561	(681)
Conservation		188,798		185,403		3,395
Interest and fiscal charges		889,424		1,089,534	(200,110)
Total expenses		78,644,520		79,765,777	(1,121,527)
Increase (decrease) in net position		5,235,708	(4,461,156)		9,696,864
Net position - October 1, (restated)		91,120,820		97,079,184	(5,958,364)
Net position - September 30,	\$_	96,356,528	\$_	92,618,028	\$	3,738,500

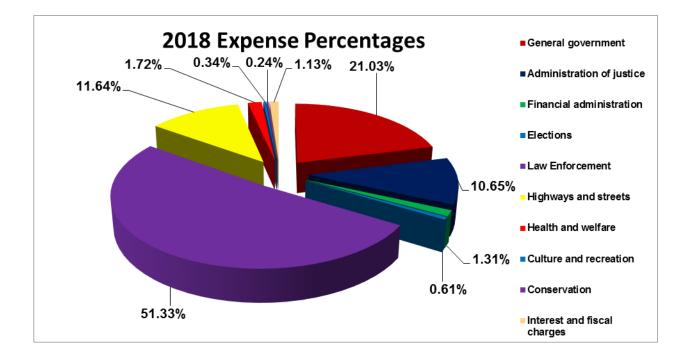
The fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 net position was restated in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. Due to the availability of the information related to the implementation of this standard, the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016 could not be restated.

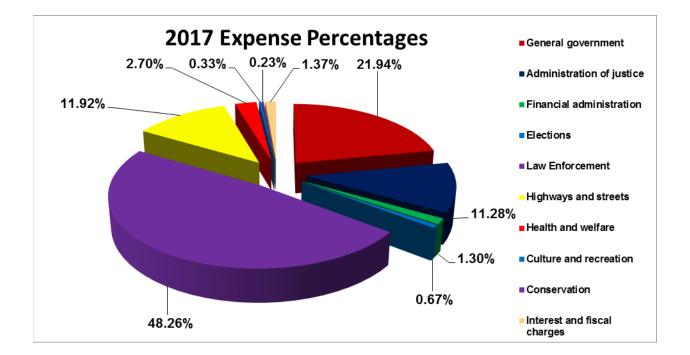
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 44,761,277. The unassigned fund balance of \$ 25,317,723 constitutes 56.56% of ending fund balance. The fund balance is categorized as 1) nonspendable of \$ 853,669, 2) restricted of \$ 18,589,885, and 3) unassigned of \$ 25,317,723.

Fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$ 3,497,253; the Road and Bridge Fund decreased by \$ 719,717; the General Debt Service Fund increased by \$ 116,120, and Other Governmental Funds increased by \$ 2,827,821.

The increase in fund balance in the General Fund is a result of actual revenue exceeding actual expenditures by \$ 6,893,814, with a net other financing sources and uses of \$ 3,396,561, which includes transfers of \$3,407,325 out of the fund. As for the Road & Bridge Fund, the decrease in fund balance was the result of expenditures exceeding revenue by \$ 1,085,877 with a net of other financing sources and uses of \$ 366,160; most being the sale of capital assets. The increase in fund balance for the General Debt Service was nominal. The increase in fund balance for other governmental funds is primarily due to transfers into the funds from the General Fund for capital expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County budget is prepared by the County Judge's Office and presented to Commissioners Court for approval. The County operates within this budget for the fiscal year with expenditure amendments made as needed.

The difference between the General Fund original expenditure budget and the revised budget was an increase of \$3,417,136 with \$1.8 million being an increase to cover the cost to complete the jail construction project and \$1.5 million for the additional cost of housing more federal inmates than expected. However, federal inmate housing cost was offset, dollar for dollar, by federal revenue received.

During the year, revenues exceeded budget while expenditures were less than the budget. Revenues were higher across the board. Lower than budgeted expenditures resulted in many areas, primarily in the areas of general government and law enforcement.

Total General Fund revenue exceeded the amended budget by approximately 2.6% and total General Fund expenditures were under the amended budget by approximately 6.3%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Capital Assets

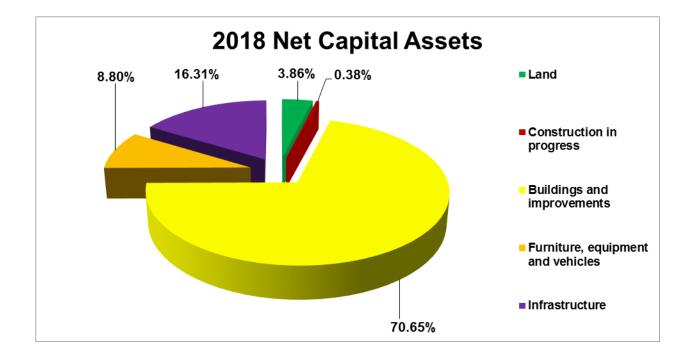
This investment in capital assets includes land; construction in progress; buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

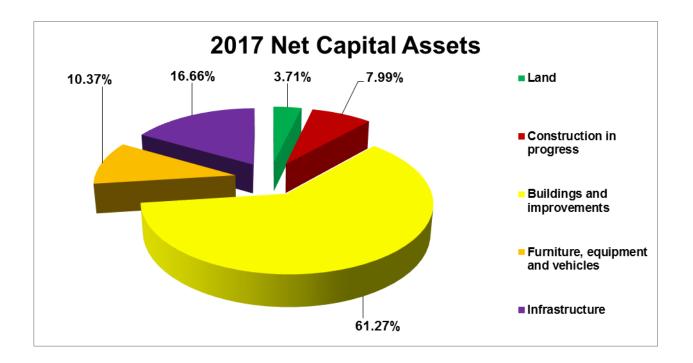
- Acquisition of new vehicles, tractors and various road and bridge equipment.
- Renovation of existing buildings placed in service during the current fiscal year.
- Implementation of community development software.
- Renovation of bridges.

JOHNSON COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		Governmental Activities		Net		
	2018 2017		2017	Change		
Land	\$	2,991,908	\$	3,038,291	\$(46,383)
Construction in progress		292,726		6,530,217	(6,237,491)
Buildings and improvements		54,708,683		50,098,046		4,610,637
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		6,817,766		8,481,378	(1,663,612)
Infrastructure	_	12,627,220	_	13,621,648	(994,428)
Total	\$_	77,438,303	\$_	81,769,580	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>4,331,277</u>)



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 50 through 51 of this report.

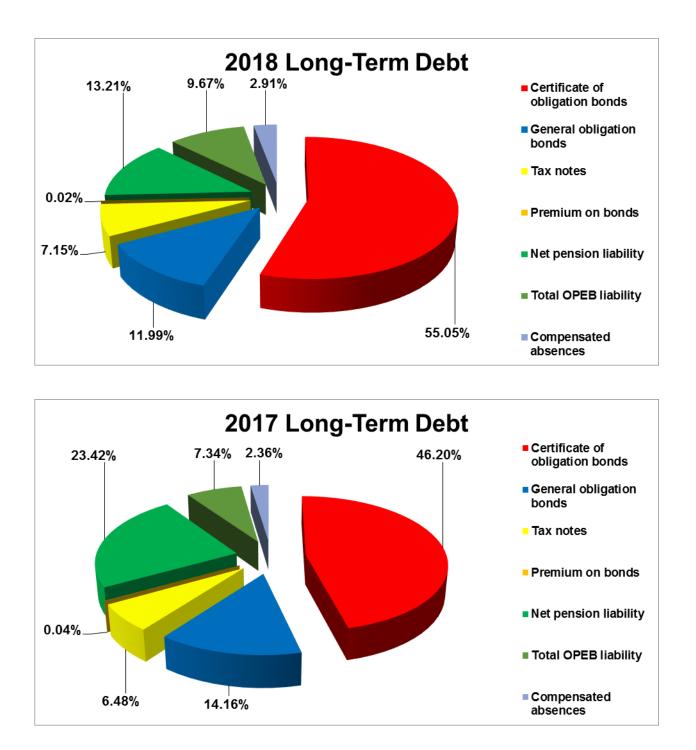
DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total bonded and note debt of \$27,030,000, which, comprises bonded and debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County agreement. The bonds and tax notes will be retired with revenues from property taxes and fees for services.

		Governmen 2018	tal .	Activities 2017		Net Change
General obligation bonds	\$	4,370,000	\$	6,315,000	\$(1,945,000)
Certificates of obligation bonds		20,055,000		20,605,000	(550,000)
Tax notes		2,605,000		2,890,000	(285,000)
Premium on bonds		8,650		14,927	(6,277)
Net pension liability		4,812,190		10,446,417	(5,634,227)
Total OPEB liability		3,522,734		3,272,829		249,905
Compensated absences		1,059,427		1,052,219		7,208
Total	\$_	36,433,001	\$ <u>_</u>	44,596,392	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>8,163,391</u>)

JOHNSON COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

During the fiscal year, the County's total debt decreased \$ 8,163,391 or 18.31%. The net decrease was due primarily to the reduction of the net pension liability.

All of the outstanding Bonds of the County payable from its limited taxes are insured and are, therefore, rated "A1" by Moody's Investors Service Inc. ("Moody's"), and "AA" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government may issue to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current limitation for the County significantly exceeds the outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 52 through 54 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget is the means by which Commissioners Court sets the direction of the County, and allocates its resources.

In considering the budget for fiscal year 2019, Commissioners Court considered the following factors:

- Property tax rate was not increased and was under the rollback rate by nearly \$.01. It appears the County will continue to increase unencumbered fund balances, primarily due to conservative revenue projections.
- Employees received the largest increase in compensation than has been experienced for many years and five new positions were added to cover various needs. This increase in positions represents approximately 1.0% of our total employment.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Johnson County Auditor, #2 N. Main Street, Cleburne, Texas, 76033, or call (817) 556-6305.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

	Governmenta Activities	al
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments	\$ 26,235,	497
Short-term investments	14,825,	
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	11/0207	
Taxes	668,	,290
Accounts	10,525,	
Due from other governments	249,	,923
Inventories	307,	,068
Prepaid expenses	521,	
Investments	5,701,	,359
Noncurrent Receivables:		
Notes receivable	24,	,664
Capital Assets:	2.001	000
Land	2,991,	
Construction in progress Buildings and improvements (net)	292, 54 709	
Furniture, equipment and vehicles (net)	54,708, 6,817,	
Infrastructure (net)	12,627,	
Total assets	136,498,	,329
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources	6,507,	,262
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,507,	,262

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - Continued

September 30, 2018

Exhibit 1 Page 2

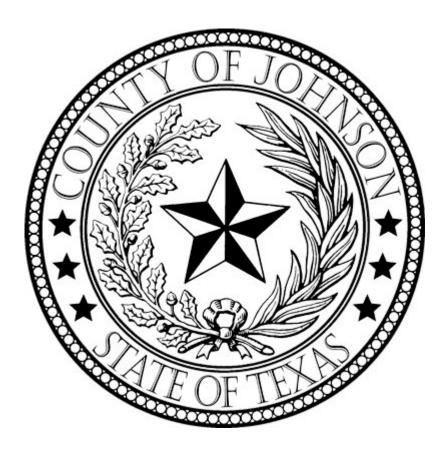
	Governmental Activities
LIABILITIES Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	\$ 4,794,881 121,261 44,239
Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	3,796,490 24,301,587 4,812,190 <u>3,522,734</u>
Total liabilities	41,393,382
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	5,255,681
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,255,681
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	51,899,263
Roads and Bridges Debt service Health services Records management Other purposes Unrestricted	7,866,545 876,773 2,923,763 3,344,878 2,413,223 27,032,083
Total net position	\$ <u>96,356,528</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS *STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES*

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Functions/Programs		Expenses		F Charges for Services		gram Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	s Capital Grants and Contributions	Re C <u>Ne</u> Gov	Net Expense) venue and hange In <u>et Position</u> vernmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General government Administration of justice Financial administration Elections Law enforcement Highways and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation Interest and fiscal charges	\$	16,537,720 8,373,435 1,032,042 480,338 40,375,051 9,152,310 1,350,522 264,880 188,798 889,424	\$	6,683,314 4,883,071 15,320 13,860,323 2,047,391 89,534	\$	252,932 1,186,609 3,404 539,318 100,939 54,627	15,217 744,220	((((9,595,634) 2,303,755) 1,032,042) 461,614) 25,960,193) 6,259,760) 1,295,895) 175,346) 188,798) 889,424)
Total governmental activities General Revenue: Property taxes Other taxes Unrestricted investment earnings	_	78,644,520	_	27,578,953	_	2,137,829	<u> </u>		<u>48,162,461</u>) 51,240,284 167,727 941,503
Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous Total general revenues									941,303 135,248 913,407 53,398,169
Change in net position									5,235,708
Net position – beginning Prior period adjustment required by GASB 75								(92,618,028 <u>1,497,208</u>)
Net position – beginning, as restated									91,120,820
Net position – ending								\$	<u>96,356,528</u>



BALANCE SHEET - GÓVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

		N	lajor Funds			Non-M Fun	,		
	 General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund		General Debt Service Fund	Oth Govern <u>Fun</u>	mental	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:									
Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	\$ 11,209,638 13,041,092	\$	5,019,453 236,834	\$	951,485		54,921 47,846	\$	26,235,497 14,825,772
Taxes	541,602		60,276		46,549		19,863		668,290
Accounts	1,439,975		124,812				17,605		1,582,392
Due from other governments	66,391					1	83,532		249,923
Due from other funds	194,937								194,937
Inventories			307,068						307,068
Prepaid expenditures	503,097						18,840		521,937
Investments	3,175,657		1,094,661			1,4	31,041		5,701,359
Noncurrent Receivables:									
Notes receivable	 24,664			_					24,664
Total assets	 30,197,053	_	<u>6,843,104</u>	_	998,034	12,2	<u>73,648</u>	_	50,311,839
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources									-0-
Deletted outliows of resources	 			-					-0-
Total deferred outflows of resources	 -0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 30,197,053	\$ <u></u>	6,843,104	\$ <u>_</u>	998,034	\$ <u>12,2</u>	<u>73,648</u>	\$ <u></u>	<u>50,311,839</u>

Exhibit 3 Page 1

BALANCE SHEET - GÓVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

Exhibit	3
Page	2

	_		N	Najor Funds				Non-Major Funds		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and		General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund		General Debt Service Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Ċ	Total Governmental Funds
Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	3,892,324 <u>34,828</u>	\$	350,211 35	\$		\$	552,346 194,902 <u>9,411</u>	\$	4,794,881 194,937 44,239
Total liabilities		3,927,152		350,246		-0-		756,659	_	5,034,057
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources		417,084		48,624	_	35,500		15,297	_	516,505
Total deferred inflows of resources		417,084		48,624	_	35,500		15,297	_	516,505
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		527,761 <u>25,325,056</u>		307,068 6,137,166	_	962,534	<u>(</u>	18,840 11,490,185 <u>7,333</u>)		853,669 18,589,885 25,317,723
Total fund balances		25,852,817		6,444,234	_	962,534	_	11,501,692		44,761,277
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	<u>30,197,053</u>	\$	6,843,104	\$	998,034	\$ <u>_</u>	12,273,648	\$	<u>50,311,839</u>

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018		Exhibit 3R
Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit 3)	\$	44,761,277
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$ 156,686,760 in assets less \$ 79,248,457 in accumulated depreciation.		77,438,303
Judicial accounts receivables net of related allowance for uncollectible accounts are unavailable to pay for current period expenditures and availability of funds that are uncertain as to availability are not recorded in the funds. Judicial receivables of \$ 16,580,059 net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$ 7,636,935 amounted to \$ 8,943,124.		8,943,124
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Deferred inflows of resources (property tax revenues) for the General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, the General Debt Service Fund, and the Indigent Health Care Fund amounted to \$ 417,084, \$ 48,624, \$ 35,500 and \$ 15,297, respectively.		516,505
Pension and OPEB deferred outflows of resources of \$ 6,469,090 less deferred inflows of resources of \$ 5,255,681.		1,213,409
Payables for bond principal are not reported in the funds.	(24,425,000)
Payables for tax note principal are not reported in the funds.	(2,605,000)
Payables for net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	(4,812,190)
Other deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current year expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the bond refunding costs, which are amortized over the life of the refunding bonds, or the refunded bonds, whichever is shorter. Net bond refunding costs were \$ 38,172 (bond refunding costs of \$ 75,661 less accumulated amortization of \$ 37,489).		38,172
Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds was \$ 8,650 (premium on the sale of bonds of \$ 81,032 less amortization of \$ 72,382).	(8,650)
Payables for bonded debt interest are not reported in the funds except for amounts received from the sale of bonds or issuance of notes after the issuance date. Total accrued interest payable of \$ 121,261.	(121,261)
Payables for total OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.	(3,522,734)
Payables for compensated absences are not reported in the funds.	(1,059,427)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (Exhibit 1)	\$	96,356,528

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		1	Major Funds		Non-Major Funds	
	Genera Fund	I	Road & Bridge Fund	 General Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Prisoner housing services	\$ 42,731 1,038 11,431	439	3,408,754 100,939	\$ 3,782,523	\$ 1,561,864 1,295,777	\$51,484,989 2,435,155 11,431,715
Fees Fines Investment income	7,188 1,347 626	,793 ,316	2,047,391 119,811	19,423	2,171,075 58,749 176,161	11,407,259 1,406,065 941,503
Miscellaneous	1,266	046	339,582	 	211,175	1,816,803
Total revenues	65,630	265	6,016,477	 3,801,946	5,474,801	80,923,489
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Administration of justice Financial administration	13,594 6,793 1,002	824			591,532 1,293,449	14,185,655 8,087,273 1,002,443
Elections	468				2,176	470,784
Law enforcement	35,336	045	() ()))		2,201,426	37,537,471
Highways and streets Health and welfare	1,008	669	6,266,830		288,622	6,266,830 1,297,291
Culture and recreation	243				200,022	243,673
Conservation	178					178,781
Capital outlay Debt Service:	110	285	835,524		1,686,476	2,632,285
Principal Interest and fiscal charges				 2,780,000 905,826		2,780,000 <u>905,826</u>
Total expenditures	58,736	451	7,102,354	 3,685,826	6,063,681	75,588,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	6,893	<u>.814</u> (1,085,877)	 116,120	<u>(588,880)</u>)5,335,177
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out		,764 ,026 , <u>351</u>)	362,662 3,498		12,874 3,766,853 <u>(363,026</u>)	386,300 4,074,377) (<u>4,074,377</u>)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>(3,396</u>	. <u>561</u>)	366,160	 -0-	3,416,701	386,300
Net change in fund balances	3,497	,253 (719,717)	116,120	2,827,821	5,721,477
Fund balances - beginning	22,355	564	7,163,951	 846,414	8,673,871	39,039,800
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u>25,852</u>	<u>.817</u> \$	6,444,234	\$ 962,534	\$ <u>11,501,692</u>	\$ <u>44,761,277</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXASRECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES ANDCHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTALPage 1ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIESFor the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	5,721,477
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation of \$7,456,730 exceeded capital outlay of \$2,632,285 in the current period.	(4,824,445)
Contributions of capital assets are not reported in the funds, however, contributions of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the governmental activities statement of activities. During the current year, \$ 744,220 of capital assets were contributed to and accepted by the County.		744,220
Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current available resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. The increase (decrease) of deferred inflows of resources (property tax revenues) for the General Fund, Road & Bridge, General Debt Service Fund, and Indigent Health Care Fund amounted to \$(48,421), \$(30,098), \$ 2,143, and \$(602), respectively.	(76,978)
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of assets as revenue. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of the assets disposed is offset against the proceeds to report gain or loss on the disposition of assets. The costs of assets disposed were \$ 251,052. (Cost of \$ 1,413,298 less accumulated depreciation of \$ 1,162,246).	(251,052)
Judicial revenues (resulting from accounts receivable net of related allowance for uncollectible accounts) in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current available resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change in these net receivables resulted in an increase in revenues reported in the governmental activities statement of activities.		2,154,249
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. The funds statements reported \$ 2,780,000 in long-term bond principal payments.		2,780,000
Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. Bond premium amortization was \$ 6,277.		6,277
Deferred refunding costs is another use in the governmental funds, but the costs increase deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the refunding bonds or the refunded bonds, whichever is shorter. The current amortization of refunded bond costs is \$ 27,699.	(27,699)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the net amount of accretion and accrued interest on long-term debt. Current change in Accrued interest on protect and bonds of \$ 27,824		27 024
Accrued interest on notes and bonds of \$ 37,824.		37,824

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 4R Page 2

Governmental funds report pension payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the pension cost is calculated actuarially and involves multiple factors. The amount of pension expense reported was \$ 701,514 more than the amount reported in the funds.	\$(701,514)
Governmental funds report OPEB payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the OPEB cost is calculated actuarially and involves multiple factors. The amount of OPEB expense reported was \$ 319,443 more than the amount reported in the funds.	(319,443)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of change in compensated absences.	(7,208)
Change in net position of governmental activities (see Exhibit 2)	\$	5,235,708

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2018

Exhibit 5

	 Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u> Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$ 12,842,812
Accounts receivable Due from others	 127,265 <u>43,557</u>
Total assets	\$ 13,013,634
Liabilities Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Amount held for others	\$ 186,533 12,827,101
Total liabilities	\$ 13,013,634

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS *Notes to the Financial Statements* For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

<u>Note</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Johnson County, Texas (the "County") related to the funds in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State</u> and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The more significant accounting policies of the County are described below.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the County's reporting entity. Financial statements for component units can be obtained from the office of the County Auditor.

Included in the reporting entity:

Johnson County, Texas (Primary Government)

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by the Commissioners Court, composed of four elected County Commissioners and an elected County Judge. Each of these officials serves a term of four years. The primary activities of the County include: the construction and maintenance of county roads, provision of public safety through a sheriff's department, support of area fire protection and ambulance service, administration of justice, correctional facilities, health and welfare services, culture and recreation, and other social and administrative services.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, no other organizations have been combined for either blended or discrete presentation in the County's financial statements. The following organizations are not considered "related organizations."

Excluded from the reporting entity:

Adult Probation

This entity is considered a separate agency of the State of Texas. While the County provides office space, utilities, telephone and certain supplies, the operations of this unit are primarily provided for by the State. A separate board develops the operating budget, which is also approved and controlled by the State of Texas. Required County expenditures are disclosed as a department within the County function of Administration of Justice. Due to custodial responsibility, the accounts of this entity are reported as an Agency Fund of the County.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Reporting Entity - continued

Johnson County Appraisal District

This is a separate entity providing property appraisal services to all taxing units within the County. This entity has its own governing board, elected by the various taxing units, which it serves; however, the taxing units do not designate management or significantly influence operations. The entity's cost of operations is divided on a prorated basis among the various taxing units within the County. The County's share of this cost is disclosed within the General Fund under the General Government function.

Other entities within the County, which provide similar services but are not included in the reporting entity because they do not meet the criteria, are: municipalities, school districts, drainage districts, hospital districts, water districts and various non-profit organizations.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County has no enterprise fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund (excluding agency funds, which have no measurement focus but are on the accrual basis of accounting) financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from property and other taxes, grants and contracts, fees (charges for services), fines (including forfeitures), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

The *Road* & *Bridge Fund* accounts for the property taxes and fees from auto registration, certificates of title, gross weight and axle fees, and approved expenditures for public transportation projects.

The *General Debt Service Fund* is utilized to account for the accumulation of resources from property tax collections for the repayment of general obligation bonded debt, interest and related costs of the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *agency funds* account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County's agency funds include Unclaimed Money, Tax Assessor/Collector, County Clerk, District Clerk, Sheriff Department, Seizure and Restitution, and TDCJ-CJAD.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was issued June 2015. This statement was implemented and impacted the County's financial statements as described in Note 2. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was issued in November 2016. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" was issued in January 2017. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB No. 85 "Omnibus 2017" was issued in March 2017. This statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements - continued

GASB No. 86 "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues" was issued in May 2017. This statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB No. 87 "Leases" was issued in June 2017. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" was issued in April 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" was issued in June 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61" was issued in August 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Budgetary Data

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The legal level of budgetary control is at the category or line item level (salaries and wages and employee benefits, and operating expenditures) within departments of each fund. Any expenditure, which alters the total budgeted amounts of a fund must be approved by Commissioners Court, and the budget amended. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund, certain special revenue funds (Road & Bridge Fund, Law Library Fund, Records Management and Preservation Fund, Vital Statistics Preservation Fund, Election Services Contract Fund, District Attorney Forfeiture Fund, Sheriff Forfeiture Fund, STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund, Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund, Juvenile Case Manager Fund, Juvenile Probation Fees Fund, Justice of the Peace Technology Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Justice Court Building Security Fund, Guardianship Fee Fund, Record Archives - County Clerk Fund, Record Archives - District Clerk Fund, County/District Court Technology Fund, Court Records Preservation Digital Fund, District Court Records Technology Fund, Indigent Health Care Fund, Right of Way Fund, Historical Commission Fund, Pre-Trial Supervision Fund, STOP SCU Operations Fund, and the General Debt Service fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Budgetary Data - continued

Prior to May 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practical, the County Judge, assisted by the County Auditor, prepares a proposed operating budget for the subsequent fiscal year beginning the following October 1st. The proposed operating budget establishes estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation. Proposed expenditures may not exceed estimated revenues, other resources, and available fund balances.

Subsequent to May 15 and after proper publication of notice, a public hearing is conducted by the Commissioners Court to obtain taxpayer comments. If an increase to the effective tax rate of more than 3% is proposed as a result of the proposed budget, additional notices and public hearings are required.

After the public hearing(s) the Commissioners Court makes appropriate budget changes and adopts the budget through the passage of an order at a regularly scheduled meeting. A separate order is adopted to levy the taxes necessary to finance the budgeted expenditures.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditure purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages, and employee benefits; operating expenses/expenditures; and capital outlay).

At the discretion of Commissioners Court, transfers of line item budgets within a fund may be made. Amendments to provide for items not included in the original budget may be made by the Commissioners Court upon finding and declaration of the existence of an emergency sufficient to require action. County management has no prerogative to amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners Court. Appropriations not exercised in the current year lapse at the end of the year. Numerous supplemental budget amendments in the general and special revenue funds were deemed necessary due to the timing of planned expenditures and construction projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of September 30, 2018, the County had no encumbrances outstanding.

Cash and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and temporary investments are considered cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and temporary investments under each fund's caption. Funds are allowed to exceed the amount of their equity in the pooled cash account. Funds with overdrawn accounts are disclosed as an interfund payable in the liability section of the balance sheet.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1st of each year with statements prepared and mailed at that date or soon thereafter. The tax levy is based upon appraised property values as of each previous January 1st for all taxable property within the County. Payments are due and payable when taxes are levied and may be timely paid through January 31st. On February 1st, taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest charges. After June 30th, any uncollected taxes are subject to tax suit and additional charges to offset related legal costs. The lien date for property taxes is July 1st.

The appraisal of property within the county is the responsibility of the Johnson County Appraisal District. The Texas Legislature established the Appraisal District and the related Appraisal Review Board in 1979 through the adoption of a comprehensive Property Tax Code. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property is reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Under the Code, the Commissioners Court will continue to set annual tax rates on the property. The Code also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Appraisal District, collection functions may be placed with the Appraisal District. The County bills and collects its property taxes and those of certain other taxing entities. Collections of those taxes pending distribution are accounted for in an agency fund.

The County is permitted by Article VIII, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$.80 per \$ 100 assessed valuation for general governmental services including payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt and maintenance of roads and bridges. Article 6790 of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$.15 per \$ 100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect \$.30 per \$ 100 valuation for road, bridge and flood control purposes.

The County's 2017 tax levy, supporting the 2018 fiscal period budget, totaled \$ 0.472000 per \$ 100 valuation and was comprised as follows:

General Fund Indigent Health Care Road & Bridge General Debt Service Fund	\$ 0.392481 0.014391 0.030300 0.034829
Combined tax rate	\$ 0.472000

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The County had no advances between funds. All activity between funds was for short-term cash flow requirements. See Note 6 for additional discussion of interfund receivables and payables.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The County utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory and prepaid expenditures. Under this method, inventory and prepaid expenditures are considered an expenditure when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Inventories in the governmental funds are comprised of road materials, bulk fuel, parts, and chemicals.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest cost to be capitalized on assets with tax-exempt borrowing is equal to the cost of the borrowing less interest earned on the related tax-exempt borrowing. During the year ended September 30, 2018, no capitalized interest was included in the cost of capital assets under construction.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$ 5,000 or more and over two years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Leased assets are depreciated over the lesser of the term of the related lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-50 Years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5-20 Years
Infrastructure	20-35 Years

Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed paid absences due to sickness and vacation time. Sick leave benefits are earned by all full time employees at a rate of 96 hours annually. The leave policy allows employees to accumulate up to ninety days of sick leave benefit. Sick leave benefits are recognized in the period in which time off is actually taken. Vacation benefits accrue monthly at rates depending upon an employee's length of service. Employees may accumulate a maximum of 18 months of vacation credits based on the earning rate and length of service. Employees who reach the maximum accumulated rate will not accrue additional time until they use sufficient vacation to bring their accumulated rate below the maximum level.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Compensated Absences - continued

The liability for compensated absences disclosed in the financial statements represents accumulated vacation and compensatory time at September 30, 2018, computed at pay rates in effect at that time was \$ 1,059,427.

Compensated absence liabilities for governmental activities have been paid from the general fund and various special revenue funds.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Johnson County Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the Plan's total OPEB liability. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets as this is a pay-as-you-go plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as interest and fiscal charge expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The County's Commissioners Court meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The County's unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the County's Commissioners Court. Fund Balance of the County may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the County's Commissioners Court. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the County's Commissioners Court. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the County's Commissioners Court has delegated authority to the County Judge or the County Auditor. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended are as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Classifications:

The *non-spendable* fund balance includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories, prepaid expenditures and long-term receivables.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, and contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation.

The enabling legislation authorizes the County to access, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The County's fee revenue generated through enabling legislations include auto registration fees, birth/death certificate fees, adult bond supervision fees, child abuse protection fees, court technology fees, election service fees, family protection fees, financial security fees, juvenile case management fees, law library fees, records archive fees, and records management and preservation fees reported under Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, and auto registration fees, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees reported under the Road and Bridge Major Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Commissioners Court actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources. At September 30, 2018, there are no commitments of fund balance.

The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by Commissioners Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Commissioners Court actions. At September 30, 2018, there are no assignments of fund balance.

The *unassigned* fund balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

The following schedule presents details of fund balance components at September 30, 2018:

		М	ajor Funds			Non-Major Funds		
	 Road & General			Other		Total		
	General		Bridge	Debt Service			Go	vernmental
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventories	\$	\$	307,068	\$		\$	\$	307,068
Prepaid expenditures	503,097					18,840		521,937
Long-term receivables	24,664							24,664
Restricted:								
Capital projects						1,461,438		1,461,438
Contributor purposes						29,310		29,310
Court improvements and operations						620,192		620,192
Debt service					962,534			962,534
Election services						345,398		345,398
Health services						2,908,466		2,908,466
Inmate services						214,468		214,468
Juvenile services						210,902		210,902
Library services						139,788		139,788
Public safety personnel training						17,221		17,221
Public transportation projects			6,137,166			1,373,687		7,510,853
Records management						3,344,878		3,344,878
Special crimes operations						393,325		393,325
County/District attorney services						181,438		181,438
Sheriff services						209		209
Other						249,465		249,465
Unassigned	 <u>25,325,056</u>					<u>(</u>	_	<u>25,317,723</u>
Total fund balances	\$ <u>25,852,817</u>	\$	6,444,234	\$	962,534	\$ <u>11,501,692</u>	\$_	<u>44,761,277</u>
	-40-							

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net Position:	Governmental Activities
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 51,899,263
Restricted:	
Debt service	876,773
Health services	2,923,763
Public transportation projects	7,866,545
Records management	3,344,878
Other:	
Contributor purposes	29,310
Court improvements and operations	620,192
Election services	345,398
Inmate services	214,468
Juvenile services	218,498
Library services	139,788
Public safety personnel training	17,221
Special crime operations	397,236
County/District attorney services	181,438
Sheriff services	209
Other	249,465
Unrestricted	27,032,083
Total	\$ <u>96,356,528</u>

NOTE 2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57 and requires the liability of a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust (total OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability). It establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. It requires a government employer to recognize a total OPEB liability measured as of a date (the measurement date) no earlier than the end of its prior fiscal year. If a government employer makes a contribution to a defined benefit pension plan between the measurement date of the reported total OPEB liability and the end of the government's reporting period, it requires that the government recognize its contribution as a deferred outflow of resources. The following represents the retroactive restatement of net position as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 and prior period adjustment as noted above:

NOTE 2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - Continued

Governmental Activities	2018
Net position, September 30, previously reported	\$ 92,618,028
Addition of total OPEB liability	<u>(1,497,208</u>)
Net position, September 30, restated	\$ <u>91,120,820</u>

The total OPEB obligation reported under GASB Statement 45 as of September 30, 2017 was \$ 1,775,621 and the total OPEB liability reported under GASB Statement 75 as of September 30, 2017 was \$ 3,272,829. The increase in OPEB from GASB Statement 45 to GASB Statement 75 was \$ 1,497,208, which is the prior period adjustment above.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

The County classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and temporary investments, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose, a temporary investment is one that when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are classified as either short-term investments or investments. Short-term investments have a maturity of one year or less and investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures. Cash and temporary investments as reported on the financial statements at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

	<u>Governmental</u>	Fiduciary	Total
Cash and Temporary Investments: Cash (petty cash accounts) Financial Institution Deposits:	\$ 17,074	\$	\$ 17,074
Demand deposits	9,899,570	12,842,812	22,742,382
Broker-Dealer: Demand deposits Local Government Investment Pool:	47,707		47,707
Texas CLASS	16,271,146		16,271,146
Sub-total	26,235,497	12,842,812	39,078,309
Short-Term Investments: Broker Dealer:			
Certificates of deposit	14,825,772		14,825,772
Subtotal	14,825,772	-0-	14,825,772
Investments: Broker-Dealer:			
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes	3,128,424		3,128,424
U.S. Agency Securities	1,975,460		1,975,460
Certificates of deposit	597,475		597,475
Sub-total	5,701,359	-0-	5,701,359
Total Cash and Temporary Investments, Short-Term Investments and Investments -42-	\$ <u>46,762,628</u>	\$ <u>12,842,812</u>	\$ <u>59,605,440</u>

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them. The County requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 110 percent of uninsured balances.

At year-end, in addition to petty cash accounts of \$17,074, the carrying amount of the County's financial institution deposits, was \$38,213,336, while the financial institution balances totaled \$38,732,302. Of these balances, \$4,239,792 represents amounts controlled by County courts and held by various financial institutions jointly under the name of the County and the court's beneficiaries and carrying the identification number of the beneficiaries. These accounts are entirely covered by federal deposit insurance. Of the remaining balances, \$15,131,000 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage, \$47,707 was covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation and \$19,313,803 was covered by collateral held by the County's name.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy"). The investment policy primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The County's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by Commissioners Court. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the County will deposit funds is addressed. The County's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The County's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the County's investment policy.

The County's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Commissioners Court. The report details the investment positions of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas state law.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Investments - continued

The County is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds: regulated by SEC, with a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, includes in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable \$ 1.00 net asset value per each share, and limited in quantity to the requirements, set forth in Chapter 2256, Government Code Section 2256.014;
- 4. Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities;
- 5. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent;
- Certificates of deposit if issued by a state or national bank domiciled in the State of Texas and is: guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, secured in any manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the County;
- 7. Fully collateralized repurchase agreements, if it: has a defined termination date, is secured by obligations described by Section 2256.009(a)(1) of the Public Funds Investment Act, requires the securities being purchased by the County to be pledged to the County, held in the County's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the County or with a third party selected and approved by the County, is placed through a primary government securities dealer, approved by the County, or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas;
- 8. Commercial paper is an authorized investment, if the commercial paper: has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance, and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit agencies or one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state;
- 9. Eligible investment pools if the Commissioners Court by resolution authorizes investment in the particular pool. An investment pool shall invest funds it receives from entities in authorized investments permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act. The County by contract may delegate to an investment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of investments purchased with its local funds; and,

The County is invested in certificates of deposit at various financial institutions to provide its liquidity needs. The overall weighted average maturity of less than 365 days. This investment is insured, registered, or the County's agent holds the securities in the County's name; therefore, the County is not exposed to custodial credit risk with these deposits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Investments - continued

Texas CLASS was created as a local government investment pool pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. Per State Code, entities may pool any of their funds, or funds under their control, to preserve principal, maintain the liquidity of the funds and maximize yield. The Texas CLASS agreement is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment, and withdrawal of local government funds. Texas CLASS seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas CLASS is rated AAAm and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

At September 30, 2018 Texas CLASS had a weighted average maturity of 52 days. Although Texas CLASS had a weighted average maturity of 52 days, the County considers holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

As of September 30, 2018, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average <u>Maturity (Days)</u>
Certificates of Deposit Texas CLASS Government Securities U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 15,423,247 16,271,146 3,128,424 1,975,460	574 52 264 542
Total	\$ <u>36,798,277</u>	315

Credit Risk – As of September 30, 2018, the LGIP's (which represent approximately 44.22% of the investment portfolio) are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's, the United States securities and agencies (which represent 13.87% of the investment portfolio) were covered by private insurance and the certificates of deposit (which represents 41.91% of the investment portfolio) were covered by Federal Depository Insurance coverage, respectively, therefore, the County does not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities may be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the County's cash flow requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the County's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2018:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Government Securities U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 3,128,424 	\$	\$	\$ 3,128,414 <u>1,975,460</u>
Total assets at fair value	\$ <u>5,103,884</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>5,103,884</u>

Derivatives

Interest in derivative products has increased in recent years. Derivatives are investment products, which may be a security or contract, which derives its value from another security, currency, commodity, or index, regardless of the source of funds used. The County made no direct investments in derivatives during the year ended September 30, 2018, and holds no direct investments in derivatives at September 30, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of September 30, 2018, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

				Non-Major	
		Major Funds	Funds		
	Road & General			Other	Total
	General	Bridge	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,533,726	\$ 362,684	\$ 215,819	\$ 107,484	\$ 3,219,713
Accounts	1,439,975	124,812		17,605	1,582,392
Due from other governments	66,391			183,532	249,923
<u>J</u>					
Gross receivables	4,040,092	487,496	215,819	308,621	5,052,028
Less Allowance for Uncollectible:					
Property taxes	1,992,124	302,408	169,270	87,621	2,551,423
	1,772,124	302,400	107,270	07,021	2,001,420
Net receivables	\$ <u>2,047,968</u>	\$ <u>185,088</u>	\$ <u>46,549</u>	\$ <u>221,000</u>	\$ <u>2,500,605</u>
					Fiduciary
					Fund
Receivables:					
Accounts:					
Adult probationers					\$ 127,265
Others					43,557
Net total receivables					\$ <u>170,822</u>

Receivables From Other Governments

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the County receives entitlements from the State through the legislative actions and taxes collected by the State on behalf of the County (other taxes). All federal grants shown below are either direct or passed through state or local agencies and are reported on the financial statements as due from other governments.

Amounts due from federal and state as of September 30, 2018 are summarized below:

	-	ederal Grants	 State Grants	 Total
Major Governmental Funds: General fund Non-major governmental funds	\$	47,909 13,101	\$ 18,482 170,431	\$ 66,391 183,532
Total	\$	61,010	\$ 188,913	\$ 249,923

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS - Continued

Judicial Receivables

Judicial receivables are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Since these receivables do not represent current available resources, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The allowance for uncollectible receivables related to the County's various court assessments is determined based on historical experience and evaluation of collectability in relation to the aging of customer accounts. The following is a summary of the receivable and allowance for uncollectible as of September 30, 2018:

	Judicial Receivab				Net Receivable		
Judicial Receivables: Justice of the Peace County courts District courts	\$	393,836 2,297,307 13,888,916	\$	118,151 574,327 6,944,457	\$	275,685 1,722,980 6,944,459	
Total	\$ <u> </u>	16,580,059	\$ <u>_</u>	7,636,935	\$	<u>8,943,124</u>	

NOTE 5 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of September 30, 2018, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

				Road &	(General	Other		
	(General		Bridge	De	bt Service	Governmental		
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Delinquent property taxes receivable Unearned Revenue:	\$	417,084	\$	48,624	\$	35,500	\$ 15,297	\$	516,505
State grants							9,411		9,411
State allocations		34,828							34,828
Total	\$ <u></u>	451,912	\$ <u> </u>	48,624	\$ <u> </u>	35,500	\$ <u>24,708</u>	\$ <u>_</u>	560,744

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 5 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUE - Continued

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension and OPEB expense for contributions made from the measurement date to the current year-end of September 30, 2018 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of September 30, 2018, the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Outflows of Inflows of	
Bond refunding costs (net of accumulated amortization) Pension Related:	\$ 38,172	\$	\$
Differences between expected and actual experience Differences between projected and actual investment	145,607	457,218	
earnings Changes in assumptions	3,591,381 563,050	4,728,925	
Subsequent contributions OPEB Related:	2,169,052		
Changes in assumptions Unearned Revenue:		69,538	
State grants State allocations			9,411 <u>34,828</u>
Totals	\$ <u>6,507,262</u>	\$ <u>5,255,681</u>	\$ <u>44,239</u>

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	09-30-18
General Fund General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 35 194,902
Total		\$ <u>194.937</u>

Interfund receivables and payables represent short-term borrowings primarily for cash flow purposes. These include short-term borrowings for reimbursement grants and some revenue or expenditures/expense adjustments between funds at or near year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2018 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	09-30-18
General Fund General Fund Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds Road & Bridge Fund General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,707,853 3,498 304,026 <u>59,000</u>
Total		\$ <u>4,074,377</u>

The Commissioners Court approved these transfers, as transfers of operational funds to cover planned expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Transactions

		Balance 10-01-17		Additions	_	Retirements		justments & Transfers		Balance 09-30-18
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	3,038,291 6,530,217	\$	1,481,947	0	\$ 46,383	\$ 	7,719,438)	\$	2,991,908 292,726
Total capital assets not being depreciated		9,568,508	_	1,481,947		46,383	(7,719,438)	_	3,284,634
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Infrastructure		77,498,384 29,539,444 <u>38,117,217</u>	_	1,188,958 705,600		365,633 588,920 412,362		7,465,810 60,340 193,288	_	84,598,561 30,199,822 38,603,743
Total capital assets being depreciated		145,155,045	_	1,894,558		1,366,915		7,719,438	_	153,402,126
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Infrastructure		27,400,338 21,058,066 24,495,569	_	2,692,289 2,871,126 1,893,315		202,749 547,136 412,361			_	29,889,878 23,382,056 25,976,523
Total accumulated depreciation		72,953,973	_	7,456,730		1,162,246		-0-	_	79,248,457
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	72,201,072	(5,562,172))	204,669		7,719,438	_	74,153,669
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	81,769,580	\$ <u>(</u>	4,080,225)) (<u> </u>	\$	-0-	\$ <u>_</u>	77,438,303

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the County received equipment and roads from various sources totaling \$ 744,220.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functional categories of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:	09-30-18
	¢ 0.450.400
General government	\$ 2,156,183
Administration of justice	32,965
Law enforcement	2,432,213
Highways and streets	2,780,234
Health and welfare	41,587
Culture and recreation	13,548
Total depreciation expense	\$ <u>7,456,730</u>

Construction Commitments

Construction in progress for various projects at September 30, 2018 is as follows.

	C	ontract Value	Expended To Date	<u>Co</u>	mmitment
Building renovation projects	\$ <u> </u>	18,230	\$	\$	18,230
Total	\$	18,230	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u></u>	18,230

NOTE 8 - DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYABLE

Accounts and accrued liabilities payable as of September 30, 2018, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Governmental Funds						
	General Fund						
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable:							
Vendors Accrued compensation	\$ 2,370,189 927,827	\$ 223,034 127,177	\$ 360,524 36,700	\$ 2,953,747 1,091,704			
Due to others	594,308		155,122	749,430			
Total	\$ <u>3,892,324</u>	\$ <u>350,211</u>	\$ <u> 552,346</u>	\$ <u>4,794,881</u>			

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 8 - DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYABLE - Continued

Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable:	Fiduciary Funds
Vendors Bonds payable Accrued compensation	\$ 11,525 71,484 <u> 103,524</u>
Total	\$ <u>186,533</u>

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonded Debt

General obligation and certificates of obligations payable at September 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

			Bonds		
	Interest Rate %	Issued	Maturity	Callable	Outstanding 09-30-18
General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds,	4.00 -				
Series 2017	4.15	2017	2020		\$ 4,370,000
Certificates of Obligation Bonds	1.704 -				
Taxable Series 2015	4.627	2015	2035	2025	20,055,000
Total					\$ <u>24,425,000</u>

General obligation and certificates of obligation bond transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Bonds outstanding, October 1, 2017	\$ 26,920,000
Maturities	<u>(2,495,000</u>)
Bonds outstanding, September 30, 2018	\$ <u>24,425,000</u>

The bond ordinances require that a tax be levied sufficient to pay current interest and create a sinking fund of not less than the amount to pay current principal and interest. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the amount of ad valorem taxes collected for interest and sinking were \$ 3,442,377, while the debt service requirements for principal and interest was \$ 3,350,496. The bond resolutions provide no express remedies in the event of default and make no provision for acceleration of maturity of the bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

General Obligation Bonded Debt

The following is a summary of general obligation bond requirements by year as of September 30, 2018:

Year Ending <u>September 30,</u>	Principa		Int	erest	<u>R</u> e	Total equirement
2019	\$ 2,665,0	00	\$ 8	818,922	\$	3,483,922
2020	2,835,0	00	-	778,451		3,613,451
2021	585,0	00	-	749,457		1,334,457
2022	1,020,0	00	-	726,859		1,746,859
2023	1,050,0	00	(696,011		1,746,011
2024-2028	5,820,0	00	2,9	911,809		8,731,809
2029-2033	7,115,0	00	1,6	612,012		8,727,012
2034-2035	3,335,0	00		156,045	_	3,491,045
Total	\$ <u>24,425,0</u>	<u>00</u>	\$ <u>8,4</u>	<u>449,566</u>	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>32,874,566</u>

On May 24, 2017 the County sold \$ 6,425,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017. The net proceeds of \$ 6,360,661 were placed in escrow for the defeasement of \$ 6,285,000 in General Obligation, Series 2007 bonds. These refunding bonds (Series 2017) were issued for the purpose of generating resources and decreasing the total debt service payments. This refunding issue defeased a portion of the outstanding certificates of obligation bonds from the original issue of 2001. All future debt service payments on the original bonds were provided for by placing the proceeds of the refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's basic financial statements. The difference between the cash flow required to service the old debt and that required to service the new debt and complete the refunding was a decrease of \$ 243,486. The economic gain resulting from the transaction was \$ 252,186.

On November 1, 2015, the County sold \$ 20,605,000 of Certificate of Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series 2015. These bonds were issued to pay for all or a portion of the County's contractual obligations for the acquisition, construction and equipment of certain public improvements for the renovation and expansion of the County jail and for paying for legal, fiscal and engineering fees in connection with such project.

Tax Note Debt

On November 26, 2013, the County issued a tax note from American National Bank of Texas in the amount of \$ 4,370,000, with an interest rate of 1.82% and a maturity date of November 15, 2020 and a call date of November 15, 2015 at par value. This tax note debt is to be utilized in the County's software upgrade project.

	Interest Rate %	Issued	Maturity	Callable	Tax Note Outstanding 09-30-18
Tax Note: Series 2013	1.82	2013	2020	2015	\$
Total					\$ <u>2,605,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Tax Note Debt - continued

Tax note transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Tax notes outstanding, October 1, 2017	\$ 2,890,000
Maturities	(<u>285,000</u>)
Tax notes outstanding, September 30, 2018	\$ <u>2,605,000</u>

The tax note requires that a tax be levied sufficient to pay current interest and create a sinking fund of not less than the amount to pay current principal and interest. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the amount of ad valorem taxes collected for interest and sinking were \$ 340,146, while the debt service requirements for principal and interest was \$ 335,330. The tax note resolution provides for the acceleration of maturity in the event of default.

The following is a summary of tax note requirements by year as of September 30, 2018:

Year Ending September 30,	<u> </u>	Principal	In	iterest	<u>Re</u>	Total equirement
2019 2020 2021	\$	160,000 30,000 2,415,000	\$	45,955 44,226 <u>21,976</u>	\$	205,955 74,226 <u>2,436,976</u>
Total	\$	<u>2,605,000</u>	\$ <u></u>	<u>112,157</u>	\$	<u>2,717,157</u>

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Balance 10-01-17	Issues or Additions	Payments or Expenditures	Balance 09-30-18	Due Within One Year
Governmental Type Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,315,000	\$	\$ 1,945,000	\$ 4,370,000	\$ 2,105,000
Certificates of obligation bonds	20,605,000		550,000	20,055,000	560,000
Tax note payable	2,890,000		285,000	2,605,000	160,000
Premium on bonds	14,927		6,277	8,650	6,277
Net pension liability	10,446,417	1,937,057	7,571,284	4,812,190	
Total OPEB liability	3,272,829	437,703	187,798	3,522,734	
Compensated absences	1,052,219	1,156,229	1,149,021	1,059,427	965,213
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>44,596,392</u>	\$ <u>3,530,989</u>	\$ <u>11,694,380</u>	\$ <u>36,433,001</u>	\$ <u>3,796,490</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - LEASING OPERATIONS

Operating Leases - Lessor

The County is involved in various operating leases as lessor. These leases are for facilities rental. These leases expire from 2019 through 2026. The County has not determined the cost of these facilities as of September 30, 2018.

Minimum future rentals to be received on noncancelable leases, as of September 30, 2018, for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	
2019	\$ 12,772
2020	7,652
2021	5,092
2022	5,092
2023	5,092
Thereafter	15,276
Total	\$ <u>50,976</u>

Gross rental income for operating leases, including month-to-month, for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$ 158,423.

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 760 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS.

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioner's Court of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the County were as follows:

	<u>Plan Year 2017</u>	<u> Plan Year 2018</u>
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate	10.36%	10.82%
Matching ratio (County to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/8, 0/20	60/8, 0/20

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	331
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	441
Active employees	580

1,352

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Employees of the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The County's required contribution rates of 10.82% and 10.36% in calendar years 2018 and 2017, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$ 2,704,447.

Net Pension Liability/Asset - The County's Net Pension Liability/Asset (NPL/NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability/Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Overall payroll growth Investment Rate of Return 2.75% per year3.25% per year8.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2017 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation analysis for Johnson County.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation analysis for Johnson County. This information may also be found in the Johnson County December 31, 2017 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.25%
Inflation	5.75%
Long-term investment return	8.00%

The assumed long-term investment return of 8% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 8% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	3.25%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.1%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on the January 2018 information for a 10 year horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon. The most recent analysis was performed in 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Ū		Target	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Inflation) ⁽²⁾
US Equities Private Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index Cambridge Associates Global Private	11.50%	4.55%
	Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	16.00%	7.55%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) index	1.50%	4.85%
International Equities – Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) index	11.00%	4.55%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI EM Standard (net) index	8.00%	5.55%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond In	dex 3.00%	0.75%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	8.00%	4.12%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.06%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities		
	Index ⁽⁴⁾	2.00%	6.30%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33	8%	
	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Ind	ex 2.00%	4.05%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.00%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	6.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		
	Of Funds Composite Index	18.00%	4.10%
Total	=	100.00%	8.10%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2018 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.95%, per Cliffwater's 2018 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Discount Rate – The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payment results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which

 (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the
 benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to
 that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return,
 calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not include in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future value, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

		In	cre	<u>ase (Decreas</u>	e)	
		Total		Plan		
		Pension		Fiduciary	Ν	let Pension
		Liability	Ν	Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balance as of December 31, 2016 Changes for the Year:	\$	101,440,827	\$	90,994,410	\$	10,446,417
Service cost		3,602,644				3,602,644
Interest on total pension liability (1)		8,331,782				8,331,782
Effect of plan changes ⁽²⁾		- , , -				-0-
Effect of economic/demographic						
gains or losses	(183,883)			(183,883)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	``	409,272				409,272
Refunds of contributions	(256,095)	(256,095)		-0-
Contributions – employer				2,704,447	(2,704,447)
Contributions – employee				1,873,863	(1,873,863)
Net investment income				13,284,062	(13,284,062)
Benefit payment,	(4,194,494)	(4,194,494)		-0-
Administrative expense			(69,388)		69,388
Other changes ⁽³⁾	_			1,058	(1,058)
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ <u></u>	109,150,053	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>104,337,863</u>	\$ <u> </u>	4,812,190

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the county, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage-point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate (7.10%) (8.10%)	1% Increase In Discount Rate (9.10%)
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 123,267,176	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ <u>18,929,313</u>	\$ <u>(7,077,695</u>)

NOTE 11. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN -		ntinued ear Ended
Pension Expense (Income):		<u>12-31-17</u>
Service cost	\$	3,602,644
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾		8,331,782
Effect of plan changes		-0-
Administrative expenses		69,388
Member contributions		1,873,863)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(7,372,906)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:		
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(276,627)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs		358,415
Recognition of investment gains or losses		664,985
Other ⁽²⁾	(1,058)
Pension expense (income)	\$_	3,502,760

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At September 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date ⁽³⁾	\$ 145,607 3,591,381 563,050 <u>2,169,052</u>	\$ 457,218 4,728,925
Totals	\$ <u>6,469,090</u>	\$ <u>5,186,143</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended September 30,		
2018	\$	730,926
2019		569,901
2020	(1,004,701)
2021	(1,182,231)
2022		-0-
Thereafter ⁽⁴⁾		-0-

⁽³⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description - The County's defined benefit OPEB plan, Johnson County Retiree Health Care Plan (JCRHCP), provides medical benefits to plan members of the County. JCRHCP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. Local Government Code Section 157.101 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to Commissioners Court. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided - Plan participants are full-time regular employees who, at the time they leave County employment, are:

- 1. Eligible for retirement benefits under Texas County and District Retirement guidelines, and
- 2. Have a total of 20 years of service with Johnson County, of which at least 10 years are continuous service, and
- 3. Are covered under the County group health insurance program at the time of the separation, and
- 4. Are not Medicare eligible, or

Elected officials who, at the time they leave Johnson County employment, are:

- 1. Eligible for retirement benefits under Texas County and District Retirement guidelines, and
- 2. Have a total of 16 years of service with the County, of which at least 10 years are continuous service, and
- 3. Are covered under the County group health insurance program at the time of their separation, and
- 4. Are not Medicare eligible.

Members retiring under TCDRS disability retirement provisions must satisfy social security disability requirements that are therefore Medicare eligible. Disabled retirees are not eligible for the County's health insurance. Retiree healthcare ceases when a covered retiree becomes eligible for Medicare coverage.

Coverage for dependents who are not Medicare eligible and who are participants in the County's group health insurance plan at the time of the employee's separation may also be continued. Premiums will be paid for by the retiree and are to be made to the County Treasurer no later than the 10th day of each month. In the event of the retiree's death, covered dependents may continue coverage until they become Medicare eligible provided they make required premium payments on a timely basis.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of September 30, 2018:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	484
	101

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to Commissioners Court the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The County may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The County's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by Commissioners Court during the County budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The County does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The County pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees for each rate tier structure (retiree only, retiree + spouse, retiree + child, retiree + children, retiree + family).

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the total benefit payments made to the plan was \$ 109,424. The total benefit payments made include explicit benefit payments made by the County of \$ 78,954 and an implicit benefit payment of \$ 30,470. The implicit subsidy is calculated using a factor which equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected total medical premiums. Since the plan utilizes blended premiums, the benefit payments must include an adjustment for the implicit subsidy. This adjustment reflects the underlying costs of the benefits provided to retirees.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$ 3,522,734 was measured as of September 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry-Age
Discount rate	3.83%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	0.50% to 5.00%, not including wage inflation of 3.25%
Health care trend rates	Initial rate of 7.50% declining to an ultimate rate of 6.00%
	after 7 years; Ultimate trend rate includes a 1.75% adjustment for the excise tax
Participation rates	90% for retirees eligible for the County subsidy;
	10% for retirees not eligible for the County subsidy

The gender distinct RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables are used with rates for males multiplied by 130% and rates for females multiplied by 110%. For healthy retirees, the valuation employs fully generational mortality projections based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2014.

The gender distinct RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables are used with rates for males multiplied by 130% and rates for females multiplied by 115%. For disabled retirees, the valuation employs fully generational mortality projections based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2014.

The gender distinct RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables are used with rates for males and females multiplied by 90%. For active members, the valuation employs fully generational mortality projections based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2018 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2016, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the taxexempt municipal bond rate based on an index of a 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 3.83% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The discount rate was 3.50% as of the prior measurement date. Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

		Total OPEB Liability
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	319,478 118,225
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	(78,374) <u>109,424</u>)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability, September 30, 2017	_	249,905 3,272,829
Total OPEB liability, September 30, 2018	\$ <u></u>	3,522,734

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50% as of September 30, 2017 to 3.83% as of September 30, 2018.

The benefit payments during the measurement period were determined as follows:

Explicit benefit payments (County's portion of premiums) Implicit benefit payments	\$	78,954 <u>30,470</u>
Total benefit payments	\$ <u></u>	109,424

The implicit benefit payments took the total premiums of \$ 113,694 multiplied by a factor of 0.268. The factor equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected total medical premiums.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 3.83%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (2.83%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.83%) than the current rate:

	Dis	Decrease In count Rate (2.83%)	scount Rate (3.83%)	 <pre>% Increase In iscount Rate (4.83%)</pre>
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,760,217	\$ 3,522,734	\$ 3,288,653

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.50%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate rate of 1 percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate (6.50%)		Discount Rate Discount Rate		 Increase count Rat (8.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,097,275	\$	3,522,734	\$ 4,027,34	41
OPEB Expense:					-	ar Ended 9-30-18
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Recognition of current year outflow (inflow) due	e to li	iabilities			\$ (319,478 118,225 <u>8,836</u>)
OPEB expense					\$	428,867

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At September 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Infl	eferred lows of sources
Changes in assumptions	\$	\$	69,538
Totals	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u></u>	<u>69,538</u>

The County did not have any contributions subsequent to the measurement date due to the measurement date and the date of this report both ending as of September 30, 2018.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,		
2019	\$(8,836)
2020	(8,836)
2021	(8,836)
2022	(8,836)
2023	(8,836)
Thereafter	(25,358)

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS AND SHARED REVENUES

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the County applied for and received federal and state grants related to various activities. The operations of these grants are reported in the general fund, various special revenue funds, and capital projects fund. For the most part, these grants are reimbursement type grants, therefore, revenues equal expenditures. Grant revenues are classified as intergovernmental revenues. The federal financial assistance programs are covered by the requirements of the Single Audit Act and the Uniform Guidance.

The state financial assistance programs are covered by the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards). A single audit was performed on the state financial assistance programs as the state financial assistance programs met the \$750,000 threshold, while the federal financial assistance programs did not.

NOTE 14 - BAIL BOND COLLATERAL

The County holds, as collateral, time deposits and other cash equivalents and real property pledged toward bail bonds. The County does not have access to the assets unless the bond is violated; therefore, these assets are not reported in the financial statements of the County as of September 30, 2018. As of September 30, 2018, bail bonds outstanding totaled \$ 10,600,250 and collateral pledged against these bonds amounted to \$ 1,690,065, respectively.

NOTE 15 - LITIGATION

The County is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Such lawsuits include various civil claims that are currently between the stages of discovery and pleadings. The outcome of these lawsuits and other claims are not presently determinable and the resolutions of these matters are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County. The County does not have any contingent estimated liability as of September 30, 2018.

NOTE 16 - RISK COVERAGE

The County is a participant in the Texas Association of Counties insurance pool for coverage of liability, property, and worker's compensation. The County pays annual premiums to the pool for the coverage stated. Property and liability insurance provide varying and appropriate coverage, with most claims subject to a \$ 5,000 deductible.

NOTE 17 - LONG-TERM RECEIVABLE

The County enters into long-term repayment agreements with various entities. The following is a summary of the note receivable requirement, based on the expectation of collections, by year, as of September 30, 2018:

Year Ended September 30,	
2019	\$ <u>24,664</u>
Total	\$ <u>24,664</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS

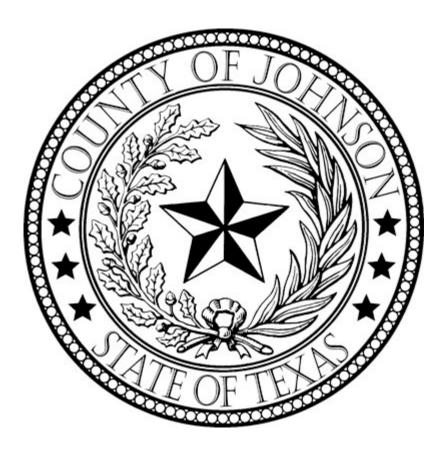
The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with taxpayers under the State Property Tax Abatement Act, Tax Code Chapter 312. Under the act, the County may enter into a local agreement with a taxpayer that exempts all or part of the increase in the value of the real property and/or tangible personal property from taxation for a period not to exceed 10 years. Tax abatements are an economic development toll available to the County to attract new industries and to engage in the retention and development of existing businesses through property tax exemptions or reductions.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the County abated property taxes totaling \$ 654,662 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- A 50 percent property tax abatement to an oil and gas company for the expansion and development of property to include buildings, structures, fixed machinery and equipment, site improvements plus office space and related fixed improvements necessary to the operation and administration of the facility to accommodate an industrial gas plant and all associated transmission equipment and lines. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounted to \$ 130,860.
- A 60 percent property tax abatement to a high technology manufacturer of building materials for the expansion of its current facility. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounted to \$107,523.
- A 75 percent property tax abatement to a manufacturer of tools for the construction of a new facility for increased manufacturing capacity and increased employment. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounts to \$ 145,908.
- A 75 percent property tax abatement to a retail company for the construction of a regional distribution center and increased employment. The abatement in the current fiscal year amounts to \$ 133,860.

NOTE 19 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through March 13, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (ROAD & BRIDGE FUND) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Prisoner housing services Fees Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	1,206,7881,206,7881,038,4399,900,00011,431,71511,431,7157,025,8007,025,8007,188,7931,339,0001,339,0001,347,316307,400307,400626,108529,492529,4921,266,046	\$ 464,423 (168,349) -0- 162,993 8,316 318,708 736,554							
Total revenues	<u>62,575,905</u> <u>64,107,620</u> <u>65,630,265</u>	1,522,645							
Expenditures Current: General government Administration of justice Financial administration Elections Law enforcement Highways and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation Capital outlay	15,493,497 15,034,385 13,594,123 7,894,913 7,934,999 6,793,824 1,066,267 1,066,267 1,002,443 680,834 681,308 468,608 34,983,095 36,562,641 35,336,045 1,066,365 1,092,213 1,008,669 270,191 270,191 243,673 189,519 189,519 178,781 110,286 110,285	1,440,262 1,141,175 63,824 212,700 1,226,596 -0- 83,544 26,518 10,738 1							
Total expenditures	<u>61,644,681</u> <u>62,941,809</u> <u>58,736,451</u>	4,205,358							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	<u>931,224</u> <u>1,165,811</u> <u>6,893,814</u> <u>10,000</u> <u>10,000</u> <u>10,764</u> <u>153,536</u> <u>153,536</u> <u>304,026</u> (<u>1,638,845</u>) (<u>3,755,354</u>) (<u>3,711,351</u>)	5,728,003 764 150,490 44,033							
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,475,309)</u> <u>(3,591,818</u>) <u>(3,396,561</u>)	195,257							
Net change in fund balances	(544,085) (2,426,007) 3,497,253	5,923,260							
Fund balances – beginning	22,355,564 22,355,564 22,355,564	-0-							
Fund balances – ending	\$ <u>21,811,479</u> \$ <u>19,929,557</u> \$ <u>25,852,817</u>	\$ <u> </u>							

	Road and Bridge Fund									
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	3,514,517 66,000	\$	\$ 3,408,754 100,939	\$(105,763) 34,939						
	2,133,000	2,133,000	2,047,391	-0- (85,609) -0-						
	106,100 125,000	106,100 125,000	119,811 <u>339,582</u>	-0- 13,711 214,582						
	5,944,617	5,944,617	6,016,477	71,860						
	10,709,166	10,593,224	6,266,830	-0- -0- -0- -0- 4,326,394 -0- -0- -0- -0-						
	1,766,377	1,981,460	835,524	1,145,936						
_	12,475,543	12,574,684	7,102,354	5,472,330						
(6,530,926)	<u>(6,630,067</u>)	<u>(1,085,877</u>)	5,544,190						
			362,662 3,498	362,662 3,498 						
_	-0-	-0-	366,160	366,160						
(6,530,926)	(6,630,067)	(719,717)	5,910,350						
	7,163,951	7,163,951	7,163,951	-0-						
\$	633,025	\$ <u>533,884</u>	\$6,444,234	\$ <u>5,910,350</u>						

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS For the Ten Years Ended September 30, 2018

		Year Ended ecember 31, 2017		Year Ended ecember 31, 2016		Year Ended ecember 31, 2015		ear Ended cember 31, 2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains)	\$	3,602,644 8,331,782 409,272	\$	3,686,376 7,591,733	\$ (3,356,710 7,131,530 605,396) 1,024,387	\$	3,228,313 6,593,390
or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	((183,883) 4,450,589)	(291,215 <u>4,014,436</u>)	((1,277,227) <u>3,799,131</u>)	(63,386 <u>3,231,425</u>)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		7,709,226		7,554,888		5,830,873		6,653,664
Total Pension Liability - beginning		101,440,827		93,885,939		88,055,066		81,401,402
Total Pension Liability - ending (a)	\$	109,150,053	\$	101,440,827	\$ <u></u>	93,885,939	\$	88,055,066
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions Investment Income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ ((2,704,447 1,873,863 13,284,062 4,450,589) 69,388) 1,058	(2,617,668 1,805,291 6,229,109 4,014,436) 67,695) 409,118	((2,511,927 1,703,829 616,199) 3,799,131) 60,576) 199,540	\$ ((2,470,381 1,688,738 5,292,764 3,231,425) 62,523) 138,000)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		13,343,453		6,979,055	(60,610)		6,019,935
Fiduciary Net Position - beginning		90,994,410		84,015,355		84,075,965		78,056,030
Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$ <u></u>	104,337,863	\$	90,994,410	\$ <u></u>	84,015,355	\$	84,075,965
Net Pension Liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ <u></u>	4,812,190	\$ <u> </u>	10,446,417	\$	9,870,584	\$	3,979,101
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		95.59%		89.70%		89.49%		95.48%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	26,104,730	\$	25,789,868	\$	24,340,413	\$	24,124,827
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		18.43%		40.51%		40.55%		16.49%

Note – This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS For the Ten Years Ended September 30, 2018

Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of <u>Covered Payroll</u>
2009	\$ 1,620,052	\$ 1,620,052	\$-0-	\$ 20,558,024	7.9%
2010	1,925,944	1,925,944	-0-	22,103,414	8.7%
2011	2,000,716	2,000,716	-0-	22,249,616	9.0%
2012	2,108,049	2,108,049	-0-	22,655,060	9.3%
2013	2,216,698	2,216,698	-0-	22,856,128	9.7%
2014	2,407,913	2,407,913	-0-	23,781,437	10.1%
2015	2,492,624	2,492,624	-0-	24,205,219	10.3%
2016	2,707,614	2,707,614	-0-	26,561,630	10.2%
2017	2,687,041	2,687,041	-0-	26,059,464	10.3%
2018	2,801,251	2,801,251	-0-	26,149,000	10.7%

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⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018

Year Ended September 30, 2018 **Total OPEB Liability** Service cost \$ 319,478 Interest on the Total OPEB Liability 118,225 Changes of assumptions 78,374) Benefit payments 109,424) Net Change in Total OPEB Liability 249,905 Total OPEB Liability – Beginning 3,272,829 Total OPEB Liability – Ending \$<u>3,522,734</u> **Covered Payroll** \$ 22,612,390 <u>15.58</u>% Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rates each from 3.50% as of September 30, 2017 to 3.83% as of September 30, 2018.

The benefit payments during the measurement period were determined as follows:

a. Explicit benefit paymentsb. Implicit benefit payments	\$	(County's portion of medical premiums) (Total medical premiums of \$ 113,694 x 0.268)
c. Total benefit payments	\$ 109,424	

The 0.268 factor equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected total medical premiums.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The fund budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The major funds, General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund, budget and actual comparisons are presented as Required Supplementary Information at the fund level.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditures purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages and employee benefits; operating expenditures; and capital outlay). Budget amendments to transfer budgeted amounts from one line item to another may be made at the discretion of the Commissioners Court.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Law Library Fund - This fund accounts for the cost of operating and maintaining a law library for public use. Revenues are derived from law library fees assessed against each civil case filed in District and County courts.

Records Management and Preservation Fund - The "Records Management and Preservation" fee collected by the County and District Clerks, pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011, is for the records management and preservation services performed after the filing and recording of a document in the records of the office of the clerk. The fee is used to provide funds for specific records preservation and automation projects.

Vital Statistics Preservation Fund – The "Vital Statistics" fee collected by the County Clerk pursuant to Health & Safety Code 191.0045 is for the preservation of vital statistical records. This includes preserving records, training regarding vital statistics and ensuring safety and security of vital statistics records.

Elections Services Contract Fund - This fund accounts for surplus funds from Election Service Contracts under the Texas Election Code 31.003. Funds are used only to defray expenses of the County election officer's office in connection with election-related duties or functions.

STOP SCU Federal Forfeitures Fund - This fund accounts for the funds received from forfeitures in a federal case.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for funds forfeited by the court to the District Attorney. Disbursement is at the discretion of the District Attorney.

Sheriff Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for funds forfeited by the court to the Sheriff. Disbursement is at the discretion of the Sheriff.

STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for the funds received from forfeitures.

Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund - This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues from the Texas Juvenile Justice Department to fund mandatory juvenile justice alternative education programs as required under Chapter 37, Texas Education Code.

Juvenile Case Manager Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds which are used by Juvenile Case Managers for management of juvenile truancy case activity.

Juvenile Probation Fees Fund - This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of fees collected by the Juvenile Probation Department.

Unclaimed Juvenile Restitution Fund - This fund accounts for funds resulting from unclaimed juvenile restitution payments. Family Code, Section 54.0482 authorized such funds to be used for the same purposes for which the County may expend juvenile state aide.

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

Justice of the Peace Technology Fund - This fund accounts for the mandate that each Johnson County justice court assess a technology fee on each conviction, as defined by Art. 102.0173 Code of Criminal Procedure, for a fine-only misdemeanor committed on or after January 1, 2002. The use of this fee is restricted to the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court.

Courthouse Security Fund - This fund accounts for funds used to monitor and increase courthouse security.

Justice Court Building Security Fund - The State Legislature amended the Court of Criminal Procedures Art. 102.017 by adding \$ 1 to the existing Courthouse Security Fund. The Justice of the Peace collect the funds and deposit them in a Justice Court building security fund for providing security services for a Justice Court located in a building that is not in the County Courthouse.

Guardianship Fee Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds that provide guardians for indigent incapacitated persons who do not have family members suitable and willing to serve as guardians.

Record Archives - County Clerk Fund - The "Records Archive" fee collected by the County Clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011 (f), is for the preservation and restoration services performed by the County Clerk in connection with maintaining a County Clerk's records archive.

Record Archives - District Clerk Fund - The "Records Archive" fee collected by the District Clerk, pursuant to Local Government Code 118.011 (f), is for the preservation and restoration services performed by the District Clerk in connection with maintaining a District Clerk's records archive.

County/District Court Technology Fund - This fund accounts for fees collected and utilitzed for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements, or the cost of continuing education and training of county/district court judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements.

Court Records Preservation Digital Fund - This fund accounts for funds received to provide systems to be used for court records preservation.

District Court Records Technology Fund - This fund accounts for fees collected and utilized solely for the preservation and restoration of District Court archives.

Pecan Valley MHMR Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of Pecan Valley MHMR.

Indigent Health Care Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of providing medical care to indigent County residents. Property taxes are allocated each year for this purpose.

Right of Way Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds used to acquire and maintain right-of-way's for various road projects throughout the County. These expenditures are a mixture of both capital and operating costs.

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

Historical Commission Fund - This fund accounts for resources used to preserve the history and heritage of Johnson County.

Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund - This fund accounts for fees earned and expenditures authorized for participants' successful completion of the pre-trial bond program ordered by the court under the supervision of the Community Service and Corrections Department.

STOP SCU Operations Fund - This fund accounts for the funds provided through interlocal agreements and utilized for the drug task force.

Sheriff Inmate Commissary Fund - This fund is used to account for jail inmates' purchase of food, toiletry items, and other supplies. Expenditures are for the purchase of stock and profits generated may be used by the Sheriff to purchase items for the benefit of the inmate population.

Sheriff LEOSE Fund - This fund accounts for fees provided for law enforcement officers' educational expenditures under the Law Enforcement Officers Standards & Education program.

County Attorney Collection Fund - This fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of fees earned for the collection of bad checks issued in the County. Disbursement is at the discretion of the County Attorney.

County Attorney LEOSE Fund - This fund accounts for fees provided for law enforcement officers' educational expenditures under the Law Enforcement Officers Standards & Education program.

District Attorney 18th Judicial Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the state for salary supplements and welfare fraud expense reimbursements in the District Attorney's Office.

District Attorney Collection Fund - This fund accounts for receipt and disbursement of fees earned for the collection of bad checks issued in the County. Disbursement is at the discretion of the District Attorney.

Combined Constables LEOSE Fund - This fund accounts for fees provided for law enforcement officers' educational expenditures under the Law Enforcement Officers Standards & Education program.

MVIE – Tax A/C Penalty & Interest - This fund accounts for interest earned from the Tax Assessor/Collector Special Inventory Account to provide more efficient service to dealers. Disbursement is at the discretion of the Tax Assessor/Collector.

Cities Readiness Initiative Fund - This fund accounts for grant proceeds that allows the County to assist the Office of Public Health in the implementation of activities associated with the FY 04 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Public Health Preparedness and Response for Bioterrorism Cooperative Agreement. This project is designed to upgrade state and local public health jurisdictions' preparedness for a response to bioterrorism, other outbreaks of infectious disease, and other public health threats and emergencies.

Edward Byrne Memorial Program Fund – This fund accounts for federal grant revenues to be utilized by law enforcement for the enhancement of technology, integration and computer forensics capabilities.

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

Juvenile Probation Fund - This fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Juvenile Justice Department to supplement expenditures of the County in administering a Juvenile Probation Department. The County operates under an approved budget with the TJJD and submits reports quarterly with an annual contract report submitted as of each fiscal year ended August 31.

Rifle Resistant Body Armor Grant Fund - This fund accounts for state grant revenues to be utilized for the purchase of National Institute of Justice approved ballistic body armor.

Indigent Defense Formula/Improvement Fund - This fund accounts for state grant revenues utilized to improve the County's indigent defense system.

TCEQ LEPC Grant Fund – Funding to purchase goods and services that allow the Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) to establish, maintain, and/or improve their implementation of Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA).

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Equipment Purchase Fund - This fund is used to account for capital expenditures for the purchase of equipment.

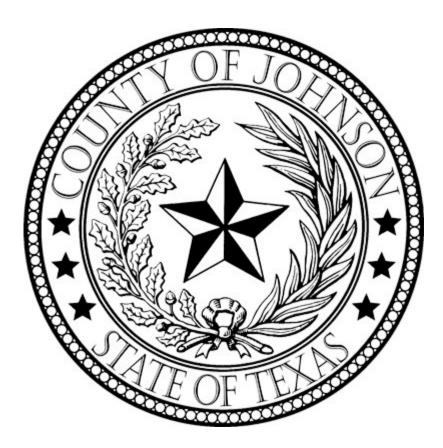
Jail C1 Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for funding and expenditures incurred in the renovation of an existing jail facility.

Jail C2 & C3 Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for expenditures incurred in the installation of an exterior insulated finish system for the C2 and C3 jail facilities.

Construction Projects Fund - This fund is used to record costs incurred in constructing or improving a capital asset that meet the capital construction criteria and are not funded by either grants or borrowed funds.

Software Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the acquisition and implementation of new software systems.

Burleson Sub Courthouse Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for expenditures incurred in the renovation of the Burleson Sub Courthouse.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

					Special
	Law Library Fund		Records Management and Preservation Fund		Vital Statistics Preservation Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures	\$ 148,346	\$	1,680,149 72,777	\$	123,605
Investments	 		336,380	_	
Total assets	 148,346		2,089,306		123,605
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources	 			_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	 -0-		-0-	_	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 148,346	\$ <u></u>	2,089,306	\$_	123,605
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$ 8,558	\$	66,368	\$	
Unearned revenue	 			_	
Total liabilities	 8,558		66,368		-0-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	 				
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -0-		-0-		-0-
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted	139,788		2,022,938		123,605
Unassigned	 			-	
Total fund balance	 139,788		2,022,938		123,605
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 148,346	\$	2,089,306	\$ <u>_</u>	123,605

Exhibit 10 Page 1 of 6

Re	venue Funds										
	S Election S Services Fe Contract Forf		STOP SCU Federal Forfeitures Fund		District Attorney Forfeiture Fund		Sheriff Forfeiture Fund		STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund	
\$	345,453	\$	4,516	\$	114,622	\$	209	\$	259,802	\$	80,410
									579		1,806 7,271
_	345,453	_	4,516	_	114,622	_	209	_	260,381	_	89,487
_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
\$ <u> </u>	345,453	\$_	4,516	\$	114,622	\$	209	\$	260,381	\$ <u>_</u>	89,487
\$	55	\$		\$	71	\$		\$		\$	15,018
_	55	_	-0-	_	71	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	2,078 17,096
_	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
	345,398		4,516		114,551		209		260,381		7,271 65,120
	345,398	_	4,516	_	114,551		209		260,381	_	72,391
\$	345,453	\$_	4,516	\$_	114,622	\$	209	\$	260,381	\$	89,487

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

September 30, 2018

September 30, 2018						Special
	_	Juvenile Case Manager Fund		Juvenile Probation Fees Fund		Unclaimed Juvenile Restitution Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:						
Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments	\$	107,502	\$	39,356	\$	683
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes						
Accounts				553		
Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures Investments		325				
Total assets		107,827		39,909		683
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources						
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-		-0-		-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	107,827	\$ <u></u>	39,909	\$	683
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	1,629	\$		\$	
Total liabilities		1,629		-0-		-0-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources						
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-		-0-	_	-0-
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		325 105,873		39,909		683
Total fund balance		106,198		39,909		683
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	107,827	\$ <u></u>	39,909	\$	683

Exhibit 10 Page 2 of 6

Re	evenue Funds											
	Justice of the Peace Technology Fund		Courthouse Security Fund		Justice Court Building Security Fund		Guardianship Fee Fund		Record Archives - County Clerk Fund		Record Archives - District Clerk Fund	
\$	403,326	\$	72,372	\$	89,134	\$	43,920	\$	680,438	\$	85,961	
-	403,326	-	72,372	_	89,134		43,920	_	680,438	-	85,961	
\$	-0- <u>403,326</u>		-0- <u>72,372</u>		-0- <u>89.134</u>	\$	-0- <u>43,920</u>	\$	-0-	\$	-0- 85.961	
\$	22	\$	1,241	\$		\$	1,319	\$		\$		
_	22	_	1,241		-0-		1,319	_	-0-	_	-0-	
_	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-		-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	
	403,304		71,131		89,134		42,601		680,438		85,961	
_	403,304	_	71,131	_	89,134		42,601	_	680,438	_	85,961	
\$_	403,326	\$_	72,372	\$	89,134	\$	43,920	\$ <u>_</u>	680,438	\$ <u></u>	85,961	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

September 30, 2018

					Special
	 County/ District Court Technology Fund		Court Records reservation Digital Fund		District Court Records Technology Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:					
Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures Investments	\$ 14,022	\$	275,956	\$	155,980
Total assets	 14,022		275,956		155,980
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources	 				
Total deferred outflows of resources	 -0-		-0-		-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 14,022	\$	275,956	\$ <u></u>	155,980
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	\$		\$	
Total liabilities	 -0-		-0-		-0-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources					
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -0-		-0-		-0-
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	 14,022		275,956		155,980
Total fund balance	 14,022		275,956		155,980
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 14,022	\$	275,956	\$ <u></u>	155,980

	Pecan Valley MHMR Fund		Indigent Health Care Fund		Health Care		Health Care		Health Care		Health Care		Health Care		Health Care		Health Care		Health Care		Right of Way Fund		Historical ommission Fund		Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund		STOP SCU Operations Fund
\$	5,542	\$	1,694,942 857,652	\$	168,406 617,417	\$	29,310	\$	193,622	\$	133,647																
			19,863 567		624				14,759		405																
			507,421		587,240					_	3,911																
_	5,542	_	3,080,445		1,373,687		29,310	_	208,381	_	137,963																
_	-0-	_	-0-		-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-																
\$ <u></u>	5,542	\$ <u></u>	3,080,445	\$	1,373,687	\$ <u></u>	29,310	\$	208,381	\$_	137,963																
\$		\$	156,678 4	\$		\$		\$	6,514	\$	5,624																
	-0-		156,682		-0-		-0-	_	6,514	_	5,624																
			15,297							_																	
	-0-		15,297		-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-																
	5,542		2,908,466		1,373,687		29,310		201,867		3,911 128,428																
	5,542		2,908,466		1,373,687		29,310		201,867	_	132,339																
\$ <u> </u>	5,542	\$ <u></u>	3,080,445	\$	1,373,687	\$	29,310	\$	208,381	\$ <u></u>	137,963																

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

September 30, 2018

September 30, 2018						Special
		Sheriff Inmate mmissary Fund		Sheriff LEOSE Fund		County Attorney Collection Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:						
Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	\$	241,724	\$	5,887	\$	54,506
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures Investments				68		
Total assets		241,724		5,955		54,506
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources						
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-		-0-		-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	241,724	\$ <u></u>	5,955	\$	54,506
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:	<i>•</i>		•		.	
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	27,256	\$		\$	
Total liabilities		27,256		-0-		-0-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources						
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-		-0-		-0-
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		214,468		5,955		54,506
		214 440				EA EO/
Total fund balance		214,468		5,955		54,506
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	241,724	\$ <u></u>	5,955	\$ <u></u>	<u>54,506</u>

	venue Funds County Attorney LEOSE Fund	A 18 ^{tt}	District ttorney Judicial Fund		District Attorney Collection Fund		Combined Constables LEOSE Fund		MVIE Tax A/C Penalty & Interest Fund		Cities Readiness Initiative Fund
\$	1,061	\$	5,793	\$	8,418	\$	10,505	\$	41,373	\$	24,537
											12,601
_	1,061		5,793	_	8,418		10,505	_	41,373	_	37,138
_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
\$	1,061	\$	5,793	\$	8,418	\$ <u></u>	10,505	\$	41,373	\$	37,138
\$		\$	1,830	\$		\$	300	\$		\$	1,061 36,077
_	-0-		1,830	_	-0-	_	300	_	-0-	_	37,138
_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
	1,061		3,963		8,418		10,205		41,373		-0-
	1,061		3,963		8,418		10,205		41,373		-0-
\$ <u></u>	1,061	\$ <u></u>	5,793	\$	8,418	\$	10,505	\$	41,373	\$ <u></u>	37,138

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

September 30, 2018

September 30, 2010						Special	
	Edward Byrne Memorial Program Fund		Juvenile Probation Fund			Rifle Resistant Body Armor Grant Fund	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:							
Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes	\$		\$	74,110	\$	49,946	
Accounts Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures Investments	_	500		50 91,913	_	49,946	
Total assets		500		166,073	_	<u>99,892</u>	
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources							
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	500	\$	166,073	\$	<u>99,892</u>	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	500	\$	166,073	\$	49,946 49,946	
Total liabilities		500		166,073		99,892	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources							
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	_				_		
Total fund balance		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	500	\$ <u></u>	166,073	\$ <u>_</u>	99,892	

Exhibit 10 Page 5 of 6

<u>Re</u>	venue Funds			Capital Projects Funds							
	Indigent Defense Formula Grant Fund		TCEQ LEPC Grant Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Equipment Purchase Funds		Jail C1 Construction Fund		Jail C2 & C3 Construction Fund
\$	81,609	\$		\$	7,550,700 1,547,846	\$	60,650	\$	611,816	\$	59,015
	26,766		7,333	_	19,863 17,605 183,532 18,840 1,431,041			_		_	
	108,375		7,333		10,769,427		60,650	_	611,816	_	<u>59,015</u>
	-0-							_			
	-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
\$	108,375	\$	7,333	\$ <u></u>	10,769,427	\$	60,650	\$_	611,816	\$_	<u>59,015</u>
\$	108,375	\$	7, <u>333</u>	\$	509,563 194,902 9,411	\$	42,783	\$		\$	
	108,375		7,333		713,876		42,783		-0-		-0-
					15,297			_		_	
	-0-		-0-		15,297		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
_		(7,333 7, <u>333</u>)	(18,840 10,028,747 <u>7,333</u>)		17,867	_	611,816		59,015
	-0-		-0-		10,040,254		17,867	_	611,816		<u>59,015</u>
\$	108,375	\$ <u></u>	7,333	\$	10,769,427	\$	60,650	\$_	611,816	\$	59,015

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

September 30, 2018

September 30, 2018	Capital Projects Funds						
	С	onstruction Projects Fund	Software Projects Fund			Burleson Sub Courthouse Construction Fund	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:							
Cash and temporary investments Short-term investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures Investments	\$	128,968	\$	140,510	\$	503,262	
Total assets		128,968		140,510		503,262	
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources							
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-		-0-	_	-0-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	128,968	\$ <u></u>	140,510	\$	503,262	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$		\$		\$		
Total liabilities		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources					_		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		128,968		140,510	_	503,262	
Total fund balance		128,968		140,510		503,262	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	128,968	\$	140.510	\$	503,262	

Exhibit 10 Page 6 of 6

	Total Capital Projects Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	1,504,221 -0-	\$
	-0- -0- -0- -0- -0-	19,863 17,605 183,532 18,840 <u>1,431,041</u>
	1,504,221	12,273,648
\$	-0- 1,504,221	<u>-0-</u> \$ <u>12,273,648</u>
\$	42,783 -0- -0-	\$
	42,783	756,659
	-0-	15,297
	-0-	15,297
	1,461,438 -0-	18,840 11,490,185 (7,333)
	1,461,438	11,501,692
\$ <u> </u>	1,504,221	\$ <u>12,273,648</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Special
Li	brary	Records Management and Preservation Fund	Vital Statistics Preservation Fund
\$		\$	\$
ψ	107 502		7,238
	107,302	103,110	7,230
	2,284	28,036	2,453
	109,786	433,146	9,691
	112,168	210,878	
	112,168	210,878	-0-
(2,382)	222,268	9,691
	-0-	-0-	
(2,382)	222,268	9,691
	142,170	1,800,670	113,914
\$	139,788	\$2,022,938	\$ <u>123,605</u>
	Li	107,502 2,284 109,786 112,168 (Law Management and Fund Preservation \$ \$ 107,502 405,110 2,284 28,036 109,786 433,146 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 112,168 210,878 12,382) 222,268 142,170 1,800,670

Rev	enue Funds								
	Election Services Contract Fund	STOP SCU Federal Forfeitures Fund	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund		Sheriff Forfeiture Fund		STOP SCU Forfeiture Fund		Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Fund
\$	3,404	\$	\$	\$		\$		\$	40,434
	5,408 15,320	71	1,285 1,799		69		57,464 4,001 18,264		2,323
	24,132	71	3,084		69	_	79,729		42,757
	2,176		71		7,583		1,026		211,821
	2,176	-0-	71	_	7,583		1,026		211,821
	21,956	71	3,013	(7,514)		78,703	(169,064)
							6,603		170,000
	-0-	-0-	0-		-0-		6,603		170,000
	21,956	71	3,013	(7,514)		85,306		936
	323,442	4,445	111,538		7,723		175,075		71,455
\$	345,398	\$ <u>4,516</u>	\$ <u>114,551</u>	\$	209	\$	260,381	\$	72,391

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Revenues:		uvenile Case lanager Fund	Juvenile Probation Fees Fund	Unclaimed Juvenile Restitution Fund
Taxes	\$	\$		\$
Intergovernmental				
Fees Fines		39,353	7,817	
Investment income		1,722	1,163	9
Miscellaneous			77	189
Total revenues		41,075	9,057	198
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice Elections Law enforcement Health and welfare Capital outlay		47,610	6,184	
Total expenditures		47,610	6,184	-0-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(6,535)	2,873	198
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Operating transfers in Operating transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	-0-
Net change in fund balance	(6,535)	2,873	198
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		112,733	37,036	485
End of year	\$	106,198 \$	39,909	\$683

Special

<u>Rev</u>	venue Funds					
	Justice of the Peace Technology Fund	Courthouse Security Fund	Justice Court Building Security Fund	Guardianship Fee Fund	Record Archives - County Clerk Fund	Record Archives - District Clerk Fund
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	30,458	80,423	7,616	11,617	360,700	13,092
	6,214	742	1,359	778	8,376	1,256
_	36,672	81,165	8,975	12,395	369,076	14,348
	1,628		1,182	30,282		
		19,629				
	5,480	10,097				
	7,108	29,726	1,182	30,282	-0-	-0-
_	29,564	51,439	7,793	<u>(</u>)369,076	14,348
_						
_	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
	29,564	51,439	7,793	(17,887) 369,076	14,348
_	373,740	19,692	81,341	60,488	311,362	71,613
\$	403,304	\$ <u>71,131</u>	\$ <u>89,134</u>	\$42,601	\$680,438	\$ <u>85,961</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Special
	T	County/ District Court echnology Fund	Court Records Preservation Digital Fund	District Court Records Technology Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$		\$	\$
Intergovernmental	φ		Φ	φ
Fees		4,804	34,220	28,390
Fines Investment income		202	4,096	2,241
Miscellaneous		202	4,070	2,241
Total revenues		5,006	38,316	
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice Elections Law enforcement Health and welfare Capital outlay		2,253		
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	2,253	-0-	-0-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,753	38,316	30,631
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Operating transfers in Operating transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	-0-
Net change in fund balance		2,753	38,316	30,631
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		11,269	237,640	125,349
End of year	\$	14,022	\$ <u>275,956</u>	\$ <u>155,980</u>

Revenue	Funds
IVEACURE	i unus

Pecan Valley MHMR Fund		Indigent Health Care Fund			Right of Way Fund		Historical Commission Fund		Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund		STOP SCU Operations Fund
\$		\$	1,561,864 38,587	\$		\$		\$	175,603	\$	64,419
5,5	33 509		50,847	_	17,517	_	474	_	2,888 577	_	1,690 1,284
5,5	<u>542</u>		1,651,298	_	17,517	_	474	_	179,068	_	67,393
							1,872		125,785		
			995,762 240,805								133,114
	-0-		1,236,567		-0-	_	1,872	_	125,785	_	133,114
5,5	<u>542</u>		414,731		17,517	(1,398)	_	53,283	(65,721)
				_		_	10,000	_			6,271 131,008
	-0-		-0-		-0-	_	10,000		-0-		137,279
5,5	542		414,731		17,517		8,602		53,283		71,558
	-0-		2,493,735		1,356,170	_	20,708	_	148,584	_	60,781
\$5,5	<u>542</u>	\$	2,908,466	\$	1,373,687	\$	29,310	\$	201,867	\$	132,339

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Revenues:	l Coi	Sheriff nmate mmissary Fund	Sheriff LEOSE Fund	County Attorney Collection Fund
Taxes	\$	\$		\$
Intergovernmental Fees Fines		830,775	9,608	8,282
Investment income Miscellaneous		4,491 153,049	135	846
Total revenues		988,315	9,743	9,128
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice Elections				
Law enforcement		831,225	14,183	7,402
Health and welfare Capital outlay		27,900		
Total expenditures		859,125	14,183	7,402
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		129,190	(4,440)	1,726
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	(<u>173,687</u>)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(173,687)	-0-	-0-
Net change in fund balance	(44,497)	(4,440)	1,726
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		258,965	10,395	52,780
End of year	\$	214,468 \$	5,955	\$ <u>54,506</u>

Special

County Attorney LEOSE Fund	District Attorney 18 th Judicial Fund	District Attorney Collection Fund	Combined Constables LEOSE Fund	MVIE Tax A/C Penalty & Interest Fund	Cities Readiness Initiative Fund
\$	\$ 22,106	\$	\$	\$	\$ 47,611
736		4,435	3,296		
18	104 4,949		257	636 699	
754	27,159	4,435	3,553	5,535	47,611
				838	1,004
1,021	2,759	2,006	1,174		46,607
1,021	2,759	2,006	1,174	838	47,611
(267)	24,400	2,429	2,379	4,697	-0-
	(21,964)				
-0-	<u>(21,964</u>)	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
(267)	2,436	2,429	2,379	4,697	-0-
1,328	1,527	5,989	7,826	36,676	-0-
\$1,061	\$3,963	\$8,418	\$10,205	\$ <u>41,373</u>	\$ <u>0-</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Special
	l Mi Pi	dward Byrne emorial rogram Fund	Juvenile Probation Fund	Rifle Resistant Body Armor Grant Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$		\$	\$
Intergovernmental Fees Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	•	40,590	866,704	49,946
Total revenues		40,590	866,704	49,946
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice			866,704	
Elections		05 070		10.047
Law enforcement Health and welfare		25,373		49,946
Capital outlay		15,217		
Total expenditures		40,590	866,704	49,946
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-0-	-0-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Operating transfers in Operating transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	-0-
Net change in fund balance		-0-	-0-	-0-
Fund Balance: Beginning of year				
End of year	\$	-0-	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>

Exhibit 11 Page 5 of 6

Revenue Funds				Capital Projects Funds	
Indigent Defense Formula Grant Fund	TCEQ LEPC Grant Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Equipment Purchase Funds	Purchase Construction	
\$ 107,066	\$ 14,910	\$ 1,561,864 1,295,777 2,171,075	\$	\$	\$
1,309		58,749 155,847 204,117	6,173 7,058	9,931	15
108,375	14,910	5,447,429	13,231	9,931	15
	9,070	335,830 1,293,449 2,176	255,702		
	5,840	2,092,274 287,412 64,534	109,152 1,210 552,555	1,061,622	
-0-	14,910	4,075,675	918,619	1,061,622	-0-
108,375	-0-	1,371,754	(905,388)	<u>(</u>	15
<u>(108,375</u>)		12,874 311,008 (<u>304,026</u>)	948,845	1,808,000 (59,000)	59,000
<u>(108,375</u>)	-0-	19,856	948,845	1,749,000	59,000
-0-	-0-	1,391,610	43,457	697,309	59,015
		8,648,644	<u>(25,590</u>)	<u>(85,493</u>)	-0-
\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$	\$10,040,254	\$17,867	\$ <u>611,816</u>	\$ <u>59,015</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Capital Projects Funds					
	Construction Projects Fund	Software Projects Fund	Burleson Sub Courthouse Construction Fund			
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Fees	\$	\$	\$			
Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	42	3 510	3,262			
Total revenues	423	<u> </u>	3,262			
Expenditures: Current: General government Administration of justice Elections Law enforcement Health and welfare Capital outlay	7,76	5				
Total expenditures	7,76	<u> </u>				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(7,34)	<u>2) 510</u>	3,262			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		140,000	500,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-0	- 140,000	500,000			
Net change in fund balance	(7,342) 140,510	503,262			
Fund Balance: Beginning of year	136,310)				
End of year	\$128,96	<u>3</u> \$ <u>140,510</u>	\$503,262			

Exhibit 11 Page 6 of 6

Funds

Total Capital Projects Funds			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	-0- -0- -0- 20,314 7,058	\$	1,561,864 1,295,777 2,171,075 58,749 176,161 <u>211,175</u> 5,474,801
10	5,702 -0- -0- 19,152 1,210 1,242		591,532 1,293,449 2,176 2,201,426 288,622 1,686,476
1,98	8,006		6,063,681
<u>(</u>	<u>0,634</u>)	(588,880)
	-0- 5,845 9,000)	(12,874 3,766,853 <u>363,026</u>)
3,39	<u>6,845</u>		3,416,701
1,43	6,211		2,827,821
2	<u>5,227</u>		8,673,871

\$<u>1,461,438</u> \$<u>11,501,692</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 1 of 7

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance With Final Budget		
		Original	<u>a Ar</u>	Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
General Government: County Clerk:		Onginar		Гша		Amounts		(Negalive)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	2,021,416 <u>83,300</u>	\$	2,021,416 83,300	\$	1,901,542 73,958	\$	119,874 9,342
Total County Clerk		2,104,716	-	2,104,716		1,975,500	_	129,216
County Judge: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		399,607 9,950	-	399,607 9,950		382,529 <u>8,058</u>	_	17,078 1,892
Total County Judge		409,557	-	409,557		390,587	_	18,970
County Commissioners: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		494,686	-	494,686		489,082	_	5,604
Total County Commissioners		494,686	-	494,686		489,082	_	5,604
Veterans: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		216,336 11,100	-	216,336 11,100	_	185,941 <u>4,575</u>	_	30,395 6,525
Total Veterans		227,436	-	227,436	_	190,516	_	36,920
Public Works: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,457,397 58,533	-	1,457,397 58,533		1,354,597 50,576	_	102,800 7,957
Total Public Works		1,515,930	-	1,515,930		1,405,173	_	110,757
Building Maintenance: Operating expenditures		1,227,700	-	1,227,700		872,194	_	<u>355,506</u>
Total Building Maintenance		1,227,700	-	1,227,700		872,194	_	355,506
Purchasing: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		316,293 32,230	-	316,293 34,230		315,027 26,983	_	1,266 7,247
Total Purchasing		348,523	-	350,523		342,010	_	8,513
Information Systems: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay		855,154 1,745,781	-	855,154 1,545,439 <u>60,342</u>		829,784 1,436,815 <u>60,341</u>	_	25,370 108,624 <u>1</u>
Total Information Systems		2,600,935	-	2,460,935		2,326,940	_	133,995
Print Shop: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		51,305 <u>32,601</u>	-	51,305 30,601		34,433 25,454	_	16,872 5,147
Total Print Shop		83,906	-	81,906		59,887		22,019 (continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 2 of 7

	Dudaataa				A shush		Variance With Final Budget
	 Budgeted Original	I Amo	Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
General Government - Continued: Mail Room:	 Original		<u> </u>		Amounts		(Negalive)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 94,643 11,000	\$	94,643 11,149	\$	94,551 10,891	\$	92
Total Mail Room	 105,643		105,792		105,442	_	350
Telecommunications: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	 44,108		44,832		44,124	_	708
Total Telecommunications	 44,108		44,832		44,124	_	708
Personnel: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 335,817 27,800		335,817 28,506		311,247 10,521	_	24,570 17,985
Total Personnel	 363,617		364,323		321,768	_	42,555
County Tax Collector: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 1,435,800 295,617		1,435,800 296,079		1,385,121 132,657	_	50,679 163,422
Total County Tax Collector	 1,731,417		1,731,879		1,517,778	_	214,101
Non-departmental: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 350,959 3,884,364		364,161 3,610,351		350,314 3,263,149	_	13,847 347,202
Total Non-departmental	 4,235,323		3,974,512		3,613,463	_	361,049
Total General Government	 15,493,497		15,094,727		13,654,464	_	1,440,263
Administration of Justice: County Court at Law I: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 574,773 319,000		573,898 319,875		550,174 279,990	_	23,724 39,885
Total County Court at Law I	 893,773		893,773		830,164	_	63,609
County Court at Law II: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 451,275 331,400	_	449,950 332,725		422,625 270,852	_	27,325 61,873
Total County Court at Law II	 782,675		782,675		693,477	_	89,198
General District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 78,731 75,817	_	71,207 103,277	<u></u>	48,484 97,606	_	22,723 5,671
Total General District Court	 154,548		174,484		146,090	_	28,394

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 3 of 7

		Dudaataa				Astus		Variance With Final Budget
		Budgetec Original	a Amo	Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
Administration of Justice – Continued: 249 th District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	319,295	\$	319,295	\$	282,734	\$	<u>(Negalive)</u> 36,561
Operating expenditures	Ψ	434,200	Ψ	434,200	Ψ	339,223	Ψ 	94,977
Total 249th District Court		753,495		753,495		621,957		131,538
18 th District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		291,341 432,400		291,341 452,400		269,352 374,787	_	21,989 77,613
Total 18th District Court		723,741		743,741		644,139		99,602
413 th District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		314,818 421,458		314,818 421,458		286,097 384,892	_	28,721 36,566
Total 413 th District Court		736,276		736,276		670,989	_	65,287
District Clerk: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,265,172 75,442		1,265,172 75,442		1,233,714 74,343	_	31,458 1,099
Total District Clerk		1,340,614		1,340,614		1,308,057		32,557
Jury: Operating expenditures		145,000		145,000		98,018		46,982
Total Jury		145,000		145,000		98,018		46,982
Justice of the Peace #1: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		282,458 15,810		282,458 15,810		280,202 11,701	_	2,256 4,109
Total Justice of the Peace #1		298,268		298,268		291,903	_	6,365
Justice of the Peace #2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		275,492 16,098		275,492 16,248		238,649 15,685	_	36,843 563
Total Justice of the Peace #2		291,590		291,740		254,334	_	37,406
Justice of the Peace #3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		279,016 15,300		279,016 15,300		269,483 12,320	_	9,533 2,980
Total Justice of the Peace #3		294,316		294,316		281,803	_	12,513
Justice of the Peace #4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		237,463 15,700		237,463 15,700		224,683 6,753	_	12,780 8,947
Total Justice of the Peace #4		253,163		253,163		231,436		21,727

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 4 of 7

							Variance With Final Budget
		Budgeted riginal	d An	nounts Final	Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
Administration of Justice - Continued: Bail Bonds Office:	0	nginai		FIIIdi	 Amounts		(Negalive)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	55,532 2,000	\$	55,532 2,000	\$ 55,384 428	\$	148 1,572
Total Bail Bonds Office		57,532	_	57,532	 55,812	_	1,720
Adult Probation: Operating expenditures		7,600	_	7,600	 2,850		4,750
Total Adult Probation		7,600	_	7,600	 2,850	_	4,750
Juvenile Probation: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		411,872 750,450	-	411,872 750,450	 320,887 341,908	_	90,985 408,542
Total Juvenile Probation		1,162,322	_	1,162,322	 662,795	_	499,527
Total Administration of Justice		7,894,913	_	7,934,999	 6,793,824	_	1,141,175
Financial Administration: County Auditor: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		834,315 52,669	_	834,315 52,669	 820,803 22,148	_	13,512 30,521
Total County Auditor		886,984	_	886,984	 842,951	_	44,033
County Treasurer: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Total County Treasurer		167,083 12,200 179,283	_	167,083 12,200 179,283	 149,650 <u>9,842</u> 159,492	_	17,433 <u>2,358</u> 19,791
			-	179,203	 · · · · ·		·
Total Financial Administration		1,066,267	-	1,066,267	 1,002,443	_	63,824
Elections: Elections: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		519,084 161,750	_	519,084 162,224	 381,184 87,424		137,900 74,800
Total Elections		680,834	_	681,308	 468,608	_	212,700
Law Enforcement County Attorney: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,912,824 94,450	-	1,912,824 103,758	 1,885,243 91,343	_	27,581 12,415
Total County Attorney		2,007,274	_	2,016,582	 1,976,586	_	39,996

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 5 of 7

	Budaeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Administration of Justice - Continued: District Attorney:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Solution Soluti	\$	\$ 1,958,293 126,265	\$ 1,868,701 <u>106,484</u>	\$ 89,592 <u>19,781</u>
Total District Attorney	2,084,558	2,084,558	1,975,185	109,373
County/District Attorney Supplement: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	22,064	22,064	22,003	61
Total County/District Attorney Supplement	22,064	22,064	22,003	61
Constable - Precinct 1: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	296,365 36,841	296,365 41,336	284,588 40,350	11,777 986
Total Constable - Precinct 1	333,206	337,701	324,938	12,763
Constable - Precinct 2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	262,521 30,651	262,521 30,651	262,844 22,670	(323) 7,981
Total Constable – Precinct 2	293,172	293,172	285,514	7,658
Constable – Precinct 3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	252,591 27,570	252,591 27,570	251,426 14,590	1,165 12,980
Total Constable – Precinct 3	280,161	280,161	266,016	14,145
Constable – Precinct 4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	263,074 38,026	263,074 41,187	257,572 	5,502 2,903
Total Constable – Precinct 4	301,100	304,261	295,856	8,405
ASAP-JISD: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	65,288 3,450	66,488 3,450	57,278 1,216	9,210 2,234
Total ASAP-JISD	68,738	69,938	58,494	11,444
ASAP-CISD: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	130,195 10,000	120,402 20,043	121,534 9,793	(1,132) <u>10,250</u>
Total ASAP-CISD	140,195	140,445	131,327	9,118

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 6 of 7

	Budgetec	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Law Enforcement - Continued:				
Sheriff Admin-Patrol: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits \$ Operating expenditures Capital outlay	5 7,784,513 772,200	\$ 7,764,416 802,809 18,196	\$ 7,476,350 751,428 18,196	\$ 288,066 51,381 -0-
Total Sheriff Admin-Patrol	8,556,713	8,585,421	8,245,974	339,447
Sheriff-Jail:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	1,147,283 19,178,000	1,147,283 20,709,715	1,105,855 20,227,924	41,428 481,791
Total Sheriff-Jail	20,325,283	21,856,998	21,333,779	523,219
Mansfield Interlocal:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	85,445 <u>600</u>	85,445 600		85,445 600
Total Mansfield Interlocal	86,045	86,045	-0-	86,045
Texas DPS Office:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	59,315 750	59,315 750	58,980 562	335 188
Total Texas DPS Office	60,065	60,065	59,542	523
SRO-Godley ISD:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	71,258 4,250	71,258 4,250	69,514 1,387	1,744 2,863
Total SRO-Godley ISD	75,508	75,508	70,901	4,607
SRO-Joshua ISD: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	201,761 	202,304 9,600	154,779 2,085	47,525 7,515
Total SRO-Joshua ISD	211,361	211,904	156,864	55,040
SRO-Alvarado ISD: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	129,452 <u>8,200</u>	147,814 <u>8,200</u>	147,615 3,647	199 4,553
Total SRO-Alvarado ISD	137,652	156,014	151,262	4,752
Total Law Enforcement	34,983,095	36,580,837	35,354,241	1,226,596

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 12 Page 7 of 7

	 Budgetec	l Ar	mounts		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Health and Welfare: Medical Examiner: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	\$ 206,038 229,395	\$	206,038 241,138 22,399	\$	193,015 235,729 22,399	\$	13,023 5,409 -0-
Total Medical Examiner	 435,433	-	469,575	-	451,143		18,432
Non-departmental: Operating expenditures	 10,000	-	10,000	-	10,000	_	-0-
Total Non-departmental	 10,000	-	10,000	-	10,000	_	-0-
Emergency Management: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	 185,418 17,075		185,418 19,629 9,349	-	144,018 12,954 9,349		41,400 6,675 -0-
Total Emergency Management	 202,493		214,396	-	166,321		48,075
Radio Management: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 81,733 <u>336,706</u>	-	75,784 354,206	-	60,269 352,684		15,515 1,522
Total Radio Management	 418,439	-	429,990	-	412,953		17,037
Total Health and Welfare	 1,066,365	-	1,123,961	-	1,040,417	_	83,544
Culture and Recreation: Hamm Creek Park: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	243,041 27,150		243,041 27,150		222,104 21,569		20,937 5,581
Total Hamm Creek Park	 270,191		270,191	-	243,673	_	26,518
Total Culture and Recreation	 270,191		270,191	-	243,673		26,518
Conservation: County Extension: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 173,119 <u>16,400</u>		173,119 <u>16,400</u>	-	163,879 14,902		9,240 <u>1,498</u>
Total County Extension	 189,519		189,519	-	178,781	_	10,738
Total Conservation	 189,519	-	189,519	-	178,781		10,738
Total expenditures	\$ 61,644,681	\$	62,168,592	\$	58,736,451	\$	3,432,141

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 13

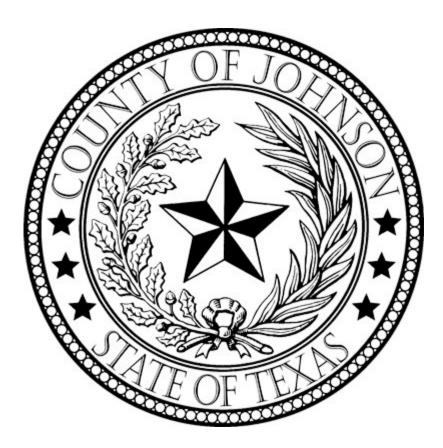
	Budgetec	A b	Amounts	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)
Highways and Streets: Road and Bridge Precinct 1:	 	_			-	-
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 993,513	\$		\$ 977,727	\$	93,686
Operating expenditures	1,708,764		1,565,864	514,252		1,051,612
Capital outlay	 796,040		911,123	 379,802		531,321
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 1	 3,498,317		3,548,400	 1,871,781	_	1,676,619
Road and Bridge Precinct 2:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	1,073,023		1,073,023	729,962		343,061
Operating expenditures	1,088,050		1,107,208	578,120		529,088
Capital outlay	 252,337		252,337	 119,515	_	132,822
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 2	 2,413,410		2,432,568	 1,427,597	_	1,004,971
Road and Bridge Precinct 3:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	1,269,161		1,269,161	1,032,267		236,894
Operating expenditures	1,622,975		1,552,975	716,513		836,462
Capital outlay	 310,000		410,000	 336,207	_	73,793
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 3	 3,202,136		3,232,136	 2,084,987		1,147,149
Road and Bridge Precinct 4:						
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	1,380,515		1,380,515	1,246,669		133,846
Operating expenditures	1,573,165		1,573,165	471,320		1,101,845
Capital outlay	 408,000		408,000			408,000
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 4	 3,361,680		3,361,680	 1,717,989	_	1,643,691
Total expenditures	\$ 12,475,543	\$	\$ <u>12,574,784</u>	\$ 7,102,354	\$	5,472,430

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND (MAJOR) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

General Debt Service Fund Variance with Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** Positive Original Actual (Negative) Final Revenues: Taxes \$ 3,677,602 \$ 3,677,602 \$ 3,782,523 \$ 104,921 Investment income 10,100 10,100 19,423 9,323 Total revenues 3,687,702 3,687,702 3,801,946 114,244 Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal 2,780,000 2,780,000 2,780,000 -0-Interest and fiscal charges 907,702 907,702 905,826 1,876 Total expenditures 3,687,702 3,687,702 3,685,826 1,876 Net change in fund balances -0--0-116,120 116,120 Fund balances - beginning 846,414 846,414 846,414 -0-962,534 \$ Fund balances - ending 846,414 \$_ 846,414 \$ 116,120 \$

Exhibit 14



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Law Library Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
Revenues:		÷ 10.100							
Fees	\$ 94,100 \$ 94,100 \$ 107,502 1,200 1,200 2,204								
Investment income	1,300 1,300 2,284	984							
Total revenues	95,400 95,400 109,786	14,386							
Expenditures: General Government:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	53,288 53,288 52,711	577							
Operating expenditures	102,275 102,275 59,457	42,818							
Capital outlay		-0-							
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	43,395							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(60,163</u>) <u>(60,163</u>) <u>(2,382</u>)	57,781							
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		-0- -0-							
Total other financing sources (uses)	-00-	-0-							
Net change in fund balances	(60,163) (60,163) (2,382)	57,781							
Fund balances – beginning	142,170 142,170 142,170	-0-							
Fund balances – ending	\$ <u>82,007</u> \$ <u>82,007</u> <u>\$139,788</u>	\$ <u>57,781</u>							

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	Records Management and Preservation Fund							
			-			Varia Fina	nce With Budget	
	Budgeted	Amou					sitive	
	Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)	
\$	369,000 15,800	\$	369,000 15,800	\$	405,110 28,036	\$	36,110 12,236	
			10/000		20/000		.2/200	
	384,800		384,800		433,146		48,346	
	151,854		151,854		149,161		2,693	
	278,200		278,200		61,717		216,483	
	48,552		48,552				48,552	
	478,606		478,606		210,878		267,728	
(93,806)	(93,806)	_	222,268		316,074	
	-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	
(93,806)	(93,806)		222,268		316,074	
	1,800,67		1,800,670		1,800,670		-0-	
\$	1,706,864	\$	1,706,864	\$	2,022,938	\$	316,074	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Vital Statistics Preservation Fund							
	0	Budgeted riginal	Amou	unts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Fees Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	7,200 1,000	\$	7,200 1,000	\$ 7,238 2,453	\$-0- 38 1,453 -0-		
Total revenues		8,200		8,200	9,691	1,491		
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Elections: Operating expenditures		106,236		106,236		106,236 0-		
Total expenditures		106,236		106,236	-0-	106,236		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(98,036)	(98,036)	9,691	107,727		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out						-0- -0-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-		
Net change in fund balances	(98,036)	(98,036)	9,691	107,727		
Fund balances – beginning		113,914		113,914	113,914	-0-		
Fund balances – ending	\$	15,878	\$	15,878	\$123,605	\$ <u>107,727</u>		

Exhibit 15 Page 2 of 12

	Election Ser	vices Cont	ract Fund		
Budgetee	Variance With Final Budget Positive				
Original	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
-				-	
\$	\$	\$	3,404	\$ 3,404 -0-	
1,800	1.8	800	5,408	3,608	
20,000	20,0		15,320	<u>(4,680</u>)	
21,800	21,8		24,132	2,332	
				-0-	
(2,700	(0)	100	0.17/	(1 504	
63,700	63,7		2,176	61,524	
63,700	63,7	/00	2,176	61,524	
(41,900) (41,9	000)	21,956	63,856	
				-0-	
. <u> </u>				-0-	
		-0-	-0-	-0-	
(41,900)) (41,9	900)	21,956	63,856	
323,442	323,4	42	323,442	-0-	
\$ <u>281,542</u>	\$ <u>281,5</u>	<u> </u>	345,398	\$ <u>63,856</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	\$	¢	\$ 1,285	\$ 1.285
Fees Investment income	\$ 600	\$ <u>600</u>	\$ 1,285 1,799	\$ 1,285 1,199
Total revenues	600	600	3,084	2,484
Expenditures: Law Enforcement: Operating expenditures Capital outlay	1,350	1,350	71	1,279
Total expenditures	1,350	1,350	71	1,279
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(750</u>) (<u>750</u>)	3,013	3,763
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out				-0- -0-
Total other financing sources (uses)			-0-	-0-
Net change in fund balances	(750) (750)	3,013	3,763
Fund balances – beginning	111,538	111,538	111,538	-0-
Fund balances – ending	\$ <u>110,788</u>	\$ <u>110,788</u>	\$ <u>114,551</u>	\$ <u>3,763</u>

Exhibit 15 Page 3 of 12

	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund								
	Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual		ariance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original		FIIIdi		Actual		(Negalive)		
\$	25	\$	25	\$	69	\$	-0- 44		
	25		25	_	69	_	44		
_	4,700 <u>3,000</u>		7,700		7,583		117 -0-		
_	7,700		7,700		7,583		117		
(7,675)	(7,675)	(7,514)		161		
_							-0- -0-		
	-0-		-0-		-0-	_	-0-		
(7,675)	(7,675)	(7,514)		161		
	7,723		7,723		7,723		-0-		
\$	48	\$ <u></u>	48	\$ <u></u>	209	\$ <u></u>	161		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	(Budgeted Driginal	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	\$	\$ -0-	
Fines Investment income		1,200	12,000	57,464 4,001	57,464 (7,999)	
Miscellaneous		2,000	2,000	18,264	(7,999) <u>16,264</u>	
MISCEIIANEOUS		2,000	2,000	10,204	10,204	
Total revenues		3,200	14,000	79,729	65,729	
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Law Enforcement:					-0- -0-	
Operating expenditures		3,700	3,700	1,026	2,674	
Total expenditures		3,700	3,700	1,026	2,674	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(500)	10,300	78,703	68,403	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out				6,603	6,603 -0- -0-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	6,603	6,603	
Net change in fund balances	(500)	10,300	85,306	75,006	
Fund balances – beginning		175,075	175,075	175,075	-0-	
Fund balances – ending	\$	174,575	\$ <u>185,375</u>	\$ <u>260,381</u>	\$ <u>75,006</u>	

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	Ju	ivenile	Justice Alterr	native	Education Fur	nd	
Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	40,434	\$(4,566)
	800		800		2,323		-0- 1,523 -0-
	45,800		45,800		42,757	(3,043)
	204,731 63,500		204,731 60,870		167,739 44,082		36,992 16,788
							-0-
	268,231		265,601		211,821		53,780
(222,431)	(219,801)	(169,064)		50,737
_	227,000		227,000		170,000	(-0- 57,000) <u>-0-</u>
	227,000		227,000		170,000	(57,000)
	4,569		7,199		936	(6,263)
	71,455		71,455		71,455		-0-
\$	76,024	\$	78,654	\$ <u></u>	72,391	\$(<u> </u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Juvenile Case Manager Fund							
	Fina Budgeted Amounts P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)						
Revenues: Fees Investment income Miscellaneous income	\$ 38,000 \$ 38,000 \$ 39,353 \$ 700 700 1,722	1,353 1,022 -0-						
Total revenues	<u>38,700</u> <u>38,700</u> <u>41,075</u>	2,375						
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	47,477 47,477 47,123 5,000 5,000 487	354 4,513						
Total expenditures	52,477 52,477 47,610	4,867						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(13,777)</u> <u>(13,777</u>) <u>(6,535</u>)	7,242						
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		-0- -0-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	-000-	-0-						
Net change in fund balances	(13,777) (13,777) (6,535)	7,242						
Fund balances – beginning	112,733 112,733 112,733	-0-						
Fund balances – ending	\$ <u>98,956</u> \$ <u>98,956</u> \$ <u>106,198</u> \$	7,242						

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	Juvenile Probation Fees Fund											
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)									
\$	8,000 500	\$ 8,000 500	\$									
_	8,500	8,500	9,0	57557								
	8,500	8,500	6,1	-0- 842,316								
_	8,500	8,500	6,1	<u> 2,316</u>								
	-0-	-0-	2,8	732,873								
				-0- -0-								
	-0-	-0-		00-								
	-0-	-0-	2,8	73 2,873								
_	37,036	37,036	37,0	36								
\$	37,036	\$37,036	\$39,9	<u>09</u> \$ <u>2,873</u>								

	Justice of the Peace Technology Fund								
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	
Revenues:	¢		^	27 500	¢	20.450	*	2 050	
Fees Investment income	\$	27,500 2,800	\$	27,500 2,800	\$	30,458 6,214	\$	2,958 3,414	
Total revenues		30,300		30,300		36,672		6,372	
Expenditures: Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures Capital outlay Law Enforcement: Operating expenditures Capital outlay	_	29,420		23,940		1,628 5,480	(22,312 5,480) -0- -0-	
Total expenditures		29,420		23,940		7,108		16,832	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		880		6,360		29,564		23,204	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					_			-0- -0-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	
Net change in fund balances		880		6,360		29,564		23,204	
Fund balances – beginning		373,740		373,740		373,740		-0-	
Fund balances – ending	\$	374,620	\$	380,100	\$	403,304	\$	23,204	

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	Courthouse	Security Fund	
 Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 72,000 <u>300</u>	\$ 72,000 <u>300</u>	\$ 80,423 742	\$ 8,423 442
 72,300	72,300	81,165	8,865
			-0- -0-
 30,055	22,958	19,629 10,097	3,329 (10,097)
 30,055	22,958	29,726	(<u>6,768</u>)
 42,245	49,342	51,439	2,097
 			-0- -0-
 -0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
42,245	49,342	51,439	2,097
 19,692	19,692	19,692	-0-
\$ 61,937	\$69,034	\$ <u>71,131</u>	\$ <u>2,097</u>

			Justice Court Build	ding Security Fund		
		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:	0	riginal	Final	Actual	(1090000)	
Fees Investment income	\$	7,700 500	\$ 7,700 500	\$ 7,616 1,359	\$(84) <u>859</u>	
Total revenues		8,200	8,200	8,975	775	
Expenditures: Administration of Justice:						
Operating expenditures		6,700	6,617	1,182	5,435	
Total expenditures		6,700	6,617	1,182	5,435	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,500	1,583	7,793	6,210	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					-0- -0-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Net change in fund balances		1,500	1,583	7,793	6,210	
Fund balances – beginning		81,341	81,341	81,341	-0-	
Fund balances – ending	\$	82,841	\$ <u>82,924</u>	\$ <u>89,134</u>	\$ <u>6,210</u>	

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	Guardianship Fee Fund											
Budgeted		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive									
Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)									
\$	\$	\$ 11,617 778	\$ 1,817 278									
10,300	10,300	12,395	2,095									
20,000	40,000	30,282	9,718									
20,000	40,000	30,282	9,718									
<u>(</u>	(<u>29,700</u>)	(<u>17,887</u>)	11,813									
			-0- -0-									
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-									
(9,700)	(29,700)	(17,887)	11,813									
60,488	60,488	60,488	-0-									
\$ <u>50,788</u>	\$ <u>30,788</u>	\$ <u>42,601</u>	\$ <u>11,813</u>									

		Record Archives – County Clerk Fund								
	(Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Fees Investment income	\$	320,000 <u>11,000</u>	\$ 320,000 11,000	\$ 360,700 <u>8,376</u>	\$ 40,700 (<u>2,624</u>)					
Total revenues		331,000	331,000	369,076	38,076					
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures		249,563	249,563		249,563					
Total expenditures		249,563	249,563		249,563					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		81,437	81,437	369,076	287,639					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					-0- -0-					
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-					
Net change in fund balances		81,437	81,437	369,076	287,639					
Fund balances – beginning		311,362	311,362	311,362	-0-					
Fund balances – ending	\$	392,799	\$ <u>392,799</u>	\$680,438	\$ <u>287,639</u>					

Exhibit 15 Page 8 of 12

Record Archives – District Clerk Fund											
	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
\$	11,000 500	\$	\$	13,092 1,256	\$ 2,09 75						
	11,500	11,500	_	14,348	2,84	8					
					()-					
	-0-	-0-	_	-0-	()-					
	11,500	11,500	_	14,348	2,84	8					
_			_		-((
	-0-	-0-	_	-0-	-()-					
	11,500	11,500		14,348	2,84	8					
	71,613	71,613	_	71,613	()-					
\$	83,113	\$ <u>83,113</u>	\$	85,961	\$2,84	8					

	County/District Court Technology Fund									
	C	Budgeted Driginal			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues: Fees	\$	5,400	¢	5,400	\$	4,804	\$(F04)		
Investment income	<u>۵</u>	5,400 150	Ф 	5,400 150	Ф	4,804 202	⊅(596) <u>52</u>		
Total revenues		5,550		5,550	_	5,006	(544)		
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Administration of Justice: Operating expenditures		6,000 10,500		6,000 10,000		2,253		6,000 7,747		
Operating experiationes		10,500		10,000		2,200		1,141		
Total expenditures		16,500		16,000		2,253		13,747		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(10,950)) (10,450)		2,753		13,203		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out								-0- -0-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-		
Net change in fund balances	(10,950)) (10,450)		2,753		13,203		
Fund balances – beginning		11,269		11,269		11,269		-0-		
Fund balances – ending	\$	319	\$	819	\$	14,022	\$	13,203		

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	Court Records Preservation Digital Fund											
	Budgetec Original	I Amounts Final	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
\$	29,000 1,600	\$ 29,000 1,600	\$	34,220 4,096	\$	5,220 2,496						
	30,600	30,600		38,316	_	7,716						
						-0-						
					_	-0-						
_	-0-	-0-		-0-	_	-0-						
	30,600	30,600		38,316	_	7,716						
					_	-0- -0-						
	-0-	-0-		-0-	_	-0-						
	30,600	30,600		38,316		7,716						
	237,640	237,640		237,640	_	-0-						
\$	268,240	\$268,240	\$	275,956	\$_	7,716						

		District Court Records Technology Fund						
	C	Budgeted Priginal		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	¢		¢	¢	¢ O			
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$		\$	\$	\$-0- -0-			
Fees		25,000	25,000	28,390	3,390			
Investment income		700	700	2,241	1,541			
Total revenues		25,700	25,700	30,631	4,931			
Expenditures								
Law Enforcement:								
Operating expenditures Health and Welfare:					-0-			
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits					-0-			
Operating expenditures					-0-			
Total expenditures		-0-	-0-	-0-				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		25,700	25,700	30,631	4,931			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in					-0-			
Transfers out		<u> </u>			-0-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-			
Net change in fund balances		25,700	25,700	30,631	4,931			
Fund balances – beginning		125,349	125,349	125,349	-0-			
Fund balances – ending	\$	151,049	\$ <u>151,049</u>	\$ <u>155,980</u>	\$ <u>4,931</u>			

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	Indigent Health Care Fund											
Variance Final Buc												
	Budgeted	Amou			Ashist	,	Positive					
	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)					
\$	1,555,437 31,000	\$	1,555,437 31,000	\$	1,561,864 38,587	\$	6,427 7,587					
	32,000		32,000	_	50,847		-0- <u>18,847</u>					
	1,618,437		1,618,437	_	1,651,298		32,861					
	700,000		949,000		995,762	(46,762)					
	112,587		112,587		97,818		14,769					
	805,850		805,850	_	142,987		662,863					
	1,618,437		1,867,437	_	1,236,567		630,870					
	-0-	(249,000)	_	414,731		<u>663,731</u>					
							-0-					
	-0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-					
	-0-		-0-	_	-0-		-0-					
	-0-	(249,000)		414,731		663,731					
_	2,493,735		2,493,735		2,493,735		-0-					
\$	2,493,735	\$	2,244,735	\$	2,908,466	\$	663,731					

				Right of V	Nay F	und		
	0	Budgeted	nts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Investment income	\$	22,000	\$ <u> </u>	22,000	\$	17,517	<u> (</u>	4,483)
Total revenues		22,000		22,000		17,517	(4,483)
Expenditures General Government: Operating expenditures								-0-
Total expenditures		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		22,000		22,000		17,517	(4,483)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out								-0- -0-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Net change in fund balances		22,000		22,000		17,517	(4,483)
Fund balances – beginning		1,356,170		1,356,170		1,356,170		-0-
Fund balances – ending	\$	1,378,170	\$	1,378,170	\$	1,373,687	\$ <u>(</u>	4,483)

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	Historical Commission Fund								
	Budgeted Driginal	Am	iounts Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Jiginai		FIIIdi		Actual		(Negative)		
\$	200	\$_	200	\$ <u> </u>	474	\$_	274		
	200	_	200		474	_	274		
	17,500		17,500	_	1,872	_	15,628		
	17,500	_	17,500		1,872	_	15,628		
(17,300)	(17,300)	(1,398)	_	15,902		
	10,000		10,000		10,000	_	-0- -0-		
	10,000		10,000	_	10,000	_	-0-		
(7,300)	(7,300)		8,602		15,902		
	20,708	_	20,708		20,708	_	-0-		
\$	13,408	\$_	13,408	\$	29,310	\$_	15,902		

	Pre-Trial Bond Supervision Fund							
	Budg Original	eted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues: Intergovernmental Fees Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 155,	\$ 155,000 100 900		\$ -0- 20,603 1,988 577				
Total revenues	155,	155,900	179,068	23,168				
Expenditures Administration of Justice: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Law Enforcement: Operating expenditures	,121, 29,			23,070 2,159 0-				
Total expenditures	151,	014 151,014	125,785	25,229				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,	886 4,886	53,283	48,397				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out				-0- -0- _0-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-00	-0-	-0-				
Net change in fund balances	4,;	86 4,886	53,283	48,397				
Fund balances – beginning	148,	<u></u>	148,584	-0-				
Fund balances – ending	\$ <u>153,</u>	<u>70</u> \$ <u>153,470</u>	\$ <u>201,867</u>	\$ <u>48,397</u>				

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_			STOP SCU Op	perati	ons Fund	
	Budgeted	Amou				Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
\$	65,735	\$	65,735	\$	64,419	\$(1,316) -0-
	500		500		1,690 1,284	1,190 1,284
	66,235		66,235		<u>67,393</u>	1,158
						-0-
						-0- -0-
	156,239		156,239		133,114	23,125
	156,239		156,239		133,114	23,125
(90,004)	(90,004)	(65,721)	24,283
	50,000		50,000		6,271 131,008	6,271 81,008
	50,000		50,000		137,279	87,279
(40,004)	(40,004)		71,558	111,562
	60,781		60,781		60,781	-0-
\$	20,777	\$	20,777	\$	132,339	\$ <u>111,562</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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UNCLAIMED MONEY FUND:	BalanceBalance10-01-17AdditionsDeductions09-30-18	
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>26,239</u> \$ <u>4,340</u> \$ <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>30,</u> 8	57 <u>9</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>26,239</u> \$ <u>4,340</u> \$ <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>30,5</u>	<u>579</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>26,239</u> \$ <u>4,340</u> \$ <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>30,5</u>	<u>579</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>26,239</u> \$ <u>4,340</u> \$ <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>30,5</u>	<u>579</u>
TAX ASSESSOR/COLLECTOR FUNDS:		
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>3,795,333</u> \$ <u>388,316</u> \$ <u>87,272</u> \$ <u>4,096,3</u>	<u>377</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>3,795,333</u> \$ <u>388,316</u> \$ <u>87,272</u> \$ <u>4,096,3</u>	<u>377</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>3,795,333</u> \$ <u>388,316</u> \$ <u>87,272</u> \$ <u>4,096,3</u>	<u>377</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>3,795,333</u> \$ <u>388,316</u> \$ <u>87,272</u> \$ <u>4,096,3</u>	<u>377</u>
COUNTY CLERK FUNDS:		
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>1,593,987</u> \$ <u>\$395,330</u> <u>\$1,198,6</u>	<u> 557</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>1,593,987</u> \$ <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>395,330</u> \$ <u>1,198,6</u>	<u> 557</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to others	\$ 138,138 \$ \$ 66,654 \$ 71,4 	
Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,593,987</u> \$ <u>-0-</u> \$ <u>395,330</u> \$ <u>1,198,6</u>	<u> 557</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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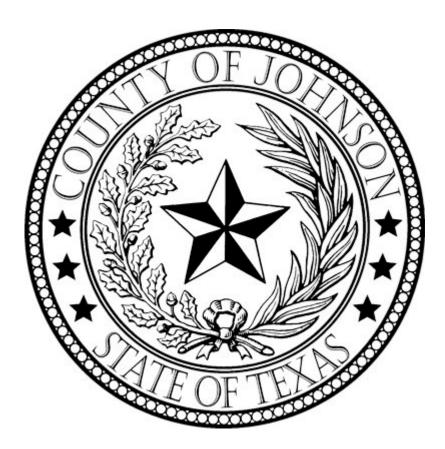
	Balance 10-01-17	Additions	Deductions	Balance 09-30-18	
DISTRICT CLERK FUNDS:					
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$5,494,535	\$ 474,592	\$	\$ <u>5,969,127</u>	
Total assets	\$ <u>5,494,535</u>	\$ <u>474,592</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>5,969,127</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities: Due to others	\$5,494,535	\$ <u>474,592</u>	\$	\$ <u> </u>	
Total liabilities	\$ <u>5,494,535</u>	\$ <u>474,592</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>5,969,127</u>	
SHERIFF DEPARTMENT FUNDS:					
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>58,987</u>	\$ <u>1,426,866</u>	\$ <u>1,347,965</u>	\$ <u>137,888</u>	
Total assets	\$ <u>58,987</u>	\$ <u>1,426,866</u>	\$ <u>1,347,965</u>	\$ <u>137,888</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>58,987</u>	\$ <u>1,426,866</u>	\$ <u>1,347,965</u>	\$ <u>137,888</u>	
Total liabilities	\$ <u>58,987</u>	\$ <u>1,426,866</u>	\$ <u>1,347,965</u>	\$ <u>137,888</u>	
SEIZURE AND RESTITUTION FUNDS:					
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments Due from others	\$ 125,446	\$	\$ 69,994	\$	
Total assets	\$ <u>125,446</u>	\$ <u>186,838</u>	\$ <u>69,994</u>	\$ <u>242,290</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ <u>125,446</u>	\$ <u>186,838</u>	\$ <u>69,994</u>	\$ <u>242,290</u>	
Total liabilities	\$ <u>125,446</u>	\$ <u>186,838</u>	\$ <u>69,994</u>	\$ <u>242,290</u>	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -

AGENCY FUNDS - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 Exhibit 16 Page 3 of 3

TDCJ-CJAD:	Balance 10-01-17	Additions	Deductions	Balance 09-30-18
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,036,216 14,487	\$ 3,226,327 <u>127,265</u>	\$ 3,051,092 \$ 14,487	\$ 1,211,451 <u> </u>
Total assets	\$ <u>1,050,703</u>	\$ <u>3,353,592</u>	\$ <u>3,065,579</u>	\$ <u>1,338,716</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to others	\$	\$ 3,150,359 203,233	\$ 3,161,476 \$ (<u> 95,897</u>)	\$
Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,050,703</u>	\$ <u>3,353,592</u>	\$ <u>3,065,579</u>	\$ <u>1,338,716</u>
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS: Assets				
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable Due from others	\$ 12,130,743 14,487	\$5,663,722 127,265 <u>43,557</u>	\$ 4,951,653 \$ 14,487	\$ 12,842,812 127,265 <u>43,557</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>12,145,230</u>	\$ <u>5,834,544</u>	\$ <u>4,966,140</u>	\$ <u>13,013,634</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to others	\$ 264,304 <u>11,880,926</u>	\$	\$ 3,228,130 \$ <u>1,738,010</u>	\$
Total liabilities	\$ <u>12,145,230</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>4,966,140</u>	\$ <u>13,013,634</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of Johnson County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

ContentsPageFinancial Trends148-155These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial
performance and well-being have changed over time.156-161Revenue Capacity156-161These tables contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local
revenue source, the property tax.162-165Debt Capacity162-165These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's
current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Indicators

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

This table contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides.

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170-175

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,272,013	\$ 38,696,684	\$ 39,260,726	\$ 52,633,294	\$ 51,623,564
Restricted	14,910,199	16,212,538	18,434,100	12,819,186	12,787,174
Unrestricted	24,747,594	<u>31,815,702</u>	32,237,818	26,631,406	27,135,113
Total governmental activities net position	\$ <u>76,929,806</u>	\$ <u>86,724,924</u>	\$ <u>89,932,644</u>	\$ <u>92,083,886</u>	\$ <u>91,545,851</u>

Source:

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Net Position)

Notes:

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, and only fiscal year 2014 ending balances have been restated. GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018, and only fiscal year 2017 ending balances have been restated.

Table 1

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 53,258,318 15,003,481 23,300,154	\$ 51,667,122 16,611,684 26,616,369	\$ 54,807,680 17,487,954 24,783,550	\$ 52,035,751 16,627,902 22,457,167	\$ 51,899,263 17,425,182 27,032,083
\$ <u>91,561,953</u>		\$ <u>97,079,184</u>		\$ <u>96,356,528</u>

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:	• • • • • • • • • •	* ******	+ 10 505 015	* 40 000 005	
General government ¹	\$ 9,545,034	\$ 10,182,184	\$ 10,505,915	\$ 10,233,295	\$ 10,263,410
Highways/streets	9,743,940	8,745,648	9,529,285	9,803,003	10,213,556
Law Enforcement	19,374,254	19,220,559	20,066,995	27,745,191	29,021,831
Administration of justice	7,734,733	8,109,384 3,822,853	9,284,807 3,902,117	9,499,338	9,356,931
Financial Public health and welfare	3,444,059 1,729,026	3,822,853 2,615,113	2,357,972	4,187,083 1,305,482	4,287,972 1,682,465
	1,145,108	1,159,632	<u> </u>	830,473	438,967
Interest on long-term debt	1,140,100	1,109,052	021,030	030,473	430,907
Total expenses	\$ <u>52,716,154</u>	\$ <u>53,855,373</u>	\$ <u>56,468,749</u>	\$ <u>63,603,865</u>	\$ <u>65,265,132</u>
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Fees, Fines and Charges for Services:					
General government ¹	\$ 2,150,433	\$ 2,434,504	\$ 2,318,818		\$ 2,663,307
Highways/streets	2,488,572	2,064,296	1,957,170	1,962,896	2,100,165
Law Enforcement	1,465,446	839,972	585,175	8,371,959	8,706,430
Administration of justice	3,021,563	2,674,906	2,488,994	2,551,462	2,916,793
Financial	1,079,530	1,039,688	1,171,533	1,210,846	1,255,048
Public health and welfare	60,856	11,372	38,516	23,376	207,577
Operating grants and contributions	3,855,193	3,992,091	3,853,757	2,752,569	2,210,164
Capital grants and contributions	1,086,130	76,707	60,135	240,887	557,627
Total governmental activities program revenues	15,207,723	13,133,536	12,474,098	<u>19,721,150</u>	20,617,111
Net (expense) revenue	\$ <u>(37,508,431</u>)) \$ <u>(40,721,837</u>)	\$ <u>(43,994,651)</u>	\$ <u>(43,882,715</u>)	\$ <u>(44,648,021</u>)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	n				
Governmental Activities:					
Taxes	\$ 43,456,398	\$ 48,031,682	\$ 46,512,961	\$ 44,905,171	\$ 43,852,648
Investment earnings	256,184	131,318	111,064	116,335	14,784
Gain/(loss) on disposal	58,494	60,093		42,118	
Miscellaneous	871,103	2,293,862	<u>1,741,776</u>	970,333	404,603
Total general revenues	\$ <u>44,642,179</u>	\$ <u>50,516,955</u>	\$ <u>48,365,801</u>	\$ <u>46,033,957</u>	\$ <u>44,272,035</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>7,133,748</u>	\$ <u>9,795,118</u>	\$ <u>4,371,150</u>	\$ <u>2,151,242</u>	\$ <u>(375,986</u>)
Prior period adjustment	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Activities) ¹ Elections, Conservation and Culture & Recreation programs included here.

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	2014	_	2015		2016	_	2017		2018
¢	14 007 005	¢	1/ 447 005	ሰ	17 000 425	¢		ተ	17 171 70/
\$	14,087,205	\$	16,447,095	\$	17,988,435	\$	18,488,450	\$	17,471,736
	9,712,634		8,559,760		9,170,169		9,501,401		9,152,310
	32,888,061		31,694,382		34,032,010		38,498,728		40,375,051
	7,011,681		8,046,614		8,676,596		8,995,731		8,373,435
	847,977		916,563		964,805		1,034,334		1,032,042
	1,822,344		1,558,199		1,548,476		2,157,599		1,350,522
	549,991	_	482,139		1,296,642	_	1,089,534	_	889,424
\$	<u>66,919,893</u>	\$_	<u>67,704,752</u>	\$	<u>73,677,133</u>	\$_	<u>79,765,777</u>	\$_	<u>78,644,520</u>
\$	3,060,143	\$	5,068,931	\$	5,077,528	\$	5,090,259	\$	6,788,168
	2,176,076		2,053,735		2,158,370		1.679.048		2,047,391
	8,951,720		7,623,697		9,250,903		12,014,082		13,860,323
	2,394,904		2,584,341		2,707,047		1,107,335		4,883,071
	1,226,240		2,001,011		2,101,011		1,107,000		1,000,071
	232,324								
	2,171,770		2,531,965		3,263,020		2,904,929		2,137,829
-	2,104,767	-	1,209,257	-	1,343,092	-	770,880	-	765,277
	22 217 011		21 071 024		22 200 040		22 644 622		20 402 050
_	<u>22,317,944</u>	-	<u>21,071,926</u>	_	<u>23,799,960</u>	-	23,566,533	-	<u>30,482,059</u>
¢ /	11 601 0401	ቀ /	16 622 027 1	¢/	10 077 1721	¢	(EK 100 2/4)	ዮ/	10 160 161
\$ <u>(</u>	<u>44,601,949</u>)	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>40,032,826</u>)	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>47,877,173</u>)	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>(56,199,244</u>)	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>48,162,461</u>)

041 000
941,503
135,248
913,407
<u>3,398,169</u>
5,235,708
1,497,208)
5

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund: Non-spendable Unassigned	\$ 555,131 16,866,872	\$ 299,577 <u>24,814,565</u>	\$ 265,886 <u>26,708,198</u>	\$226,301 <u>20,969,138</u>	\$ 312,793 <u>21,254,587</u>
Total general fund	\$ <u>17,422,003</u>	\$ <u>25,114,142</u>	\$ <u>26,974,084</u>	\$ <u>21,195,439</u>	\$ <u>21,567,380</u>
Road and Bridge Fund: Non-spendable Restricted	\$ 439,578 <u>5,240,717</u>	\$ 334,581 <u> 6,096,140</u>	\$ 299,186 <u> 6,075,835</u>	\$ 295,773 5,004,218	\$
Total road and bridge	\$ <u>5,680,295</u>	\$ <u>6,430,721</u>	\$ <u>6,375,021</u>	\$ <u>5,299,991</u>	\$ <u>5,354,940</u>
All Other Governmental Funds: Non-spendable Restricted Unassigned	\$ 2,125,037 426,996 <u>6,454,612</u>	\$ 2,248,781 1,183,139 <u>6,424,899</u>	\$ 1,640 11,662,250 (9,731)	\$	\$ 7,916,021) <u>(151,798</u>)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ <u>9,006,645</u>	\$ <u>9,856,819</u>	\$ <u>11,654,159</u>	\$ <u>10,770,454</u>	\$ <u>7,764,223</u>
Total all governmental funds	\$ <u>32,108,943</u>	\$ <u>41,401,682</u>	\$ <u>45,003,264</u>	\$ <u>37,265,884</u>	\$ <u>34,686,543</u>

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds) GASB 54 implemented in 2010-2011 resulting in change in fund balance categories.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 660,339 18,321,967	\$ 674,400 <u>21,394,059</u>	\$ 774,454 19,448,434	\$ 432,469 <u>21,923,095</u>	\$ 527,761
\$ <u>18,982,306</u>	\$ <u>22,068,459</u>	\$ <u>20,222,888</u>	\$ <u>22,355,564</u>	\$ <u>25,852,817</u>
\$ 301,036 <u>6,435,487</u>	\$ 408,775 <u>6,786,303</u>	\$ 317,943 <u>7,673,273</u>	\$ 299,585 <u>6,864,366</u>	\$ 307,068 <u>6,137,166</u>
\$ <u>6,736,523</u>	\$ <u>7,195,078</u>	\$ <u>7,991,216</u>	\$ <u>7,163,951</u>	\$ <u>6,444,234</u>
\$ 2,368 11,422,456 (<u> 8,937</u>)	10,987,061	18,952,445		12,452,719
\$ <u>11,415,887</u>	\$ <u>10,130,009</u>	\$ <u>18,917,132</u>	\$ <u>9,520,285</u>	\$ <u>12,464,226</u>
\$ <u>37,134,716</u>	\$ <u>39,393,546</u>	\$ <u>47,131,236</u>	\$ <u>39,039,800</u>	\$ <u>44,761,277</u>

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues:		* 40.055.400	+ + / / 00 007	* * * * * * * * * * *	+ 40 000 400
Taxes	\$ 43,468,684	\$ 48,055,409	\$ 46,608,937	\$ 44,830,579	\$ 43,830,189
Prisoner Housing	3,364,428	3,919,350	3,913,791	6,609,928 2,740,468	6,577,588 2,509,665
Intergovernmental Fees	3,304,420 7,368,544	3,919,350 7,168,758	5,915,791 6,865,970	2,740,408 6,944,502	2,309,003 7,497,817
Fines	2,002,246	1,895,980	1,694,236	1,526,291	1,674,359
Interest	256,184	131,318	111,064	116,335	14,784
Miscellaneous	2,257,478	2,258,740	1,741,776	2,371,453	1,776,659
Total revenues	58,717,564	63,429,555	60,935,774	65,139,556	63,881,061
Expenditures:					
General government ¹	8,181,184	8,704,409	9,375,927	15,786,448	8,982,474
Highways/streets	7,363,664	6,224,675	6,876,317	1,251,211	7,407,174
Law enforcement	18,118,570	17,892,151	18,748,040	26,601,429	27,402,657
Administration of justice	7,784,305	8,387,209	8,729,263	9,432,772	9,283,646
Financial Dublic backth and walfare	3,440,812	3,818,502	3,961,276	4,162,063	4,256,750
Public health and welfare	1,721,213	2,609,358	2,301,269	166,700 7 126 275	1,668,814
Capital outlay Debt Service:	4,637,822	5,000,820	4,950,884	7,136,275	5,669,670
Principal	1,005,000	1,620,000	1,735,000	7,826,735	1,478,924
Interest	961,177	1,020,000	705,726	593,321	379,113
		<u></u>			
Total expenditures	53,213,747	55,298,436	57,383,702	72,956,954	66,529,222
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	5,503,817	8,131,119	3,552,072	<u>(7,817,398</u>)	<u>(2,648,161</u>)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	3,760,479	2,112,105	4,519,044	11,491,554	2,171,599
Transfers out	(3,760,479)	(2,112,105)	(4,519,044)	(11,491,554)	(2,171,599)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset					68,820
Issuance of tax notes					
Issuance of certificates of obligation bonds	100 (00	1 1/1 //0	40.470	00.010	
Other	132,699	1,161,669	49,460	80,018	
Total other financing sources (uses)	132,699	1,161,669	49,460	80,018	68,820
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>5,636,516</u>	\$ <u>9,292,788</u>	\$ <u>3,601,532</u>	\$ <u>(7,737,380</u>)	\$ <u>(_2,579,341</u>)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.0%	5.3%	4.7%	12.8%	3.1%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances). ¹Elections, Conservation, Culture & Recreation and Prisoner Housing programs are included here.

\$ 45,443,781 \$ 48,963,573 \$ 50,993,826 \$ 50,737,943 \$ 51,484,989 10,112,353 6,675,022 6,030,529 7,149,116 11,431,715 3,272,840 2,801,723 3,075,841 4,124,331 2,435,155 8,250,780 7,985,710 11,407,259 7,582,746 7,622,922 1,474,592 1,527,368 1,670,340 1,331,314 1,406,065 96,651 183,592 333,960 418,949 941,503 2,083,907 2,372,687 2,514,951 2,054,631 1,816,803 66,629,539 69,502,394 75,037,304 75,716,741 80,923,489 12,490,998 14,672,298 16,165,457 15,950,248 15,078,893 5,783,272 6,303,874 6,934,405 6,448,641 6,266,830 30,917,697 29,703,957 35,372,987 37,537,471 32,061,018 7,006,238 7,974,262 8,576,511 8,513,407 8,087,273 920,170 916,909 964,090 983,233 1,002,443 1,791,012 1,509,408 1,499,931 2,095,704 1,297,291 10,817,630 2,632,285 6,574,359 4,128,319 19,920,510 1,592,270 2,169,297 2,030,000 2,190,000 2,780,000 403,479 452,767 635,848 1,637,067 905,826 68,630,628 67,310,489 <u>88,157,239</u> 84,008,917 75,588,312 2,191,905 (8,292,176) (2,001,089) (13, 119, 935)<u>5,335,177</u> 5,214,204 1,885,078 7,239,818 2,673,458 4,074,377 (5,214,204)(1,885,078)(7,239,818)(2,673,458)(4,074,377)79,262 66,925 252,625 136,401 386,300 4,370,000 20,605,000 6,425,000 (6,360,661)66,925 4,449,262 20,857,625 200,740 386,300 \$<u>7,737,690</u> \$ 2,258,830 \$<u>(8,091,436)</u> \$<u>5,721,477</u> \$<u>2,448,173</u>

3.9%

2016

2017

2018

2014

3.2%

4.2%

2015

5.1%

5.2%

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Real Property				l	Less Exempt,	
Fiscal	iscal Residential		Commercial	Other		Personal		Homestead, Other	
Year		Property	Property		Property Property		Property		Exemptions
2009	\$	4,871,087,376	\$ 1,559,093,868	\$	5,293,929,417	\$	2,087,751,648	\$	1,980,412,239
2010		5,077,633,061	1,734,032,644		6,213,853,003		2,262,282,136		2,095,982,431
2011		5,103,978,198	1,100,482,073		5,487,467,860		1,887,848,871		2,188,543,958
2012		5,094,516,753	1,153,831,778		5,133,412,323		1,863,245,650		2,495,412,525
2013		5,055,969,380	1,183,463,914		4,995,129,585		1,791,720,657		2,774,139,671
2014		5,092,788,399	1,246,142,809		4,253,295,670		1,745,201,351		2,787,490,025
2015		5,134,525,144	1,243,258,320		4,704,030,325		1,694,692,822		2,991,144,902
2016		5,069,484,627	1,368,757,815		5,050,106,841		1,710,101,615		3,176,269,781
2017		5,421,617,645	1,383,963,256		4,342,528,058		1,675,333,272		3,311,636,564
2018		6,135,140,211	1,451,632,628		4,472,634,739		1,497,606,622		3,813,519,623

Source: Johnson County Central Appraisal District

Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Assessed Value as a Percentage of <u>Actual Value</u>
<pre>\$ 11,831,450,070 13,191,818,413 11,391,233,044 10,749,593,979 10,252,143,865 9,549,938,204 9,785,361,709 10,022,181,117 9,511,805,667 9,743,494,577</pre>	\$ 11,831,450,070 13,191,818,413 11,391,233,044 10,749,593,979 10,252,143,865 9,549,938,204 9,785,361,709 10,022,181,117 9,511,805,667 9,743,494,577	0.359498 0.353379 0.379500 0.379500 0.382229 0.420154 0.445000 0.448000 0.448000 0.459738 0.472000	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	2009 Tax Rate	2010 Tax Rate	2011 Tax Rate	2012 Tax Rate	2013 Tax Rate
Johnson County	0.359498	0.353379	0.379500	0.349589	0.382229
Cities: Alvarado Burleson Cleburne Crowley Godley Grandview Joshua Keene Mansfield Rio Vista	0.697313 0.694000 0.620000 0.575500 0.500000 0.742823 0.653476 0.757861 0.710000 0.515560 0.801506	0.697313 0.694000 0.620000 0.575500 0.500000 0.742823 0.634331 0.757861 0.710000 0.513276 0.821506	0.722313 0.710000 0.706446 0.640000 0.500000 0.742823 0.685270 0.797861 0.710000 0.564162 0.841506	0.740505 0.690000 0.719990 0.640000 0.500000 0.740003 0.685270 0.797861 0.710000 0.606535 0.846075	0.706872 0.690000 0.740743 0.669019 0.500000 0.736995 0.685270 0.812363 0.710000 0.602880 0.900000
Venus School Districts: Alvarado ISD Burleson ISD Cleburne ISD Growley ISD Granbury ISD Grandview ISD Joshua ISD Keene ISD Mansfield ISD Rio Vista ISD Venus ISD	$\begin{array}{c} 1.306900\\ 1.468800\\ 1.236600\\ 1.535000\\ 1.081800\\ 1.170000\\ 1.160000\\ 1.390000\\ 1.420000\\ 1.420000\\ 1.445000\\ 1.144500\\ 1.240000\end{array}$	1.280000 1.540000 1.236600 1.535000 1.071481 1.155000 1.390000 1.390000 1.382300 1.450000 1.183300 1.198300	$\begin{array}{c} 1.316000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.236600\\ 1.535000\\ 1.122390\\ 1.140000\\ 1.270000\\ 1.390000\\ 1.490900\\ 1.496000\\ 1.386200\\ 1.270000\\ \end{array}$	0.846975 1.316000 1.540000 1.236600 1.535000 1.137090 0.155000 1.270000 1.390000 1.490900 1.490900 1.496000 1.365300 1.380000	1.316000 1.540000 1.236600 1.670000 1.258700 1.145000 1.400000 1.490000 1.490900 1.540000 1.494400 1.380000
Special District Rates: Emergency Service Hill College – Alvarado ISD Hill College – Cleburne ISD Hill College – Godley ISD Hill College – Grandview ISD Hill College – Joshua ISD Hill College – Keene ISD Hill College – Rio Vista ISD Hill College – Venus ISD	0.030000 0.025254 0.030717 0.011388 0.031739 0.028234 0.035143 0.020197 0.025562	$\begin{array}{c} 0.030000\\ 0.022745\\ 0.030252\\ 0.009243\\ 0.031375\\ 0.025561\\ 0.030062\\ 0.020059\\ 0.020585 \end{array}$	0.060000 0.028883 0.039049 0.010931 0.039672 0.031394 0.030062 0.023200 0.025394	$\begin{array}{c} 0.060000\\ 0.033848\\ 0.043557\\ 0.012070\\ 0.046517\\ 0.034623\\ 0.033146\\ 0.026834\\ 0.029121 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.060000\\ 0.037242\\ 0.048596\\ 0.012159\\ 0.050000\\ 0.040868\\ 0.039305\\ 0.028931\\ 0.039312 \end{array}$

Johnson County Appraisal District Texas Municipal Report Source:

2014 Tax Rate	2015 Tax Rate	2016 Tax Rate	2017 Tax Rate	2018 Tax Rate	% Applicable to Johnson County
0.420154	0.445000	0.448000	0.459738	0.472000	
0.700494 0.690000 0.804018 0.696829 0.500000 0.743351 0.705270 0.847224 0.710000 0.597915 0.900000	0.665469 0.740000 0.804018 0.696829 0.540000 0.746311 0.725270 0.867018 0.710000 0.598185 0.893269	0.733000 0.740000 0.804018 0.739270 0.540000 0.746311 0.775270 0.912249 0.710000 0.596454 0.879918	0.733000 0.735000 0.804018 0.739270 0.560000 0.746311 0.775270 0.897823 0.710000 0.596454 0.879918	0.709555 0.735000 0.804018 0.709000 0.540000 0.746311 0.775270 0.897823 0.710000 0.640009 0.879918	$\begin{array}{c} 100.00\%\\ 80.63\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 0.29\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 4.92\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 85.65\%\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 1.461000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.236600\\ 1.670000\\ 1.172752\\ 1.145000\\ 1.490000\\ 1.490000\\ 1.490900\\ 1.527100\\ 1.590000\\ 1.380000\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.461000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.366600\\ 1.650000\\ 1.195500\\ 1.265000\\ 1.400000\\ 1.420000\\ 1.420000\\ 1.420000\\ 1.527100\\ 1.621300\\ 1.380000 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.461000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.366000\\ 1.650000\\ 1.247660\\ 1.265000\\ 1.400000\\ 1.400000\\ 1.600000\\ 1.430000\\ 1.510000\\ 1.570000\\ 1.380000\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.461000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.630000\\ 1.650000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.250000\\ 1.400000\\ 1.610000\\ 1.430000\\ 1.510000\\ 1.600000\\ 1.5876000\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.461000\\ 1.670000\\ 1.630000\\ 1.670000\\ 1.540000\\ 1.195000\\ 1.266100\\ 1.520000\\ 1.401100\\ 1.540000\\ 1.600000\\ 1.589500 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 100.00\%\\ 66.03\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 0.95\%\\ 85.17\%\\ 1.25\%\\ 97.78\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 100.00\%\\ 4.52\%\\ 98.94\%\\ 100.00\%\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 0.060000\\ 0.043494\\ 0.050000\\ 0.014541\\ 0.050000\\ 0.049265\\ 0.046349\\ 0.027497\\ 0.048885 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.060000\\ 0.044702\\ 0.050000\\ 0.014541\\ 0.050000\\ 0.050000\\ 0.046349\\ 0.029535\\ 0.047414 \end{array}$	0.060000 0.048850 0.049931 0.016832 0.050000 0.048492 0.047000 0.032019 0.048249	$\begin{array}{c} 0.060000\\ 0.048850\\ 0.050000\\ 0.022349\\ 0.050000\\ 0.050000\\ 0.049435\\ 0.033806\\ 0.049824 \end{array}$	0.060000 0.050000 0.048800 0.022252 0.050000 0.049616 0.049327 0.035216 0.048763	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 97.78% 100.00% 100.00% 98.94% 100.00%

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2018				2009			
Taxpayer	2	2018 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Assessed Value	2	009 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Assessed Value
FDL Operating, LLC	\$	202,351,355	1	2.08%	\$			
ETC Texas Processing		144,221,070	2	1.48%		110,123,090	8	0.93%
Enervest Operating, LLC		108,691,420	3	1.12%				
James Hardie Building		120,398,785	4	0.74%				
TEP Barnett USA, LLC		71,771,294	5	1.24%				
Oncor Electric Delivery		65,016,851	6	0.65%				
Energy Transfer Fuel		63,765,054	7	0.62%		120,193,551	6	1.02%
Brazos Electric Power		60,009,768	8	0.67%		96,891,150	10	0.82%
Johns Manville Corp		61,397,510	9	0.63%				
Halliburton Energy		58,361,559	10	0.60%		144,043,170	5	1.22%
EOG Resources Inc.						986,237,789	1	8.34%
Chesapeake Operating, Inc.						912,588,195	2	7.71%
Devon Energy Op Co, LP						485,300,384	3	4.10%
XTO Energy Inc.						374,067,693	4	3.16%
Texas Midstream Gas						112,968,010	7	0.95%
Williams Prod Gulf Coast, LP						96,891,150	9	0.82%
Total	\$	955,984,666		9.81%	\$ <u></u>	<u>3,439,304,182</u>		29.07%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$	9,743,494,577			\$ <u>_</u>	<u>1,831,450,070</u>		

Source: Johnson County Central Appraisal District

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Total Collections to Date Tax Levy as of Fiscal Fiscal Percentage Subsequent Percentage Year Year End Amount of Levy Collections Amount of Levy 2009 \$ \$ 42,785,252 \$ 41,927,084 97.99% 764,804 \$ 42,691,888 99.78% 2010 47,628,987 46,699,219 98.05% 763,340 47,462,559 99.65% 2011 45,556,481 44,884,355 98.52% 541,801 45,426,156 99.71% 2012 43,525,826 43,176,224 43,413,033 99.20% 236,809 99.74% 2013 43,454,307 42,074,336 1,252,143 43,326,479 96.82% 99.71% 2014 43,475,291 42,278,798 97.25% 1,006,452 43,285,250 99.56% 2015 47,080,066 46,901,840 99.62% 818,686 48,931,226 99.59% 2016 48,923,628 48,472,441 99.08% 217,183 48,689,624 99.52% 2017 48,488,689 609,601 47,546,117 98.06% 48,155,718 99.31% 2018 50,862,834 49,981,168 98.27% 49,981,168 98.27% --

Source: Johnson County Tax Assessor-Collector

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt and Note Payable Outstanding									
	General		Тах	-	-		Accumulated Resources Restricted to Repaying the Principal		
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds (1)	Certificates	Anticipation Notes	Note	Accrued Interest	Total Debt	of General	Net Debt	
real	BUHUS (1)	of Obligation	Notes	Payable	Interest	Dept	Bonded Debt(2)	Depl	
2009	\$ 10,730,814	\$ 12,265,000	\$ 920,000	D\$	\$ 78,642	\$ 23,915,814	\$ 2,550,400	\$ 21,365,414	
2010	15,062,504	7,005,000	400,000	0	90,692	22,467,504	2,645,365	19,822,139	
2011	14,174,393	6,620,000	-		86,599	20,880,992	451,708	20,429,284	
2012	13,165,600		-	- 1,379,437	49,203	14,594,240	969,233	13,625,007	
2013	12,048,429			- 1,080,513	46,228	13,175,170	973,155	12,202,015	
2014	10,826,116		4,370,000	0 793,243	110,053	16,099,412	1,048,793	15,050,619	
2015	9,481,419		3,805,000	D	69,122	13,355,541	1,364,571	11,990,970	
2016	7,981,204	20,605,000	3,295,000	0	710,131	32,591,335	884,286	31,707,049	
2017	6,329,927	20,605,000	2,890,000	0	159,085	29,984,012	846,414	29,137,598	
2018	4,378,650	20,055,000	2,605,000)	121,261	27,159,911	962,534	26,197,377	

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) This is the general bonded debt for the governmental activities, net of original issuance premiums.

(2) This is the amount restricted for debt service.

(3) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 156 through 157 for property value data.

(4) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 166.

(5) Personal income is disclosed on page 166.

Percentage of Actual Taxable

Actual Taxable Property Value (3)	C	Per apita (4)	Percentage of Personal Income (5)
0.18%	\$	158.82	0.50%
0.15%		148.86	0.46%
0.17%		136.85	0.39%
0.11%		94.87	0.27%
0.11%		84.95	0.24%
0.15%		101.91	0.27%
0.12%		83.77	0.22%
0.32%		198.63	0.51%
0.31%		178.27	0.45%
0.27%		160.56	0.39%

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT As of September 30, 2018

Taxing Jurisdiction	Net Bonded Debt as of Sept. 30, 2018	% Applicable to Johnson County	Amount Applicable to Johnson County
City of Alvarado	\$ 12,090,000	100.00%	\$ 12,090,000
City of Burleson	153,645,000	80.63%	123,883,964
City of Cleburne	75,848,413	100.00%	75,848,413
City of Crowley	34,325,000	0.29%	99,543
City of Godley	1,180,000	100.00%	1,180,000
City of Grandview	2,326,845	100.00%	2,326,845
City of Joshua	9,110,000	100.00%	9,110,000
City of Keene	11,117,829	100.00%	11,117,829
City of Mansfield	134,445,000	4.92%	6,614,694
City of Venus	5,325,000	85.65%	4,560,863
Alvarado ISD	71,798,000	100.00%	71,798,000
Burleson ISD	345,695,852	66.03%	228,262,971
Cleburne ISD	132,502,083	100.00%	132,502,083
Crowley ISD	467,571,875	0.95%	4,441,933
Godley ISD	60,660,000	85.17%	51,664,122
Granbury ISD	109,180,175	1.25%	1,364,755
Grandview ISD	12,450,000	97.78%	12,173,610
Joshua ISD	104,455,000	100.00%	104,455,000
Keene ISD	13,811,458	100.00%	13,811,458
Mansfield ISD	750,175,000	4.52%	33,907,910
Rio Vista ISD	11,878,996	98.94%	11,753,079
Venus ISD	35,378,607	100.00%	35,378,607
Subtotal overlapping debt			948,345,679
Johnson County, Texas direct debt			27,038,650
Total Direct & Overlapping Debt			\$ <u>975,384,329</u>

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾	\$ <u>11,831,450,070</u>	\$ <u>13,191,818,413</u>	\$ <u>12,831,208,341</u>	\$ <u>11,657,833,466</u>	\$ <u>10,252,143,856</u>
Debt limit ⁽²⁾	\$ <u>2,957,862,518</u>	\$ <u>3,297,954,603</u>	\$ <u>3,207,802,085</u>	\$ <u>2,914,458,367</u>	\$ <u>2,563,035,964</u>
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit ⁽³⁾ Total long term debt Less: Assets in debt service fund	24,484,579 2,094,417	22,288,209 2,248,781	20,654,246 2,590,359	13,899,013 806,876	13,076,835 1,025,329
Total net debt applicable to limit	22,390,162	20,039,428	18,063,887	13,092,137	12,051,506
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>2,935,472,356</u>	\$ <u>3,277,915,175</u>	\$ <u>3,189,738,198</u>	\$ <u>2,901,366,230</u>	\$ <u>2,550,984,458</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.76%	0.61%	0.56%	0.45%	0.47%
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾	2014 \$9,549,938,204	2015 \$ <u>9,785,361,709</u>	<u>2016</u> \$ <u>10,022,181,117</u>	<u>2017</u> \$ <u>9,511,805,667</u>	<u>2018</u> \$ <u>9,743,494,577</u>
Assessed value of real property ⁽¹⁾ Debt limit ⁽²⁾					
	\$ <u>9,549,938,204</u>	\$ <u>9,785,361,709</u>	\$ <u>10,022,181,117</u>	\$ <u>9,511,805,667</u>	\$ <u>9,743,494,577</u>
Debt limit ⁽²⁾ Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit ⁽³⁾ Total long term debt	\$ <u>9,549,938,204</u> \$ <u>2,387,484,551</u> 15,955,602	\$ <u>9,785,361,709</u> \$ <u>2,446,340,427</u> 13,258,939	\$ <u>10,022,181,117</u> \$ <u>2,505,545,279</u> 31,860,000	\$ <u>9,511,805,667</u> \$ <u>2,377,951,417</u> 29,810,000	\$ <u>9,743,494,577</u> \$ <u>2,435,873,644</u> 27,030,000
Debt limit ⁽²⁾ Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit ⁽³⁾ Total long term debt Less: Assets in debt service fund	\$ <u>9,549,938,204</u> \$ <u>2,387,484,551</u> 15,955,602 <u>1,158,846</u>	\$ <u>9,785,361,709</u> \$ <u>2,446,340,427</u> 13,258,939 <u>1,433,693</u>	\$ <u>10,022,181,117</u> \$ <u>2,505,545,279</u> 31,860,000 <u>1,594,417</u>	\$ <u>9,511,805,667</u> \$ <u>2,377,951,417</u> 29,810,000 <u>879,771</u>	\$ <u>9,743,494,577</u> \$ <u>2,435,873,644</u> 27,030,000 <u>962,534</u>

Source:

(1) Johnson County Appraisal District.

Debt limit is 25% of assessed value of real property Article 3 Section 52 of the Texas Constitution. Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Net Position). (2)

(3)

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Estimated Population (1)	(Personal Income thousands dollars) (1)	F	er Capita Personal come (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2009	150,582	\$	4,746,646	\$	31,522	9.2%
2010	150,934		4,890,865		32,404	8.3%
2011	151,955		5,267,064		34,662	7.7%
2012	153,313		5,388,339		35,146	6.2%
2013	154,556		5,531,559		35,790	5.9%
2014	156,904		5,822,080		37,106	4.8%
2015	158,614		6,046,048		38,118	4.4%
2016	160,503		6,244,690		38,907	4.5%
2017	167,301		6,682,230		39,941	3.4%
2018	169,159		6,914,543		40,876	3.4%

(1) USBEA population data from 2009 through 2010 has been adjusted based on 2010 census. 2011 through 2018 data is derived from trended data.

(2) USBEA population data from 2009 through 2010 has been adjusted based on 2010 census. 2011 through 2018 data is derived from trended data.

(3) Unemployment rates were provided by the Texas Workforce Commission and the Bureau of Labor Statistics current population survey for Johnson County as of September each year.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018			2009	
-	Number		% of Total	Number		% of Total
	of		County	of		County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Burleson ISD	1,738	1	2.27%	1,461	1	2.09%
Cleburne ISD	974	2	1.27%	1,047	2	1.50%
Joshua ISD	873	3	1.14%	651	4	0.93%
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	807	4	1.05%	846	3	1.21%
Sabre Tubular Structures	612	5	0.80%	N/A	-	N/A
Johnson County	504	6	0.66%	590	6	0.84%
Wal-Mart Supercenter (Burleson)	415	7	0.54%	616	5	0.88%
Texas Health Resources	413	8	0.54%	N/A	-	N/A
Wal-Mart Supercenter (Cleburne)	390	9	0.51%	515	7	0.74%
City of Cleburne	360	10	0.47%	374	10	0.53%
Johns Manville				377	8	0.54%
Harris Methodist Walls Hospital				375	9	0.54%
Total	7,086		9.25%	6,852		9.80%
Total County Employment	76,652			<u> </u>		

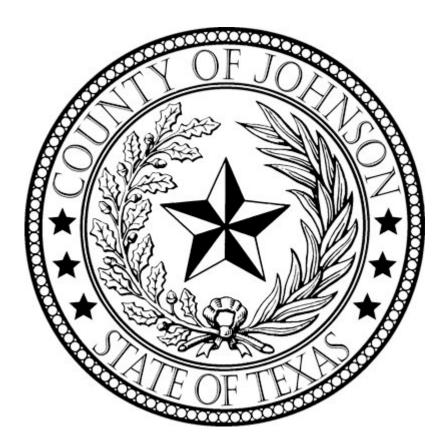
Source: Johnson County Economic Development Commission Individual Employers

N/A - Not Available

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS FULL-TIME COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government	141	135	128	128	123	129	132	140	134	135
Highways/streets	90	79	75	75	75	73	77	67	68	67
Law enforcement	189	198	187	187	191	196	202	202	199	196
Administrative justice	87	89	82	82	78	83	82	83	84	79
Financial	14	14	13	13	13	14	14	13	13	13
Public health & welfare	9	8	5	5	5	6	7	9	8	9
Culture & recreation	7	6	3	3	4	3	4	4	4	5
Total	537	529	493	493	489	504	518	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	504

Source: County budget records



JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Government:					
County Clerk Criminal Cases Filed	4,395	4,316	3,769	3,510	4,333
Civil Cases Filed	1,238	1,178	1,724	1,014	4,333 920
Juvenile petitions Filed	281	266	183	157	134
Probate/Guardianship Cases Filed				398	433
Mental Health Cases Filed					
Personnel					
Positions Filled	608	607	586	594	603
Payroll Checks Processed	15,585	15,903	15,499	15,488	15,873
Public Works					
Permits Issued	964	715	681	651	471
Septic Complaints Addressed	256	214	187	124	126
Purchasing					
Purchase Orders Issued	6,507	5,896	5,563	5,542	4,914
Recurring Annual Competitive Bids	63	39	28	22	23
New Competitive Bids					
Tax Assessor/Collector					
County Tax Accounts	136,166	185,126	202,431	285,381	287,183
Automobile Registrations	158,597	158,676	160,584	163,283	165,217
Elections Administration					
Registered Voters	79,811	81,486	77,802	78,275	80,779
Administrative Justice					
District Courts					
Civil Cases Filed	3,397	3,268	1,462	998	991
Criminal Cases Filed	1,366	1,338	1,416	1,523	1,801
County Courts					
Criminal Cases Disposed	4,819	4,871	4,007	3,763	4,019
Civil Cases Disposed	1,822	1,371	1,688	1,132	880
Juvenile Petitions Disposed	200	193	183	162	144
Probate/Guardianship Hearings Held				385	356
Mental Health Hearings Held					
District Clerk					
Civil Cases Disposed	3,404	3,264	1,171	1,244	1,130
Criminal Cases Disposed	1,565	1,416	1,427	1,502	1,701
Justice of the Peace					
Civil Cases Filed	2,168	1,928	2,000	2,044	1,804
Criminal Cases Filed	16,170	14,789	12,922	14,198	16,046
Civil Cases Disposed Criminal Cases Disposed			1,799 12,217	1,706 16,805	1,752 15,742
Ginninal Gases Disposed			121211	10,000	10,742

Fiscal Year								
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018				
3,673	3,024	2,685	2,386	2,286				
916	900	983	1,120	957				
113	125	107	61	76				
461	399	398	459	436				
65	47	77	184	181				
610	625	633	631	635				
15,938	16,921	17,132	16,384	16,896				
628	732	1,035	1,342	1,434				
143	178	163	134	126				
3,946	4,267	3,983	3,823	3,622				
13	17	14	20	28				
22	19	12	14	4				
	014.004	200 570		017 410				
298,539	314,034	309,572	302,255	317,412				
168,964	167,198	169,105	173,718	178,013				
82,377	84,405	90,587	92,999	94,293				
02,377	84,405	90,307	92,999	94,293				
1,288	1,365	1,036	1,136	1,440				
1,653	1,753	1,643	1,289	1,533				
		·	·					
3,730	3,346	3,062	1,985	2,293				
1,038	683	905	1,298	993				
195	113	110	65	67				
397	510	892	593	662				
53	49	63	289	152				
1,211	830	1,233	1,118	1,475				
1,744	1,608	1,492	1,260	1,359				
1,644	1,789	1,882	2.135	2.452				
9,950	9,784	11,475	9.779	10.701				
1,880	2,094	1,792	1.846	2,045				
11,631	10,183	10,976	8.672	11.204				

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION - Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Law Enforcement County Jail					
Average Daily Jail Population	580	564	613	627	673
Sheriff					
E-911 Calls Received (Approx)	224,566	37,667	38,883	44,559	38,390
Financial County Auditor					
A/P Checks Processed	7,131	7,317	6,986	6,195	4,658
ACH Processed				647	1,995
Wire Transactions				220	121
Invoices Processed		19,260	17,706	16,854	14,466
Highways and Streets					
Miles of Roads Resurfaced	104	114	113	119	68
Public Health & Welfare					
Medical Examiner Cases Investigated	399	441	408	437	502
Indigent Clients	94	160	94	146	174
-					
Culture & Recreation	2 5 1 0	7 014	12.24/	22.221	10 () (
Hamm Creek Park Visitors	3,519	7,214	13,246	23,321	18,626

Sources: Texas Courts Online Annual Statistical Reports Johnson County Offices

Fiscal Year								
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018				
713	661	679	703	756				
52,372	51,415	48,562	45,856	46,653				
4,617 2,124	4,596 2,102	5,000 2,535	4,559 2,047	4,608 2,140				
153	137	128	230	178				
13,440	14,750	14,660	14,560	15,043				
56	25	10	59	37				
627	548	602	570	609				
155	136	106	60	53				
17,259	12,737	12,804	27,213	24,664				

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

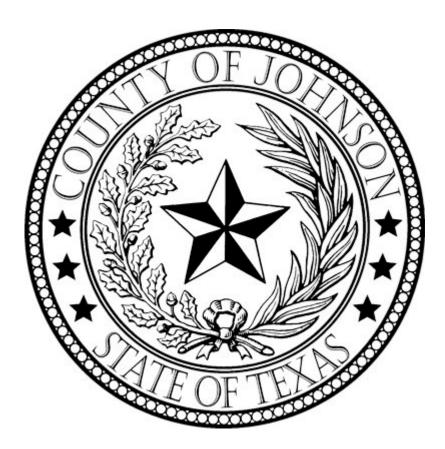
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Administration of Justice					
Furniture and equipment		20	20	21	22
Vehicles & mobile equipment		6	5	5	5
Land & building		1	2	1	1
General Government					
Furniture and equipment		180	158	163	164
Vehicles & mobile equipment		10	8	10	21
Land & building		71	72	74	81
Highways and Streets					
Furniture and equipment		7	8	12	12
Vehicles & mobile equipment		235	251	255	260
Land & building		13	18	19	20
Law Enforcement					
Furniture and equipment		86	74	75	78
Vehicles & mobile equipment		142	140	153	147
Land & building		8	12	12	14
Health & Welfare					
Furniture and equipment		2	21	21	21
Vehicles & mobile equipment		3	5	5	5
Land & building			1	1	1
Culture & Recreation					
Furniture and equipment		1	1	1	1
Vehicles & mobile equipment		3	4	4	4
Land & building			2	2	2

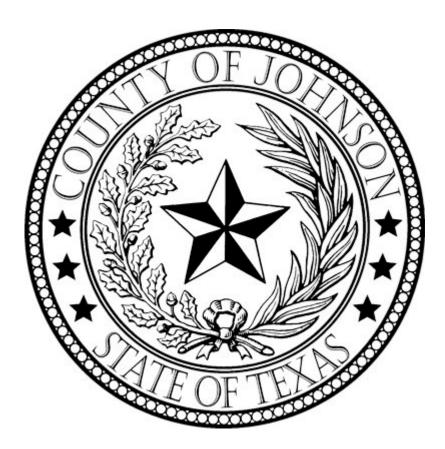
Source: Johnson County Financial Records

2010 is the first year for accumulation of these statistics. Notes:

Fiscal Year								
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018				
23	24	24	23	25				
4	4	6	4	4				
1	1							
171	170	174	179	185				
23	23	22	22	21				
83	83	84	83	81				
12	12	12	14	18				
264	273	269	272	276				
20	20	20	24	81				
90	98	104	124	122				
144	135	141	140	146				
14	14	14	15	15				
21	19	12	12	10				
8	7	7	8	8 3				
2	3	3	3	3				
1	1	1	1	1				
5 2	5 2	5 2	4	1 4 2				
2	2	2	2	2				



STATE AWARDS SECTION



Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Limited Liability Company

Lake Jackson Office: 8 West Way Court Lake Jackson, Texas 77566 979-297-4075 Angleton Office: 2801 N. Velasco Suite C Angleton, Texas 77515 979-849-8297 **El Campo Office:** 201 W. Webb El Campo, Texas 77437 979-543-6836

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Johnson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

www. kmandl.com – Email: kmkw@kmandl.com

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Herremer, Masters & Hungford, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas March 13, 2019 Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Limited Liability Company

Lake Jackson Office: 8 West Way Court Lake Jackson, Texas 77566 979-297-4075 Angleton Office: 2801 N. Velasco Suite C Angleton, Texas 77515 979-849-8297 **El Campo Office:** 201 W. Webb El Campo, Texas 77437 979-543-6836

Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Texas Single Audit Circular

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Johnson County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Johnson County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards)* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County's major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2018. The County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the *Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards)*. Those standards and the Uniform Grant Management Standards). Those standards and the Uniform Grant Management Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Johnson County, Texas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards)*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards)*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Herremer, Masters & Hungford, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas March 13, 2019

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control findings required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None.
 - 4. No internal control findings, that are required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with *Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards)* Section 510(a): No
 - 7. Major programs include:

TJJD Cluster Programs:

- TJJD-A-18/19-126 State Aid Program
- TJJD-P-18/19-126 Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program
- TJJD-R-18/19-126 Regional Diversion Alternative Program
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 300,000.
- 9. Low Risk Auditee: Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the state award.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

Year Ended September 30, 2018

None.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Year Ended September 30, 2018

None.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 17 Page 1

State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ <u>Program Title</u> Texas Juvenile Justice Department:	Contract/ Program Number	or Award	
Direct Program: State Aid Program (1) State Aid Program (1) Regional Diversion Alternative Program (1) Regional Diversion Alternative Program (1) Passed Through Texas Education Agency: Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (Boot Camp)(1) Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (Supplement)(1)	TJJD-A-18-126 TJJD-A-19-126 TJJD-R-18-126 TJJD-R-19-126 TJJD-P-18-126 TJJD-P-19-126	\$	707,071 45,632 90,861 23,140 37,854 1,806
TOTAL TEXAS JUVENILE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT		\$	906,364
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality: Direct Program: Local Emergency Planning Committee Grant		\$	14,910
TOTAL TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY		\$	14,910
Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission: Direct Program: Health and Safety Code 361.136(L) (1)		\$	21,136
TOTAL NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION COMMISSION		\$	21,136
Commission on State of Texas Emergency Communications: Passed Through Houston-Galveston Area Council: 911 Addressing Maintenance Contract		\$	44,648
TOTAL COMMISSION ON STATE OF TEXAS EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS		\$	44,648
Office of Attorney General: Direct Program: Texas Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE) Texas Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE)	1877299 1990274	\$	26,168 2,379 28,547
Direct Program: Sexual Assault Prevention & Crisis Services Program			<u>9,600</u>
TOTAL OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL		\$	38,147

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS - Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Exhibit 17 Page 2

State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ <u>Program Title</u> Texas Task Force on Indigent Defense:	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures or Award Amount	
Direct Program: Indigent Defense Formula	212-18-126	\$ <u>107,066</u>	
TOTAL TEXAS TASK FORCE ON INDIGENT DEFENSE		\$ <u>107,066</u>	
Texas Office of the Governor: Passed through the Criminal Justice Division Rifle Resistant Body Armor Grant Program	3484201	\$ <u>49,946</u>	
TOTAL TEXAS OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR		\$ <u>49,946</u>	
Texas Department of State Health Services: Direct Program: Tobacco Settlement Funds		\$ <u>38,587</u>	
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF STATE HEALTH SERVICES		\$ <u>38,587</u>	
Secretary of State - Elections Division: Direct Program: Chapter 19 – Elections Fund Management		\$ <u>11,243</u>	
TOTAL SECRETARY OF STATE		\$ <u>11,243</u>	
TOTAL STATE ASSISTANCE		\$ <u>1,232,047</u>	
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS		\$ <u>906,364</u>	
TYPE A PROGRAM		\$300,000	

(1) Cluster Programs per TJJD

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR STATE AWARDS Year Ended September 30, 2018

1. The County uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designated to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designated to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types". The following fund types were utilized to account for federal awards.

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the County. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. Federal financial assistance not required to be reported in other funds is accounted for in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund unless required to be reported in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Capital Projects Funds - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Federal financial assistance for the construction of major capital facilities generally is accounted for in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. State grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, a component of the Governmental Fund type.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

State grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures/expenses made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR STATE AWARDS - Continued Year Ended September 30, 2018

- 3. The period of availability for state grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in the Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards).
- 4. Indirect Costs The County received no reimbursements for indirect costs during the year ended September 30, 2018.

